...ER—FAIR AND WARMER.
Regular Edition
WANT ADS...
276,150
LAST YEAR.
Greatest West of the Mississippi.
17,809 more than the year before.

THE ONLY ST. LOUIS EVENING PAPER WITH THE ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH.

SWORN AVERAGE SUNDAY CIRCULATION FOR DECEMBER, 142,165.
TEN PAGES.

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INDICATIONS—FAIR AN...
Regular Edition
CIRCULATION...
142,169
LAST SUNDAY.
Biggest West of the Mississippi.
49,410 higher than one year ago.

DEPLORABLE SITUATION IN CITY INSTITUTIONS.

Municipal Assembly, by Inexcusable Delays, Failed to Provide for the Public Lighting.

THE CITY OFFICIALS APPARENTLY POWERLESS TO FURNISH LIGHT.

Opinion From Counselor Schnurmacher Forthcoming in Reply to a Letter From the Health Commissioner—Col. Kerens Has Offered to Pay for the Lighting of the City Hospital.

A DEPLORABLE SITUATION.

The public lighting situation is briefly as follows:

For the past 20 years the city has been lighted north of Keokuk street under two contracts. The incandescent contract expired at midnight of Dec. 31. The arc light contract will expire at midnight of April 30.

In 1896 the Board of Public Improvement began sending bills to the City Council. They were all defeated, on the ground that the Assembly should have the approval of the contracts. It was at first supposed that this was because some interested company wished to have delay. It is now believed the Council was waiting for somebody to come along who was anxious to have a bill passed.

Last July a bill was introduced which provided for lighting the business part of the city by electric arc lights and the residence part by Welsbach gas lamps. The Council passed this bill in November. It was passed by the House of Delegates in December.

On account of the delay in the Assembly it was necessary to fix the time for the beginning of the contracts at not later than Sept. 1 in order to obtain competition.

That necessitated temporary contracts. There are three of these. They are now being held in the House of Delegates, leaving the city institutions and a large section of the city in darkness.

Comptroller Sturgeon Wednesday morning requested Mayor Ziegenhein to secure from City Counselor Schnurmacher an opinion upon the question raised by Health Commissioner Starkloff, namely, whether the Health Department may purchase light for buildings under its control without a contract, or the sanction of the Municipal Assembly.

Mr. Schnurmacher is a stickler for form, and declined to make public his answer until he had delivered it to the Comptroller.

The question is the same, however, that was asked of the City Counselor by the Board of Public Improvements some months ago.

At that time Mr. Schnurmacher replied that no city official may contract for light without authority from the Assembly, and it is fairly presumable that he will make the same reply to Dr. Starkloff's question.

Accompanying the Health Commissioner's request for this authority were six requisitions upon the Comptroller for light for the City Dispensary, Insane Asylum, Poorhouse, Female Hospital, City Hospital and sanitary office. He contends in the letter that he has the same right to make requisition for light that he has to ask for coal, or any other commodity.

One of the Health Commissioner's chief reasons for writing the letter was to put himself on record in the present deplorable situation and to relieve himself from any responsibility for calamity that may result from lighting eleemosynary institutions with candles and coal oil.

The second development in the situation was the action of Col. Richard C. Kerens in ordering the City Hospital lighted at his expense until the city again resumes the performance of its duty. Mr. Kerens did this upon reading of the dangers that confronted the city's unfortunates.

Mayor Ziegenhein receives $12,000 annually as a contingent fund to spend as he pleases, but he has shown no disposition to follow Col. Kerens' generous example. He was still making merry over the situation Wednesday. He joked about it, as though he really thought there was something funny in the situation.

When Col. eKrens' action was mentioned, he laughingly said:

"O, yes; Col. Kerens is a charitable gentleman."

He declined to discuss the situation seriously, saying it would all come right in the end.

In the meantime all the city institutions and city buildings are in darkness, except the Insane Asylum and City Hospital. These are being lighted respectively and of the private purses of Superintendent Runge and Col. Kerens.

The Police Department has made an arrangement with the lighting company by which its buildings and offices are lighted.

The record of the Council and House on the permanent lighting bill, which was finally passed, shows the same tendency to juggle with it that the House has shown in the matter of the temporary bill now before it.

The permanent bill that was passed late in November last was the last of a series of about 20 which the Board of Public Improvements had submitted. It provides for the lighting of the business district with electricity and the residence section with mantle gas lamps.

The bill was submitted to the Council on July 14, 1899. Notwithstanding the nearness of the date of expiration of the old contract and the probability of a period of darkness, every attempt possible was made to obstruct its passage. Every excuse for delay was taken advantage of.

The bill was submitted to the Council and read the first time on July 14. On July 21 it was read the second time and referred to the Committee on Public Improvements, of which William M. Horton is chairman and Emil A. Meyesburg and Charles H. Thuner the other members.

This committee reported the bill on Aug. 1, without recommendation. The bill was laid over under the rules.

On Aug. 8, on motion of Hodges, the bill was laid over until the first meeting in October. On Oct. 10, on motion of Richards, it was laid over for one week.

On Oct. 17 it was ordered engrossed by the following vote:

Ayes—Carroll, Gast, Gaus, Hoffmann, Horton, Kratz, Richards, Thuner, Wiggins and rPesident Meier.

Noes—Meysenburg and Schnell.

On Oct. 27, more than two months after it was introduced, the bill was passed by the following vote:

Ayes—Carroll, Gast, Gaus, Hodges, Horton, Kratz, Thuner, Wiggins and President Meier.

Noes—Hoffmann, Meysenburg, and Schnell.

Absent—Richards.

On Oct. 31 the bill went to the House of Delegates and was read the first time, and referred to the Committee on Public Improvements.

On Nov. 21 this committee reported recommending that the bill do not pass. The members composing this committee are: William M. Tamblyn, Adolph Madera, H. A. Faulkner, George F. Robertson, Julius Lehmann, J. K. Murrell and C. F. Kelly.

It was put upon its passage and was defeated by the following vote:

Ayes—Burke, Cronin, Holtcamp, Lopez, Parker, Sturdevant, Sweeney and Zachritz.

Noes—Albright, Behsch, Decker, Denny, Faulkner, Gutike, Hannigan, Hartmann, Helms, Kelly, Lehmann, Madera, J. K. Tamblyn and Speaker Murrell.

During the next seven days these members who voted against the bill saw a Lehman, who had voted against it, moved that the vote by which the bill was defeated be reconsidered. This was adopted by an unanimous vote, every man who had voting to revive it.

The bill was again placed upon its passage and was passed by another unanimous vote.

The bill was signed by the Mayor about 1 days later.

State Senator Schweickardt is one of the many sufferers from the lack of light in Forest Park. The darkness of the park prevents persons from going there at night and has seriously injured the Senator's business at the Cottage. He will make a protest.

IS A DAUGHTER OF GAMBLER DALY.

Secret of the Beautiful Ethel Estes Comes Out.

ST. LOUIS WOMAN KNOWS HER.

MOTHER WAS A PERFORMER IN BAILEY'S OLD CIRCUS.

Child Taken to Denver and for Years Left to the Care of Strangers, and Once Kidnapped by Her Stepmother.

Ethel Estes, the beautiful Denver girl, an account of whose search for her parents and real name was published in the Sunday Post-Dispatch, has been identified by Mrs. John Clark of this city as Ethel Daly, daughter of "Bill" Daly, gambler, who died last March in Los Angeles, Cal.

Mrs. Clark says her family was associated with Day for 17 years, and, from the published portrait of the girl and her story, is positive that it is the same Ethel she knew in Pittsburg and Denver. Mrs. Clark is living at 2225 Olive street. Her husband, John Clark, is in the City Jail, charged with the murder of James Silk on West Pine street two months ago. Silk was associated with Clark in gambling.

"I would know Ethel Daly among a thousand," said rMs. Clark Wednesday. "I saw her constantly from the time she was 2 years old until she was grown. The story of her having rich parents and having been kidnapped for ransom is a mistake. It originated in Ohio, and the constant drubbing it into the girl's ears seems to have at last brought conviction.

"Her mother was Della Harris, a fine looking woman, who worked on the trapeze in Bailey's old circus. She was a Swede with fine physique, and her daughter resembles her in face and build. Daly married the Harris woman years before my husband and I met them in Pittsburg. The child was then a little over a year old.

"It was in Pittsburg that Daly and his wife separated. There was no divorce; they just parted, and so far as I know, never met again. On account of the woman's profession she consented to Bill taking the child. He has a brother, Jim Daly, a musician in Wooster, O. The name De Miller was frequently used by Bill as an alias, when he was arrested. Sometimes he used 'Strong.' Bill left the girl in Wooster and went on the road and did not return for two years.

"One day he turned up in Wooster, and, taking Ethel, went to Denver. 'Soapy' or Jeff Smith, well known in St. Louis, who was recently killed in the Klondike, kept a gambling house and a 'joint' in Denver at that time. Daly went there for two years. He then took Ethel to a boarding house, while he went out on the road again. He got into trouble at Leadville and was given a jail sentence.

"While he was in custody the boarding house where the child was living broke up and the landlady placed Ethel in the Orphans' Home. She was then about 12 years old. She was taken out by an old farmer, who lived 25 miles from town. Bill came back to Denver as soon as he was free, looking for his daughter. He employed detectives and found the home and then traced her to the farm. He found her churning. It was fall and the weather was cold. The child was barefoot and a gunny sack, with holes for her arm and neck, constituted her entire wardrobe.

"There came near being trouble out there, but Bill finally carried her off and brought her into Denver. She was placed in care of Mrs. McDonald, wife of the coroner, who made her proper clothing. Daly always loved the little one and stood ready to spend his last cent on her. He gave her fine clothes and sent her to a first-class boarding school.

"While the child was in Denver, Bill went East. At Dayton, O., he married Meade Bruce, the daughter of a widow. They needed money and Daly fitted out his bride, gave her some gold and left a $1000 note with her. Meade was only 19 and Bill nearly 50 years old. While he was on the road his wife learned that he was a gambler and she went with a rich uncle and aunt to live. Bill followed her and when she refused to join him, took the clothing he had bought and the money and came back to Denver.

"After a time she wrote that her relatives would not have her longer and she asked Bill to take her back. He sent her a ticket and some money. He met her out in Denver with the girl. He was stricken with typhoid fever that winter. When he recovered we joined him in renting a house in the suburbs. Ethel lived with us three months and went with us to the Clayton Block, in town, where we lived two months. Mrs. Daly then went to Dayton, presumably, taking Ethel with her.

"John and I went to Salt Lake and from there to Portland. What occurred after that Bill told us in Chicago in 1894. He said his wife told Ethel repeatedly during the Dayton visit that he was not her father and that he real parents were rich people. Mrs. Daly stayed in Dayton till the Minneapolis Fair that fall. Bill went there to work and she returned to Denver, expecting to come. He sent for her and the child and she brought the whole family. They had a quarrel about that, but Daly sent them home, keeping Meade and Ethel.

"Husband and wife quarreled one night and he took the chil from her, saying he was going away. While he was at the station Mrs. Daly stole the child and he had to ask the assistance of the police in recovering her. At Cheyenne there was more trouble. He said the woman had telegraphed that Ethel was kidnapped. After a delay he satisfied the authorities and went on to Denver. There he said he found the same story and that the church had taken it up.

"He put her in a boarding house, gave her some money and deposited $300 in a bank for her use. When he returned from a trip he found the money untouched. The girl told him she did not believe he was her father and would stay with the sisters. They took her to Seattle, San FFrancisco, Los Angeles and back to Seattle to keep her away from Bill, because he was a gambler, they said. Finally she came back to Denver, where I believe she now is.

"Bill Daly may have been a gambler and confidence man, but he had a big heart and most of it was filled with that girl. He would do anything for her, and never in the 17 years of close association with both, have I seen him speak roughly to or, much less ill treat or neglect her. It was necessary, some times, that he keep moving, and only on such occasions would he leave her. He was heart-broken when we met him in Chicago and he told us how his daughter denied him to hi sface.

"The poor fellow was never himself again, either in his work nin manner. He just drifted around with the tide and last March died, I hear, in the Poorhouse in Los Angeles."

ETHEL ESTES

CRASH BETWEEN TWO STREET CARS.

Disastrous Collision at Fifteenth and Carr Streets.

MOTORMAN TURNS OUT A HERO.

WAS SERIOUSLY INJURED WHILE STICKING TO HIS POST.

Northern Central Motor and Trailer and a Union Line Car Met on a Curve—Several Passengers More or Less Hurt.

Two street cars filled with passengers collided at Fifteenth and Carr streets Wednesday morning. One man was seriously injured and several passengers were slightly hurt.

The cars were of the Northern Central and Union Division of the St. Louis Transit Co.'s system.

Motorman George Billingsley of the Northern Central car was crushed between the cars, and so badly injured that he was hurried to the City Hospital.

At the point where the cars came together there is a curve which joins the main track of the Northern Central line on Carr street. The Union line cars come south on Fifteenth street and around this curve into the track of the Northern Central. From Fifteenth street to the downtown terminus of the road both lines operate over the same track. The motormen of both cars were trying to make the junction point when the collision occured.

Car No. 289 of the Union line, operated by Motorman Anton Boecklite, and pulling trailer No. 207, was coming south on Fifteenth street and car No. 113 of the Northern Central line, operated by Billingsley, was coming east on Carr street.

When Billingsley saw that the Union line motorman was going to take the curve he made a heroic effort to stop his car. He turned off the power and jumping to the left side of the platform caught the brake handle with both hands. With all his strength he tugged at the handle, but it was too late.

The car crashed into the trailer of the train in front of it. While Billingsley was setting his brake he gave a yell of warning to the passengers in his car that there was danger ahead. Men and women struggled to get to the door and those on the rear platform jumped to escape the shock of the collision.

The trailer of the Union Line car had not reached the straight track when the other car struck it. Billingsley's position on the left side of the platform was the post of danger. He did not shrink or seek to escape, but held on to his brake handle. After the crash the first thought of the passengers was of the motorman. He was found jammed between the wrecked cars with both hands still on the brake. The Union Line trailer was pulled out of the way and he was released.

His face was badly cut and he was unable to stand. He insisted that he be taken to his home, at 1929 North Sarah street, but Patrolman Mahon, who was on the car when the collision occurred, had him removed to the City Hospital. There he was found that his face and body were covered with cuts and bruises and that his left leg was fractured near the ankle.

"All I can tell about it is that I saw the other car entering the curve and did all in my power to stop my car," he said to the Post-Dispatch.

Policeman Mahon says that several passengers complained of being injured, but would not give their names or go to the Dispensary.

Billingsley's injury is considered serious. The shock to his nerves was great, and it is feared that he is internally injured.

The accident occurred at 7:30 o'clock, when both cars were crowded with persons on their way to work.

PLAGUE IS IN MANILA

NATIVE FOUND SUFFERING WITH THE BUBONIC MALADY.

TWO DEATHS ARE SUSPICIOUS.

Contagion Again Appears in Honolulu and the Chinese Poulation Is Being Isolated on the Island.

MANILA, Jan. 3, 5:50 p. m.—The health officers have found a native with all the symptoms of the bubonic plague, in a house in the Walled City, where two suspicious deaths have occurred. The patient has been isolated and every precaution has been taken to prevent a spread of the disease.

PLAGUE REAPPEARS IN HAWAII

Three Deaths Reported Christmas Day, Schools Closed and the Chinese Population Being Isolated.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 3.—Advices by mail steamer from Honolulu under date of Dec. 26 report a second outbreak of bubonic plague Christmas day and the death of two Chinamen and a white girl. Every person attacked by the plague on the island has died.

Island travel is prohibited once more and every precaution is being taken to protect shipping from the mainland and from colonial and European and Oriental ports.

It is reasonably certain that the disease was brought from Kobe and Hong Kong, or perhaps Yokohama, in such foodstuffs as the Chinese and Japs import in enormous quantities. It was decided by the Health Commissioners that instead of quarantining an entire district of the city, it would be better to thin out the population of Chinatown, establish camps in the foothills and place armed and uniformed guards about the houses in which cases had developed. All the doctors agree that what is needed is the secum in use in India and Portugal, but there is none of it here, and it will be many weeks before it can be secured. The schools will remain closed indefinitely.

SAD PLIGHT OF A NEWSBOY

Froze Both Legs While Riding on a Freight Train, So They May Have to Be Amputated.

James Banks, colored, 17 years old, was sent to the City Hospital from the Dispensary by Dr. Vogel Wednesday morning.

Both feet and legs up to the knees were so severely frozen that amputation may be necessary to save the boy a life.

He says he is a newsboy. He attempted to steal a ride from Kansas City to St. Louis. He was thrown from the train at Sedalia, but boarded another train. His feet swelled so that they burst his shoes.

MUD GEYSERS AGAIN ACTIVE.

Strange Happenings Follow the Earthquake in Lower California.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., Jan. 3.—Reports received from the back country show that the recent earthquake was the cause of a number of strange happenings. The mud volcanoes on the desert near the Colorado River have become active after a long rest and are still spouting. The natural gas wells near Yuma are also in working order since the heavy quake. They have been lighted, and the glare at night can be seen for many miles.

A correspondent from Moose writes that a number of fissures, 20 or more feet in length, were made in the ground at that place.

REPUBLICAN LEADERS MAY FORCE GAGE OUT.

The Administration Becomes Alarmed by the Storm Raised Over the Secretary's Favors to Standard Oil Bank.

Find That the Country Has Been Aroused and Effect on Campaign Is Feared.

LIKE THE ALGER CASE.

IF THE SECRETARY DECLINES TO RETIRE "DIPLOMACY" WILL BE RESORTED TO.

Resolutions of Inquiry Will Be Brought Before Congress and the Whole Matter Investigated.

From a Post-Dispatch Staff Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—Republican leaders are growing more alarmed over the feeling throughout the country over Secretary Gage's favoritism to the Standard Oil National City Bank of New York. Many have been home for the holiday recess and return thoroughly convinced that the party in Congress cannot afford to whitewash or ignore the charges against the Secretary.

Gage's resignation from the Cabinet would bring great relief to the party leaders, who now fully realize that the Administration cannot afford to carry the burden of the scandal into the next campaign.

It is said among Republicans that if Gage cannot see the necessity of his retirement diplomacy such as was employed in the case of Alger may be used to get him out of the Cabinet.

Up to a week ago the Administration leaders believed the political storm would soon blow over.

Now they make no concealment of their anxiety, as the country is being heard from.

With the reassembling of Congress to-day resolutions of inquiry regarding the New York Custom House scandal will be presented. It is the purpose of the Democratic members to request that full information regarding the deal with the National City Bank shall be laid before Congress. These resolutions will undoubtedly result in a sharp controversy in both branches.

In the House a number of resolutions will be presented, including those by Representatives Lentz, Noonan and others.

The Representatives who have framed these resolutions will endeavor to have them regarded as "privileged," but authorities on House procedure assert that this "privilege" will not permit the consideration of the resolution to-day, but that they may be referred to a committee for consideration and that with the expiration of a week they may be called up as coming within that class.

A lively fight on the part of the Democrats will in all probability result, in order to give the resolutions presented a definite status.

Senator Allen will introduce a resolution of inquiry to-day. It calls for all letters, communications, agreements, papers and documents which have passed between Secretary Gage and the National City Bank since March, 1897, and for other information touching upon the subject.

In speaking of his proposed action Mr. Allen said:

"We must have all the facts and then we can deal intelligently with the subject. I shall probably address the Senate on my resolution, and I anticipate that other Senators will do likewise, although I am not in a position to say whether any organized plan of action has yet been outlined by the Democrats. I think my resolution will pass."

It is learned on good authority that objection to the immediate consideration of Mr. Allen's resolution will be raised on the Republican side of the House to-day. If this is done the resolution under the rules will go to the table as "unfinished business." It will then be open for consideration during the morning hour each day until it is voted upon.

This will afford opportunity for a general discussion. A vote, however, is expected before the end of the week.

GAGE'S CASE IN THE HOUSE.

Congressman Sulzer Offers a Resolution Demanding an Explanation.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—Representative Sulzer of New York offered the following resolution in the House to-day:

"That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and is hereby directed, to furnish the House of Representatives as soon as possible with the following information:

"1. All letters, agreements, papers or documents between the Treasury Department of the United States and any person connected therewith, and the National City Bank and the Hanover National Bank of the City of New York or any person acting for them or either of them since the 4th day of March, 1897, relating to the depositing of public funds, bonds or revenues in said bank or banks, or any other relations or business transactions now existing or heretofore had between the Government and the said banks or either of them.

"2. The amount of public money, bonds or revenue deposited with said banks or either of them by the Government, for what length of time and the reasons therefor, and whether said banks or either of them, have paid the Government any interest on said deposits, and if so, how much.

CONTINUED ON PAGE 3.

CHARGES AND SPECIFICATIONS AGAINST SECRETARY LYMAN J. GAGE.

CHARGES.—That the Secretary of the Treasury has violated the following statutes of the United States, to-wit:

1. Section 3618, which provides that "All proceeds of sales of old material, condemned stores, supplies or other property of any kind shall be deposited and covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts * * * and shall not be withdrawn or applied except in consequence of a subsequent appropriation made by law."

2. Chapter 337 of the statutes enacted by the Fifty-fifth Congress (the law providing for the sale of the New York Custom House) says that—

"The Secretary of the Treasury is hereby * * * directed * * * to deposit the proceeds of the sale * * * in the United Treasury as miscellaneous receipts."

Section 3617 of the Revised Statutes says that the proceeds of such sales shall be "Paid by the officer or agent receiving the same into the Treasury at as early a date as possible."

SPECIFICATIONS.—The United States Government on July 2 last sold to the National City Bank of New York the old Custom House property in New York for $3,285,000.

The sale was made under provisions of a special act of Congress providing that the purchaser of the old Custom House should permit the Government to continue to occupy it until the new Custom House was completed, the Government to pay as tenant of the old building 4 per cent upon the purchase price, or about $130,000 a year. The day after the sale James Stillman, president of the National City Bank, went to Washington, taking with him a certified check, drawn on his own bank, for $3,285,250—all but $40,000 for the full price agreed upon. This check Mr. Stillman personally handed to Secretary Gage, who immediately handed it back to President Stillman to be deposited without interest in the National City Bank.

In other words none of the three and a quarter millions of dollars which the National City Standard Oil Bank paid the Government for the United States Custom-house six months ago has ever for one hour passed out of the bank's control. The bank has had not only the use of the money every day since to loan out at interest for its own profit, but it has at the same time been receiving rent from the Government for the custom-house. The old proverb that one cannot eat a cake and keep it is thus set at defiance, for the National City Bank owns the custom-house and yet retains the money it paid for the custom-house.

Secretary Gage has never turned the proceeds into the Treasury, as required by section 4 of chapter 337, under the terms of which the sale was made.

The $40,000 "held back" was for another purpose. The deeds of the custom-house are still in the Treasury Department at Washington. The title to the property has not therefore passed to the National City Bank, and the city of New York can collect no taxes upon the land, as it is nominally Government property, although the National City Bank owns and receives rent for it. The $40,000 held back was therefore merely a legal excuse for not proving the title, and for evading taxation.

GAGE'S PLEA.—The Secretary of the Treasury in a dictated and authorized statement made to the Philadelphia North American, owned by John Wanamaker, an eminent Republican, said:

"The proceeds of the sale of the custom-house in New York were deposited with the National City Bank. My action was within the law and the proprieties."

Twenty-four years ago the Court of Claims of the United States decided that national banks which had been designated as depositories were not and could not by any subterfuge be considered as the Treasury of the United States and that money deposited in them had not been "deposited" in the Treasury of the United States as required by law.

In 1879 the Supreme Court of the United States, through the voice of Chief Justice Waite, affirmed that decision and laid down a law, that, up to this time, has never been disputed.

"The position assumed," said Chief Justice Waite, "is to our minds wholly untenable. The designated depositories are intended as places for the deposit of the public moneys of the United States—that is to say, moneys belonging to the United States * * * although deposited with a bank that was a designated depository, it was not paid into the Treasury."

Only last October the Supreme Court, voicing its sentiment in an opinion handed down by Associate Justice McKenna, formerly Attorney-General of the United States, reaffirmed the decision of Chief Justice Waite and settled for all time the status of the national bank and the relationship of the national bank depository to the Treasury of the United States.

Justice McKenna declares that the Government cannot be held responsible for the money, because, although it had been placed in a regularly designated depository, it could not be held to have been "covered into the United States Treasury."

THE PENALTY.—Secretary Gage has made himself liable under section 5490 of the Revised Statutes, which provides that:

"Every officer or other person charged by any act of Congress with the safe keeping of the public moneys who fails to keep safely the same, without * * * depositing in banks or exchanging for other funds than as specially allowed by law, shall be guilty of embezzlement of the money so * * * deposited or exchanged; and shall be imprisoned not less than six months nor more than 10 years, and fined in the sum of money equal to the amount so embezzled."

FROM SHORE TO SHORE

THE MISSISSIPPI AT MERCHANTS' BRIDGE FROZEN SOLID.

ICE BOTHERS THE TUG BOATS.

Hyatt Promises a Warmer Change in the Weather for St. Louis Wednesday Night.

The Mississippi River at St. Louis was filled with huge ice boulders Wednesday morning, some of them almost touching the bottom of the river. Transfers and ferryboats were running as usual, but vast quantities of loose ice retarded traffic to a considerable extent.

At the Merchants' Bridge the river was reported entirely frozen over. The only agency which has kept a solid sheet of ice from forming from shore to shore in the neighborhood of the Eads Bridge and the Arsenal barge is the constant steaming out of tugs and ferryboats. Last year's record has been broken. The river has been open over one month earlier this year. The first total suspension of river traffic at this point, on account of ice, not occurred last year until Feb. 11.

The river is now covered with a thick sheet of ice from St. Paul to Grafton, and the forecast of the Weather Bureau shows that at St. Louis the change in the next 24 hours will be slight.

Warmer weather, however, is promised by Dr. Hyatt Wednesday night and probably Thursday. The "high" has shifted south, and Wednesday morning stood over Arkansas and Northern Mississippi. The Arkansas gran with the thermometer registering 18 degrees in St. Louis at 8 o'clock.

Killing frost was reported at Tampa, Fla., and a heavy frost fell at Jacksonville Tuesday night. At Tampa the thermometer registered 28 degrees Wednesday morning.

MILD TOWARD M. DEROULEDE

French Plotter Found Guilty, but the High Court Decides There Were Extenuating Circumstances.

PARIS, Jan. 3.—The High Court (Senate) to-day, rendering its verdict in the conspiracy cases not previously disposed of, decided, by a vote of 136 to 37, that M. Deraulede was guilty, and by a vote of 200 to 1 decided on extenuating circumstances.

THE WEATHER INDICATIONS.

FAIR AND WARMER.

St. Louis and vicinity—Fair and warmer Wednesday night and probably Thursday.

Here and Elsewhere at 7 a. m.

St. Louis	18	Kansas City	18
New York	16	Little Rock	20
Chicago	14	New Orleans	30
Cincinnati	16	Pittsburg	22
Cleveland	20	St. Paul	4
Denver	34	Vicksburg	24
Galveston	38	Washington	20
Indianapolis	15		

PUBLICITY AS A TRUST CURE.

The State Should Inspect Affairs of Combines.

GOV. ROOSEVELT'S REMEDY.

SUCH CORPORATIONS SHOULD BE TREATED AS BANKS ARE.

Suggestions for the Curbing of Monopoly Made in a Message to the New York Legislature.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—In the course of his message to the New York Legislature to-day Gov. Roosevelt treats at considerable length of the subjects of modern industrial condtions and trusts.

"The contrast offered in the highly specialized industrial community between the very rich and the very poor," says the Governor, "is exceedingly distressing, and while under normal conditions the acquirement of wealth by an individual is necessarily of great incidental benefit to the community as a whole, yet this is by no means always the case. In our great cities there is plainly in evidence much wealth contrasted with much poverty, and some of the wealth has been acquired or is used in a manner for which there is no moral justification."

In further discussing the subject, the Governor says in part:

"Probably the large majority of the fortunes that now exist in this country have been amassed, not by injuring mankind, but as an incident to the conferring of great benefits on the community—whatever the conscious purpose of those amassing them may have been. The occasional wrongs committed or injuries endured are on the whole far outweighed by the mass of good which has resulted. The true questions to be asked are: Has any given individual been injured by the acquisition of wealth by any man? Were the rights of that individual, if they have been violated, insufficiently protected by law? If so, these rights and all similar rights ought to be guaranteed by additional legislation. The point to be aimed at is the protection of the individual against wrong, not the attempt to limit and hamper the acquisition and output of wealth.

"It is almost equally dangerous either to blink evils and refuse to acknowledge their existence or to strike at them in a spirit of ignorant revenge, thereby doing far more harm than is remedied. It is well to remember on the one hand that the adoption of what is reasonable in the demands of reformers is the surest way to prevent the adoption of what is unreasonable, and on the other hand that many of the worst and most dangerous laws which have been put upon statute books have been put there by zealous reformers with excellent intentions.

"This problem has a hundred phases. The relation of the capitalist and the wage worker makes one; the proper attitude of the State towards extreme poverty another; the proper attitude of the State towards the questions of the ownership and running of so-called 'public utilities,' a third. But among all these phases, the one which at this time has the greatest prominence is the question of what are commonly termed 'trusts,' meaning by the name those vast combinations of capital, usually flourishing by virtue of some monopolistic element, which have become so startlingly common a feature in the industrial revolution which has progressed so rapidly during the recent years.

"Every new feature of this industrial revolution produces hardship because in its later stages it has been literally a revolution instead of an evolution. The new inventions and discoveries and the new methods of taking advantage of business facilities afforded by the extraordinary development of our material civilization have caused the changes to proceed with such marvelous rapidity that at each stage some body of workers finds itself unable to accommodate itself to the new conditions with sufficient speed to escape hardship.

"In some cases, while recognising the evil, it is impossible without present knowledge to discover any remedy. In others a remedy can be applied, but as yet only at a cost that would make it worse than the trouble itself. In yet others, it is possible by acting with wisdom, coolness and fearlessness to apply a remedy which will wholly, or in great part, remove the evil while leaving the good behind.

"The machinery of modern business is so vast and complicated that great caution must be exercised in introducing radical changes for fear the unforeseen efforts may take the shape of widespread disaster. Moreover, much that is complained about is not really the abuse; much is the inevitable development of our modern industrial life. Very many of the anti-trust laws which have made their appearance on the statute books of recent years have been almost, or absolutely, ineffective because they have blinked the all-important fact that much of what they thought to do away with was incidental to modern industrial conditions and could not be eliminated unless we were willing to turn back the wheels of modern progress by also eliminating the forces which had brought about these industrial conditions. Not only trusts but the immense importance of machinery, the congestion of city life, the capacity to make large fortunes by speculative enterprises and many other features of modern existence, it is believed could be thoroughly changed by doing away with steam and electricity; but the most ardent denouncer of trusts would hesitate to advocate so drastic a remedy. What remains for us to do, as practical men, is to look the conditions squarely in the face and not to permit the emotional side of the question, which has its proper place, to blind us to the fact that there are other sides. We must set about finding out what the real abuses are, with their causes, and to what extent remedies can be applied.

"To say that the present system of haphazard license and lack of supervision and regulation is the best possible is absurd. The men who endeavor to prevent the remedying of real abuses, not only show callous disregard for the suffering of others, but also weaken those who are anxious to prevent the adoption of indiscriminate would-be remedies, which would subvert our whole industrial fabric. The chicanery and the dishonest, even though not technically illegal, methods through which some great fortunes have been made, are scandals to our civilization. The man who by swindling or wrong-doing acquires great wealth for himself at the expense of his fellow stands as low morally as any predatory medieval nobleman, and is a more dangerous member of society. Any law and any method of construing the law which will enable the community to punish him, either by taking away his wealth or by imprisonment, should be welcomed. Of course, such laws are even more needed in dealing with great corporations or trusts than with individuals. They are needed quite as much for the sake of honest corporations as for the sake of the public. The corporation that manages its affairs honestly has a right to demand protection against the dishonest corporation.

"The first essential is knowledge of the facts, publicity. Much can be done at once by amendment of the corporation laws so as to provide for such publicity as will not work injustice as between business rivals.

"The chief abuses alleged to arise from trusts are probably the following: Misrepresentation or concealment regarding material facts connected with the organization of an enterprise; the evils connected with unscrupulous promotions; overcapitalization; unfair competition, resulting in the crushing out of competitors who themselves do not act improperly; raising of prices above fair competitive rates; the wielding of increased power over the wage earners.

"Some of these evils could be partially remedied by a modification of our corporation laws; here we can safely go along the lines of the more conservative New England States, and probably not a little further. Such laws will themselves provide the needed publicity and the needed circumstantiality of statement. We should know authoritatively whether stock represents actual value of plants or whether it represents brands or good will; or if not, what it does represent, if anything. It is desirable to know how much was actually bought, how much was issued free and to whom, and if possible for what reason. This would enable us to see just what the public have a right to expect in the way of service and taxation.

"Where the trust becomes a monopoly the State has an immediate right to interfere. Care should be taken not to stifle enterprise or disclose any facts of a business that are essentially private, but the State, for the protection of the public, should exercise the right to inspect, to examine thoroughly all the workings of great corporations just as is now done with banks; and wherever the interests of the public demand it, it should publish the results of its examination. Then, if there are inordinate profits, competition or public sentiment will give the public the benefit in lowered prices; and if not, the power of taxation remains."

Gov. Roosevelt also devotes some space to a review of labor legislation in New York and commends the work of the Board of Mediation and Arbitration in dealing with strikes during the year past. He pronounces his approval of a drug clerk bill to remedy the hardships to which men in that occupation are subjected.

Barr's MISSOURI'S GREATEST STORE ST. LOUIS

Some Details of Our Great Purchase.

We told you last night that we had bought the entire stock of the reliable firm of

BECKER & AAL,

515 OLIVE STREET,

Who are retiring from business. Probably every woman in St. Louis has seen the beautiful, high-class goods displayed so tastefully in their windows and has admired and coveted them.

THESE GOODS, $60,000 WORTH OF THEM, NOW BELONG TO BARR'S.

Were bought at 50c on the dollar and will be sold exactly as bought.

A hundred of our clerks, bookkeepers and stockmen have been busy on the inventory, re-marking and rearranging this stock for the past three days, and on **THURSDAY, JANUARY 4TH, AT 8 A. M.,** it will be placed on sale

AT JUST HALF BECKER & AAL'S PRICES.

All Becker & Aal's salespeople have been engaged by Barr's and will be ready to wait upon their old friends and customers.

The stock consists of fine high-class JACKETS, CAPES, SUITS, SKIRTS, FURS, WAISTS, PETTICOATS, LADIES' NECKWEAR, BELTS and BELT BUCKLES.

JACKETS, JACKETS.

Every style of winter coat is represented. Fur Coats, Automobile Coats, Short Box Coats, Velvet Coats, Eton Coats—all beautiful new garments.

Becker & Aal's $7.50 Coats will be. **$3.50**
Becker & Aal's $10.00 Coats will be. **$5.00**
Becker & Aal's $13.50 Coats will be. **$6.75**
Becker & Aal's $16.50 Coats will be. **$8.50**
Becker & Aal's $20 Coats will be.. **$10.00**
Becker & Aal's $25 Coats will be.. **$12.50**
Becker & Aal's $30 Coats will be.. **$15.00**
Becker & Aal's $35 Coats will be.. **$17.50**
Becker & Aal's $40 Coats will be.. **$20.00**
Becker & Aal's $50 Coats will be.. **$25.00**
Becker & Aal's $100 Coats will be. **$50.00**

GIRLS' REEFERS.

Becker & Aal's $5 Girls' Reefers will be **$2.98**
Becker & Aal's $6.75 Girls' Reefers will be **$3.98**
Becker & Aal's $9 Girls' Reefers will be **$4.98**
Becker & Aal's $15 Girls' Reefers will be **$7.50**
Becker & Aal's $20 Girls' Reefers will be..... **$10.00**

TAILOR-MADE SUITS.

Becker & Aal carried a magnificent line of ladies' high-class men-tailored Suits and Costumes. This is a superb stock, from which to select a costume at half price.

Becker & Aal's $15 Suits will be... **$7.50**
Becker & Aal's $20 Suits will be.. **$10.00**
Becker & Aal's $25 Suits will be.. **$12.50**
Becker & Aal's $30 Suits will be.. **$15.00**
Becker & Aal's $40 Suits will be.. **$20.00**
Becker & Aal's $50 Suits will be.. **$25.00**
Becker & Aal's $100 Suits will be. **$50.00**

DRESS SKIRTS.

Becker & Aal's $5.00 Dress Skirts will be..... **$2.00**
Becker & Aal's $6.00 Dress Skirts will be..... **$3.00**
Becker & Aal's $8.00 Dress Skirts will be..... **$4.00**
Becker & Aal's $10.00 Dress Skirts will be..... **$5.00**
Becker & Aal's $12.50 Dress Skirts will be..... **$6.00**
Becker & Aal's $15.00 Dress Skirts will be..... **$7.50**
Becker & Aal's $20.00 Dress Skirts will be..... **$10.00**

FURS! FURS!

Becker & Aal carried a magnificent line of Fur Scarfs, Collarettes, Boas, Muffs, Storm Collars, Capes and Children's Sets.

Becker & Aal's $4 Furs will be..... **$1.98**
Becker & Aal's $5 Furs will be..... **$2.98**
Becker & Aal's $10 Furs will be..... **$5.00**
Becker & Aal's $15 Furs will be..... **$7.50**
Becker & Aal's $20 Furs will be **$10.00**
Becker & Aal's $30 Furs will be **$15.00**
Becker & Aal's $40 Furs will be **$20.00**
Becker & Aal's $50 Furs will be **$25.00**
Becker & Aal's $70 Furs will be **$35.00**

SILK WAISTS.

Becker & Aal's $5.00 Silk Waists will be..... **$2.98**
Becker & Aal's $10.00 Silk Waists will be..... **$5.00**
Becker & Aal's $12.00 Silk Waists will be..... **$6.00**
Becker & Aal's $15.00 Silk Waists will be..... **$7.50**
Becker & Aal's $20.00 Silk Waists will be..... **$10.00**
Becker & Aal's $30.00 Silk Waists will be..... **$15.00**

WASHABLE WRAPPERS.

Becker & Aal's $1.50 Wrappers will be..... **79c**
Becker & Aal's $1.75 Wrappers will be..... **98c**
Becker & Aal's $2 Wrappers will be. **$1.19**
Becker & Aal's $2.75 Wrappers will be. **$1.49**

RAINY DAY SKIRTS.

Becker & Aal's $7.50 Rainy Day Skirts will be..... **$2.98**
Becker & Aal's $10.00 Rainy Day Skirts will be..... **$5.00**
Becker & Aal's $12.50 Rainy Day Skirts will be..... **$7.50**
Becker & Aal's $13.50 Rainy Day Skirts will be..... **$8.75**

GIRLS' WOOL DRESSES.

Becker & Aal's $4.00 Girls' Wool Dresses will be..... **$1.98**
Becker & Aal's $6.00 Girls' Wool Dresses will be..... **$2.98**
Becker & Aal's $7.50 Girls' Wool Dresses will be..... **$3.98**
Becker & Aal's $10.00 Girls' Wool Dresses will be..... **$5.00**

BECKER & AAL'S BELTS and BELT BUCKLES

Were of the Finest. This is the Price Range for Thursday's Selling:

Becker & Aal's $1.00 Belt Buckles..... **50c**
Becker & Aal's $1.50 and $2.00 Belt Buckles..... **75c**
Becker & Aal's $1.00 and $1.25 Beaded Elastic Belts..... **69c**
Becker & Aal's $1.50 to $2.50 Beaded Elastic Belts..... **89c**
Becker & Aal's Dog Collar Belts, that ranged from $1.50 to $2.50; all at..... **$1.00**

DEATH CAME UNHERALDED

Clothier Philippson Falls to the Stage at the Close of an Address to B'nai B'rith.

CHICAGO, Jan. 3.—Ralph Philippson, a retired wealthy clothing dealer, died suddenly of heart disease late last night at the conclusion of an address to the members of the District Grand Lodge No. 6, Independent Order B'nai B'rith. During the applause which followed the close of Philippson's remarks the speaker suddenly fell forward, grasping at the air blindly. Before anyone could help him he dropped face downward on the floor unconscious. A few minutes later he died without regaining consciousness. Deceased was 67 years of age. The event in which Philippson was participating was the annual election of officers of the lodge. On the stage when he spoke were N. Ginsburg of Detroit, the retiring president, and Vice-President Max Ascho of Milwaukee, Wis.

TO CURE LA GRIPPE IN TWO DAYS

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

WEB DAVIS MAY SOON RESIGN

His Resignation Expected to Be Forwarded From Transvaal, Owing to Friction in Interior Department.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—A rumor from Washington, published in this city to-day, says that Webster Davis, Assistant Secretary of the Interior, will never resume the duties of his office and that his resignation is daily expected. He is now on the way to the Transvaal. It is understood that friction has existed in the Interior Department for some time, and that Mr. Davis' leave of absence was meant to mark the end of it.

TUITION AT A MINIMUM.

No Fee Charged Except in the State University Law Department.

COLUMBIA, Mo., Jan. 3.—In only one department in the University of Missouri—the law school—will tuition be charged after Sept. 1, 1900. This is the order just issued by the Board of Curators of the university.

PROMOTIONS FOR OFFICERS.

MacArthur, Young and Bates to Be Made Regular Brigadiers.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—The next batch of nominations to be sent to the Senate will include the names of these three officers, who have rendered valuable and conspicuous service in the Philippines: Major-General of Volunteers MacArthur, Lieutenant Colonel and Assistant Adjutant General, to be Brigadier General in the regular army.

Brigadier General of Volunteers, S. B. M. Young, Colonel Third Cavalry, to be Brigadier General in the regular army.

Brigadier General of Volunteers J. C. Bates, Second Infantry, to be Major General of Volunteers, to succeed the late Gen. Lawton.

These promotions have just been decided upon by the President, notwithstanding the great pressure which continues to be brought to bear upon him to utilize the existing vacancies in the grade of brigadier general for the purpose of promotion and retiring, with increased rank, colonels of the regular army with civil war records. By yielding to this pressure the promotion of Gen. Lawton was unduly delayed and his death occurred before his appointment was sent to the Senate.

Gens. Young and MacArthur have participated in more engagements than any other general officers now in the islands. Gen. Bates' work has been largely of a diplomatic character. In addition to concluding the treaty with the Sultan of Sulu he has had much to do with restoring order and inaugurating civil government in other parts of the archipelago. He is now military governor of Mindanao and the Sulu Islands.

Railroad Crossing Accident.

C. B. Gonterman, a wealthy farmer living near Edwardsville, Ill., and his niece, Miss Alice Bartlett, narrowly escaped death Tuesday afternoon while crossing the tracks of the Clover Leaf Railroad. Their vehicle was struck by a passing train, throwing the occupants to the ground, but without serious injury.

DEATHS.

McGRATH—Richard T. McGrath, dearly beloved son of Thomas and Margaret McGrath, and brother of Mary, Maggie, Kitty and John McGrath.

Due notice of funeral will be given.

McCORMAC—On Tuesday, Jan. 2, 1900, at 6 o'clock p. m., Riley P. McCormac, beloved husband of Mercala McCormac, and brother of Amos K. McCormac, after a lingering illness, at the age of 58 years.

The funeral will take place on Thursday, Jan. 4, 1900, at 2 o'clock p. m., from family residence, 218 Howard street, to the Bethesda Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend.

Lewistown (Ill.) papers please copy.

DEATHS.

O'REILLY—On Wednesday, Jan. 3, 1900, at 2 m., Edmond O'Reilly, beloved husband Bridget O'Reilly.

Due notice of funeral will be given.

SMITH—On Tuesday, Jan. 2, 1900, at 10 o'c a. m., Catherine Smith, beloved wife of H Smith, aged 58 years.

The funeral will take place Friday, the inst., at 8:30 o'clock a. m., from family r dence, 1421 Glasgow avenue, to St. Bride Church, thence to Bellefontaine Cemet Friends are invited to attend.

Kansas City papers please copy.

WOEBER—Died, Tuesday, Jan. 2, at 8:40 p. Frank X. Woeber, aged 31 years, beloved band of Kate Woeber (nee Nolner), and fa of Frank, Nicholaus and Clarence Woeber, brother of Mrs. Rose Rice.

Funeral will take place Thursday, Jan at 2 o'clock p. m., from family residence, North Fifteenth street, to St. Liboi Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery.

WUNDERLICH—On Monday, Jan. 1, 1900, p. m., Charles Wunderlich, dearly beloved band of Rosa Wunderlich (nee Blank), aged years and 16 days.

Funeral will take place on Thursday, 4, at 2 p. m. from residence, 3203 Ma Bridge road, thence to Bellefontaine Ceme Relatives and friends are respectfully invite attend.

THE GREATEST CLEARING SALE EVER KNOWN IN ST. LOUIS

IS NOW GOING ON AT **Nugents** GREAT REMODELED STORE.

BARGAINS IN RELIABLE MERCHANDISE ALL OVER THE HOUSE.

IN THE GREAT CLOAK ROOM:

Jackets ½ Price, Cloaks ½ Price, Suits ½ Price, Skirts ½ Price, Waists ½ Price, Etc.

Ladies' Jackets.

All of them arranged on long tables in 6 grand lots.

LOT 1 contains entire stock of our $5, $5.75 and $6.00 Jackets;
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$3.00**

LOT 2 contains all our $7.98, $8.75 and $10.00 Ladies' Jackets;
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$5.00**

LOT 3 contains all Ladies' Jackets sold by us up to date at $10.75, $11.50 and $12.75;
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$7.50**

LOT 4 contains Ladies' Jackets sold all season at $14.75 and $15.00;
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$10.00**

LOT 5—Fine, Ladies' Swell Coats of all styles sold up to date by us at $17.50 and $20.00;
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$12.00**

AND LOT 6, the cream of all the Jackets made this season—$25.00 Jackets, $27.50 Jackets and $30.00 Jackets;
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$15.00**

Plush Jackets.

Many at less than 50c on $1.00.

Lot stylish Crushed Plush Jackets, extremely stylish, sold to date at $12.75,
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$5.00**

Lot fine Seal Plush Jackets, trimmed with Astrakhan, large collar and reveres, all season's price $18.75,
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$13.50**

Ladies' Suits.

(This stock has been divided up and cut almost in two.)

Suits that sold at $75 and $100,
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$50**

Suits sold all season at $50 and $60 and cheap—very cheap—at that,
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$30**

Suits sold at from $40 to $45,
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$25**

Suits that were exceptionally cheap at $27.50 and $30,
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$18.75**

$25 Suits now $15, $20 Suits now $12.50, and all $14, $15 and $16.50 Suits
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$10.00**

Ladies' Waists.

LOT Superb Evening Waists, actual value $30.00, $35.00 and $40.00;
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$18.00**

LOT Rich $10.00 Evening, $10.00 Silk Waists,
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$5.00**

LOT Velvet Waists, all colors, were $5.00 till now;
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$2.50**

LOT Fine White or Colored French Flannel Waists—all season's price $5.00;
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$2.50**

And all Wool Flannel Waists till now sold at $1.75;
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$1.00**

Plush Capes.

That were $8.50,
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$4.75**

That were $11.50,
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$7.95**

That were $18.50,
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$11.00**

That were $25.00,
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$16.75**

Velvet and Velour Capes.

Rich, Dressy Ones.

That were $25.00,
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$18.00**

That were $40.00,
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$25.00**

That were $50.00,
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$35.00**

Automobile Coats.

(All the swell stuff of the season.)

Two cases full of these very stylish 3-4 length or Automobile Coats; sold all season by us at $35, $39.50, $48.50 and $57.50 (and nowhere else can you get such goods at the prices); think of it!
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$25**

Fur Department.

(Good Furs—as Good an Investment as You Can Have.)

Fine $30.00 and $35.00 Astrakhan Coats;
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$19.75**

Iceland Seal Coats with Persian Lamb, $75.00 ones;
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$45.00**

Genuine Persian Lamb Coats, were $125.00;
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$75.00**

Collarettes and Neck Scarfs.

Superb large Lynx, Fox and Sable Fox, Novelty Laces, were $38.75 and $45.00;
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$25.00**

Choice Iceland Seal and Marten or Mink Collarettes that were $25.00;
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$19.75**

Fine Plain Iceland Seal Collarettes; were $18.00;
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$14.50**

$10.00 Real Mink or Stone Marten Scarfs;
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$6.75**

Choice Electric Seal Collarettes; were $7.50;
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$5.00**

And $5.00 and $6.00 Brown Marten or Stone Marten Scarfs;
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$3.75**

All our Fine Muffs about ⅓ off the regular prices.

Children's and Misses' Cloaks.

None as fine ever brought to St. Louis before. So take advantage of these prices while you may. We can't begin to describe them, but they surely are grand.

All Misses' $20.00 Jackets;
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$13.50**

All Misses' $13.75 Jackets;
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$10.00**

All Misses' $10.00 Jackets;
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$6.00**

Girls' Long Ulsters; were $6.00;
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$3.95**

Girls' Long Ulsters; were $12.00;
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$7.50**

Girls' Fine Jackets; were $7.50;
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$5.00**

Girls' Good $4.00 Jackets;
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$2.50**

Separate Skirts.

Some Fine Ones. Very Cheap.

Handsome $27.50 and $30.00 Skirts,
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$15.00**

Rainy Day Skirts that were $10.00 and $12.00,
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$6.75**

Cloth Skirts that were $8.00;
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$3.75**

Great Clearing Sale Reductions in Boys' Good Clothing.

Reductions made from the Previously Low Prices make our offerings the Greatest Bargains in Boys' Clothing ever known in the history of this department.

Sailor, Military and Middy Vest Suits.

SIZES 3 TO 10 YEARS.

$3.00 and $3.75 Suits;
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$1.90**

$4.00 Suits; Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$2.50**

$4.50 and $5.00 Suits;
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$3.00**

$6.00 and $6.50 Suits;
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$3.75**

$7.50 and $8.50 Suits;
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$5.00**

Double-Breasted Knee Suits.

SIZES 5 TO 15 YEARS.

$3.00 Suits; Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$1.90**

$3.50 and $4.00 Suits;
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$2.55**

$4.50 Suits; Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$3.50**

$6.00 and $6.50 Suits;
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$3.70**

$7.00 and $7.50 Suits;
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$5.50**

$8.50 and $10.00 Suits;
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$6.50**

Boys' and Young Men's Suits.

(Sizes up to 20 years.)

$8.50 Suits,
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$5.50**

$12.50 Suits,
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$8.50**

$15.00 Suits,
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$10.00**

Small Boys' Reefer Coats.....

(Sizes 3 to 8 years.)

Our immense assortment of Small Boys' Reefers has been marked during the season at extraordinary low prices. They go still cheaper in this Great Clearance Sale.

$3.50 Reefers,
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$1.90**

$5.00 Reefers,
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$2.90**

$6.50 Reefers,
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$3.75**

$8.50 and $10.00 Reefers,
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$5.00**

Small Boys' Top Coats.

(Sizes 3 to 16 years.)

Every imaginable Style or Color represented in this line.

$3.95 Coats,
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$2.90**

$6.00 Coats,
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$3.75**

$6.50 and $7.50 Coats,
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$5.00**

Boys' and Young Men's Top Coats.

(Sizes up to 20 years.)

Coats that are fine examples of the tailor's art. Many with Satin linings.

$6.95 Coats,
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$5.00**

$8.95 Coats,
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$6.50**

$12.00 Coats,
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$8.50**

$13.95 Coats,
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$10.00**

Large Boys' Storm Collar Reefers.

Sizes up to 15 years.

These coats are just the thing for severe weather—come in Chinchilla and Frieze.

$3.00 Reefers;
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$1.90**

$5.00 Reefers;
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$3.50**

$6.00 Reefers;
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$3.90**

Boys' Waists.

75c and $1.00 Waists—One great lot of "Mother's Friend" and "Star" Waists,
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of 50c

Men's Smoking Jackets.

$5.00 Jackets,
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of $3.00

$6.50 Jackets,
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of $4.00

$10.00 Jackets,
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of $6.00

Men's Lounging Robes.

$8.95 Robes,
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of $6.00

$10.00 Robes,
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of $7.00

$12.50 Robes,
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of $9.00

Boys' Knee Pants.

SIZES 3 TO 15 YEARS.

75c Knee Pants,
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **38c**

$1.00 Knee Pants,
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **76c**

Boys' Hats and Caps.

15c Caps,
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **10c**

25c Caps,
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **15c**

50c Caps and Tam O'Shanters,
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **25c**

$1.00 Caps and Tam O'Shanters,
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **50c**

$1.50 and $2.00 Caps and Tam O'Shanters,
Reduced to Clearing Sale Price of **$1.00**

B. NUGENT & BRO. DRY GOODS CO., Broadway, Washington and St. Charles.

STRONG FORCE IN PHILIPPINES.

The United States Has There 70,000 Fighting Men.

INCLUDING THE NAVAL FORCE.

WERE 65,000 SOLDIERS OF ALL ARMS OF THE SERVICE.

The Administration Is Still Standing by Otis and Believes That He Will Finally End the War.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—There will probably be no reduction in the military force now in the Philippines for at least six months.

Including all arms of the service there are now in the islands 65,000 soldiers in addition to about 1200 marines at Cavite and about 800 sailors on warships. The total of the fighting forces is thus fully 70,000 men. The War Department wishes to avoid the mistake made when Gen. Otis first took command of underestimating the difficulties to be encountered, and the policy is to be followed of having more men than are needed than too few. Army officers on duty in Washington believe very satisfactory progress is being made in crushing the insurrection. It is pointed out that Gen. Otis is doing the work systematically, and having broken up the organized insurgent forces in the north of Luzon is giving his attention to those in the southern part of the island.

It is expected that strong forces will have to be maintained for some time in all parts of the island to insure order and to protect the municipal governments being organized from roving bands insurgents and other disaffected natives. For these reasons there is to be no present reduction of the military forces.

It is to be hoped that the pacification of Luzon and the organization of governments in the other islands will progress satisfactorily during the next few months, and that before the beginning of the next rainy season a considerable reduction in force can be made. The policy in withdrawing troops will be to bring these home first which have been there longest.

Gen. Otis is organizing local civil governments in these parts of the island under his control, and it will be the policy of the administration, at as early a date as possible, to organize and put into operation over all the islands a civil government under the President's military authority. As soon as possible after the completion of the detailed report of the Philippine commission the President wishes to send Col. Denby back to the Philippines with two other commissioners. As neither President Schurman nor Prof. Worcester will be able to return two new men will be appointed. Before carrying out this plan the President will consult with the members of the Congressional Committee charged with Philippine affairs.

The fact that the northern ports of Luzon have been thrown open to commerce and that the President has cabled instructions to Gen. Otis to open the southern ports where there is hemp as soon as possible, shows confidence in the situation.

It has been intimated that hemp speculators have used their influence with army officers to keep the hemp ports closed. It is said at the War Department that if any officer has been affected by this influence it has not reached Gen. Otis.

MANY SOLDIERS GO INSANE.

Cause of Their Condition Ascribed to Philippine Campaigning.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 3.—The following soldiers, declared to be insane, have been sent to Washington, D. C., from the Presidio Military Reservation: Sergt. Thomas F. Collins, Company G, 6th Infantry; Sergt. Owen H. Wiseman, Hospital Corps; Private Thomas F. Barry, Hospital Corps; Anton Barbor, Company E, 4th Infantry; Michael Gallagher, Company C, 23d Infantry; George M. Barton, Troop C, 4th Cavalry; Walter A. O'Neill, Battery F, 4th Artillery; Louis Ford, Company L, 4th Infantry; Emerick Mulner, Company B, 6th Infantry; David E. Young, Company A, 19th Infantry; Frank Thayer, Company L, 17th Infantry; George W. Decker, Company E, 18th Infantry; Joseph Hoffman, Company E, 23d Infantry; George J. Nixon, Company A, 12th Infantry.

Nearly all of these men lost their minds as a result of campaigning in the Philippines.

CONFIRM MANAUENSE REPORT.

Officers of the Troops Officially Report, Sustaining Charges.

MANILA, Jan. 3.—Col. Pettit, commanding the Thirty-first Infantry, and Lieutenant-Colonel Hayes, who commanded the three companies of that regiment on board the transport Manauense, which arrived here Nov. 26, and reported the steamer unseaworthy, undermanned and short of provisions, have filed official reports corroborating in every detail the newspaper reports printed at the time. The Colonel's report recommends a claim against the ship's owners for the uniforms of the whole battalion, which were ruined during the passage.

"Put My Little Toys Away," next Sunday.

EXPLOSION UNDER A HOTEL.

Several Persons Bruised and Burned by a Natural Gas Accident.

MUNCIE, Ind., an. 3.—There was a natural gas explosion in the basement of the Bartlett Hotel at Albany last night. The explosion occurred under the office, in which there were 15 persons. John Bartlett, owner of the property; Fred McDonald and Mrs. Alley of Cold Water, O., were hurled into the air and slightly burned. The others escaped injury. McDonald was hurled through a window into the street. Mrs. Alley's clothes were on fire, but the flames were extinguished. The loss is $1000.

PETER S. WILKES DEAD.

He Was Once a Member of the Confederate Congress From Missouri.

STOCKTON, Cal., Jan. 3.—Peter S. Wilkes, an attorney, once a member of the Confederate Congress, is dead at his home here, aged 74 years. He was born in Tennessee and removed to Missouri, where he graduated from a university in 1852. A week afterward he was elected to the State Legislature. During the last year of the war Mr. Wilkes was elected to the Confederate Congress. At the close of hostilities he fled to Masatlan, Mexico, where he remained until about 25 years ago, when he came to this city.

"A Straw Shows," Etc.

Governess: You're a very naughty boy, Harold! Your French exercise is simply full of mistakes.

Harold (firmly): I don't care, Miss Robinson. The fact is that Maggie Gerald and I have quite agreed to boycott French lessons altogether!

ALL THE LAWYERS WILL TALK

Fourteen Pleas Will Be Made in the Case of the Carterville Miners on Trial for Murder.

VIENNA, Ill., Jan. 3.—Testimony having been completed, arguments in the trial of the Carterville miners for the murder of Mrs. Anna Karr in the attack on the train bearing imported colored workmen at Lauder Station last summer, was begun today. Fourteen attorneys are employed in the case, and it is expected that every one of them will make a speech. If this is the final decision it will take from three to five days for the arguments. Judge Vickers will suggest to them that they limit their speeches to an hour each, but there are indications that this suggestion will not be accepted.

Before the State offered its rebuttal Judge Vickers announced to the jury that in considering the case they must exclude the Coroner's verdict, which had been offered in evidence by the State, and which named several of the defendants as the slayers of Anna Karr. He ordered that verdict stricken from the records.

F. C. Zimmerman, Mayor of Carterville, testified that he saw William Smith in Carterville ten minutes after he heard of the shooting at Lauder Station.

Before leaving for Springfield W. D. Ryan, State Secretary of the U. M. W. of A., closed a contract with Gov. Johnson retaining the Governor in the case of the Carterville miners accused of killing five of the colored employes of Mr. Brush, which is to be tried here about two weeks after the close of the present case.

GORMAN MAN IS ELECTED.

Easy Victory for Lloyd Wilkinson in the Maryland Legislature.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Jan. 3.—It was an easy victory for Lloyd Wilkinson, the Eastern Shore candidate for Speaker of the House of Representatives of Maryland, in the Democratic caucus. He was the choice of former Senator Gorman and Gov.-elect Smith.

WOODFEND IS PRESIDENT.

Rumor of Proposed Extension of the L., D. & W. Not Confirmed.

DECATUR, Ill., Jan. 3.—At the annual meeting of the directors of the Indianapolis, Decatur & Western Railroad Co. these officers were elected: President, M. W. Woodfend; vice-president, H. F. Schenck; secretary, George R. Baleh; treasurer, P. W. Short. Officers are still silent regarding the report as to extending the road from Decatur west to the Mississipp River, by way of Beardstown and Quincy.

EIGHT OF THE CREW LOST.

Schooners Driven Ashore on Newfoundland During a Gale.

ST. JOSEPH, N. F., Jan. 3.—The schooner Puritan was driven ashore on Cabot Island in a heavy gale, and eight out of her crew of nine were lost. Six were married men with families. It is feared that other disasters will be chronicled.

DOCTOR'S PROPHECY

About Grape Nuts.

Dr. J. H. Hanaford, one of the oldest physicians in Reading, Mass., says in the Practical Age: "I firmly believe that Mr. Post has rendered a greater service to humanity than any other man living, in the matter of food.

He claims, with propriety, I think, that his new food, Grape-Nuts, made from the most nourishing elements of the grains, contains nourishment in one pound equal to ten of meat, wheat, oats or bread.

From the acquaintance I have had with this unusually nutritious article, I am satisfied the statement is truthful and demonstratable. I am inclined to believe the food will effect considerable of a revolution in society, to the extent that it is introduced."

This was written by Dr. Hanaford several months ago. The rapid spread of the use of Grape-Nuts all over the country has demonstrated that the doctor's prophecy has already come true, to an extent at least. Perhaps never before in the history of food manufacture has such rapid progress been made as with Grape-Nuts. It especially appeals to brain workers.

All first-class grocers furnish Grape-Nuts, and the Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich., are the makers.

BATES AND WHEATON PROMOTED

Young, MacArthur and Ludlow Are Also Advanced to the Positions of Brigadier-Generals.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—The President to-day sent the following nominations to the Senate:

To be United States Consuls—Thomas T. Prentiss of Massachusetts, at Rouen, France; George L. Darie of Pennsylvania, at Martinique, transferred to Patras, Greece; Alonzo C. Yates of Virginia, at Patras, transferred to Martinique.

War—Brigadier-General J. C. Bates, to be Major-General of Volunteers; Brigadier-General Lloyd Wheaton, to be Major-General of Volunteers by Brevet.

To be Brigadier-Generals—Col. S. B. M. Young, Lieutenant-Colonel Arthur MacArthur, Lieutenant-Colonel William Ludlow.

CONTEST FOR THE FRANCHISE.

St. Louis and Kansas City Promoters Want to Put Telephones in Sedalia.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

SEDALIA, Mo., Jan. 3.—Fred A. Churchill of St. Louis appeared before the City Council last night and asked for a 20-year telephone franchise in Sedalia on behalf of himself and Charles Craddock of St. Louis. They offer to give the city 1½ per cent of the gross receipts for the first five years, 2 per cent for the next five years and 2½ per cent for the remaining 10 years. Residence phones are to be furnished for $1.50 a month and phones in business houses for $2 a month, while the city is to be furnished 12 phones gratis. The Kansas City Mutual Telephone Company also asked for a franchise. They offer 3 per cent of the gross earnings and will furnish residence phones at $1 a month and business phones at $2 a month. Both ordinances were referred and will come up for final action in two weeks.

AGREE ON BRYAN AND SILVER.

Free Silver Republicans and Populists of Indiana in Conference.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 3.—The conference of the State Central Committee, representing the People's party—the wing recognized by the National Committee—and the free silver Republicans in this city has pledged its members in favor of 16 to 1 and the renomination of William J. Bryan. About 60 members of the two organizations were present.

SIX MONTHS' TREATMENT FOR ONE DOLLAR

Dr. Burkhart's Vegetable Compound.

IN TABLET FORM—PLEASANT TO TAKE.

Works marvels in the human body. Combats disease in every form and chases it away. Cures have been effected that border on impossibilities and seem like a dream. If you have not the price get a bottle and I will give you a trial free of cost. No one can claim that I forsook him in the hour of distress.

Four months' treatment of Vegetable Compound cured me of Rheumatism, Catarrh, Stomach Troubles and Female Weakness of eight years standing.

Ida Gorman,
128 Ninth St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

For sale by all druggists. Thirty days' treatment for 25c.; Seventy days' treatment 50c.; Six months' treatment $1.00. Money refunded if not found as represented.

DR. W. S. BURKHART, Cincinnati, O.

CUT RATE DENTIST

Until Jan. 7 we have decided to do all work for one half the regular price.

Full Set of Teeth	$3.00
Bridgework, per tooth	$2.50
Gold Crowns, 22k	$2.50
Silver Fillings	25c

All work guaranteed for 10 years. Positively no pain in any of our operations. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain.

DIAMOND DENTAL PARLORS,
606 OLIVE ST. —Opposite Barr's Olive Street Entrance.

CLAIM OF WHITE CAP VICTIM.

Former Hotel Proprietor of Liberty Demands $100,000 Damages.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 3.—John B. Robinson, former proprietor of the Arthur House in Liberty, who was whipped by white caps Nov. 7 last, has made a demand on the City Council for $100,000 damages, charging that the city authorities knew of the intended attack on him and did not seek to prevent it. His attorneys say that unless the demand is complied with within a few days suit will be begun. The committee, who drove Robinson from town, took objection to the manner in which he was conducting his hotel.

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH.

Founded by JOSEPH PULITZER.
PUBLISHED BY
THE PULITZER PUBLISHING CO.
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BIGGEST WEST OF THE MISSISSIPPI.

Sunday Post-Dispatch

Circulation:

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Oct. 29 ..124,813	Dec. 3...137,590
Nov. 5....126,462	Dec. 10....143,895
Nov. 12....129,004	Dec. 17....143,049
Nov. 19....130,602	Dec. 24 144,124

Sunday, December 31 142,169

Unequaled in Quantity and Quality.

CITIZENS MUST PROTECT THEMSELVES.

Two reputable citizens were arrested for carrying concealed weapons Monday night and kept in the holdover until 8 o'clock in the morning. Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Johnson refused warrants on the ground that citizens had a right to protect themselves.

"Bring in the thugs, the crooks, thieves, saloon loafers and such who carry guns," said Mr. Johnson. "That is what the order means. This arrest was an outrage."

With the alleys and parks in darkness what else is the citizen to do? He must protect himself or be robbed and murdered. Thugs and thieves lurk in the dark places ready to spring out upon him. If he doesn't carry a revolver he invites attack.

But on the other hand carrying deadly weapons is apt to breed violence. Trivial misunderstandings grow insensibly into bitter quarrels and with a revolver handy often end in murder. It is dangerous to the citizen to go without a weapon, but if he carries it, public peace is in peril. We are in an impossible situation.

This is the creation of the House of Delegates. The gross, criminal mismanagement of municipal affairs by that precious band has extinguished the lights in public places and placed the city at the mercy of the criminal classes.

St. Louis business ought to be exceptionally good this year. In the Post-Dispatch it has the best advertising medium it has ever known.

A WOMAN WHO WAS A HELPMEET.

Many stories have been told of artists, discoverers and scientists who were handicapped by the fact that their wives took no part or interest in their work. Mrs. Euclid threw her husband's mathematical problems into the fire. Palissey, the great potter, could not elicit the sympathy of his wife. And the artist who acquires fame seldom gets any aid or comfort from his better half. The example of Mme. Curie of France is an indication, perhaps, that all this is to be changed. Mme. Curie has labored jointly with her husband in his chemical explorations, and husband and wife together have the honor of discovering the newest element, radium.

What a world of possibilities would be opened if the example of M. and Mme. Curie could be universally followed. No more valuable manuscripts would be thrust into the stove. No more wonderful mechanical models chopped to bits. Adam and Eve would go forth, hand in hand, to conquer the earth as well as people it. The millennium of science, art and literature would be with us.

The discussion as to the end of the century is still rages, apropos: If you had given a note on Jan. 1, year 1, due in 1900 years, would you pay it Jan. 1, 1900, or Jan. 1, 1901—in short, would you pay it when 1899 years had passed or when the full 1900 years had passed?

END OF THE WAR.

Just after the announcement that the war in the Philippines was practically over comes the news of a "general advance" south of Manila, and the revelation of a plot of 1000 Filipinos to rise against the Americans and seize the city.

A truly remarkable condition this, in Luzon. Either Gen. Otis does not know the military situation, the temper, purpose and resources of the Filipinos, or he is deliberately misrepresenting for political effect.

Is the war approaching a conclusion, or is it not? This seems a simple military question which a competent military commander should be able to answer.

The fact probably is that a deal of lying is going on about the insurrection. The Filipinos have been in the field nearly a year, and are just as strong and just as spry as at the beginning, so far as appearances go.

Let us have the exact truth. If we are in for a hundred years' war let us know it. Political soldiers and politicians had better not try to bamboozle the American people, who are not used to being treated like children.

"To promote civilization by the use of swords and artillery is false to the word, example and life of Jesus Christ and of all his apostles, and alien to the entire genius of Christianity," says the Rev. Dr. Parkhurst. It is to be regretted that Bro. McKinley does not go to Dr. Parkhurst's church on Sundays.

OPENING OF CHICAGO'S CANAL

Although Chicago has now opened her drainage canal and the filthy Chicago River is flowing into it at the rate of 50,000 cubic feet a minute, there is no reason why St. Louis should give up the fight against this gigantic nuisance. Even after the full 300,000 of sewage water is admitted into the canal, St. Louis can and should still defend herself from the results.

The sluice gates and controlling machinery which have been opened can be closed. They can be closed permanently if St. Louis can show to Congress that this influx of Chicago's illimitable mass of fluid filth constitutes a menace to health, life and property in St. Louis.

Because this canal has cost many millions of dollars, it is argued that St. Louis should supinely allow it to accomplish all the mischief of which it is capable. St. Louis has no desire to injure Chicago financially. The canal would make a splendid shipway, connected with the lake without the intermediary of the abominable Chicago River. By the expenditure of a comparatively small amount, Chicago can turn the canal into a grand waterway for vessels. She can, at the same time, make provision for the scientific and sanitary disposal of her sewage as Berlin and other cities have done. In this way she will do her full duty by her own citizens and her neighbors.

The presence of so many millionaires in the United States Senate does not prove that a very rich man always buys his seat there, but it creates a suspicion that money has been used. There is no more reason why a millionaire should be Senator than that a man of ordinary means should be chosen.

THE GREAT AMERICAN.

"Have the Americans immortals among them?" A number of prominent citizens of St. Louis attempt to answer this question in the Sunday Post-Dispatch, each from his own point of view.

All seem to think there are Americans who can rightfully claim immortality. In literature, statecraft, finance, oratory and science there are men of the first rank who were not born to die. Aldrich, the poet; Harrison, the ex-President; Fiske, the historian, and Bourke Cockran, the orator, are named. Not all of these will live; some of them may.

But has the great American revealed himself? Washington initiated the first era of American history; Lincoln closed it. This era was made conspicuous by Emerson and Whitman in literature, but it is doubtful if any other Americans will live. These four sum up America for that age.

But has the new age any man who sums it up and represents it for all time? It is doubtful. He may be on earth, but he has not revealed himself. What is his character?

To answer this question one must know the time and what it means. Can anybody do that?

If every Senator elected by bribery had been kept out of the Senate, the Montana millionaire might not have attempted to get into that body. The purchase of legislatures is so common that, even if he is guilty, he would feel as if great injustice had been done him were he to be excluded.

THE LIGHTING "HOLD UP."

Conspicuous among the men responsible for the intolerable conditions with respect to public lighting now existing in St. Louis are the following members of the House Committee, which failed to report a temporary lighting bill:

WILLIAM M. TAMBLYN, ADOLPH MADERA, H. A. FAULKNER, GEORGE F. ROBERTSON, JULIUS LEHMANN, J. K. MURRELL, CHARLES F. KELLY.

The leader in the shameful course of these degenerate public servants is the chairman of the House Committee, WILLIAM M. TAMBLYN. In a public interview Mr. Tamblyn sneered at public criticism of the course of his committee and treated the expected return to candles and coal oil lamps in the city institutions and the assured darkness of the South Side alleys as a huge joke.

Every member of the House of Delegates and of the Council who has helped to defeat the lighting bills prepared by the Board of Public Improvements share in the responsibility for the terrible condition now confronting St. Louis.

Citizens who are familiar with the record of municipal legislation need no explanation of the conduct of the municipal legislators responsible for this disgraceful situation.

Documents inculpating 1000 Filipinos in a plot to rise against the Americans are said to have been discovered in Manila the other day, yet the Administration press professes to believe that there are only a few "rebels" in the islands and that the masses are yearning for American syndicate rule.

The slow progress of Canada under British rule ought to be a sufficient excuse from the American jingoes for seizing that country and annexing it to the United States. Our present policy is to make war on every unprogressive people in order to teach them to become as wise as ourselves.

Should Senator Clark be admitted, his first speech should be in favor of a bill preparing the way for election of United States Senators by the people. So long as legislatures choose Senators such candidates will be suspected of bribery.

If millions are piling up in the Treasury of the United States, why should we longer be burdened with war taxes? The war stamps are a constant drain and a continuous annoyance.

There is not a word about Bismarck in Emperor William's remarks on German unity. According to the Kaiser, it was all the work of the Emperor under whom Bismarck served.

Toronto has just voted against gas and street railway monopolies and a city hall ring. That flourishing Canadian city has certainly begun the new year right.

What does the Washington Post mean by the Bureau of Fabrication? Is that the institution which invents the Administration's Philippine news?

POST-DISPATCH SNAP SHOTS.

A city in darkness is no light matter.

Is the inventor of the corkscrew boat a Kentuckian?

From the appearance of Mr. Bull's pants he is in need of a new seat of war.

Happily the beginning-of-the-century debate comes only once in 100 years.

Putting out the city lights is effulgence to the darkness of some of the other deeds of the Municipal Assembly.

Is it a fellow-feeling for the burglars that has kept the Municipal Assembly from providing light for the city?

After March the painters of St. Joseph will not paint the town unless they get 30 cents an hour for nine hours' work.

The citizen who thaws out his pipes and at the same time sets fire to his house has come back with the January weather.

Whenever one thinks of Gage the plums he has given the Standard Oil Bank are suggested. "By their fruits ye shall know them."

It is remarkable that in robbing a restaurant the other night the burglars took no pie. Can it be possible that the pie was out?

Uncle Andy Carnegie says he is an humble follower of Peter Cooper. It is easy for Uncle Andy to follow Cooper, because he has a bar'l.

The armored trains may be safe and of great service, but Correspondent Churchill notes that spectators are not applying for leave to go on them.

On Monday the German Emperor began the new century a year in advance of its arrival. Billy is determined to be more than merely up-to-date.

New England has long considered itself cock of the walk in the United States, and it naturally comes to St. Louis this week to exhibit some of its fine poultry.

The declaration of a Republican newspaper that the Declaration of Independence is "damphoolishness" seems to be quite in accord with the Administration's opinion of that document.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

A. M. 1902 Franklin avenue.—Three miles.

BILL.—There is no premium on a 50-cent coin of 1831.

BARBER.—There is no premium on a 5-cent piece of 1853.

HARRY MAXWELL.—Better advertise. We know no better way.

W. B.—There is no premium on copper cent coins of 1853 and 1854.

AMBITION.—Law and usage are not at one. Better ask a banker.

W. STURGIS.—All the Post-Dispatch special cable is copyrighted.

P. C. A.—Monday and Friday nights are society nights at the theaters.

VERY ANXIOUS.—Write to W. P. Phillips, general secretary Red Cross Association, Washington, D. C.

O'FALLON.—The year 1900 was a leap year. So will be the year 4000, according to present mode of reckoning.

DAILY READER.—June 4, 1861, fell on Saturday. Nov. 28, 1872, fell on Thursday. We do not know the planets.

J. B.—Kindly excuse the Post-Dispatch for refusing to consider the relative personal cleanliness of Germans and English.

J. A. GUNNOM.—The President is eligible for a third term and a fourth and a tenth. There is no limit set by the Constitution.

G. K. Smith.—Dec. 24, 1874, fell on Thursday. There are little spiders at work in winter, which account for the webs. Brush them down.

L. D. NELSON.—Better write to Navy Department, John D. Long, secretary, for information about the U. S. S. Lancaster. We don't know where she is.

READER.—We are now in the 19th century, and will stay right there and then, till the stroke of midnight, Dec. 31, 1900. When we shall step into the 20th century.

S. M. JONES.—Your communication was too long for publication. It has been forwarded to the gentlemen interested, which course, we believe, will meet with your approval.

FRED GERHARDT.—We have no means of ascertaining the whereabouts of your family that you do not possess. Write to the postmaster of the place where they last were and to any citizens whose names you can get.

ED E. ED.—A baby born of German parents on a French liner on the way to America is a subject of Germany. France has no claim to his allegience. But if he remains in this country may choose American citizenship when he reaches his majority.

CONSTANT READER.—By latest report at hand Great Britain has 74 battleships, 21 coast defense ships, 34 armored cruisers, 104 other cruisers, 102 gunboats, 44 transport and dispatch boats, 286 torpedo boat and destroyers, besides school ships, obsolete vessels, etc., to the number of about 280.

SAPPHO.—Ordinary galvanic batteries, as distinguished from storage batteries, produce their own current and do not need to be charged by a dynamo. They cannot compete with storage batteries or dynamos, except for comparatively weak currents, being costly to run. They are used chiefly for telegraphing and electric bells.

G. O. H.—When you are 6 months old you are in your first year, but you are not 1 year old till you complete your first year. When you are 29 years and 1 day old you are in your 30th year, but you won't be 30 years old till you complete the 30th year, when you will pass into your 31st year. Dating from the beginning of the Christian era—its birth, we may say—the world was 1899 years old Dec. 31, midnight, and passed into the 1900th year at that moment. It will be 1900 years old Dec. 31, midnight, next. Then we shall pass into the 20th century.

No one knew, indeed Page himself could not have explained why he always kept his table filled with pink carnations. There was a dainty insolence about them, a subdued daring that spoke of her. Her eyes had held the same piquancy, her lips the same red freshness—but that was no reason.

He put down the pipe he had no business to be smoking, for the typhoid that had nearly killed him had left him too weak even to rise from the sofa on which he lay, and threw one arm back of his head. It had been a long time ago—five years—and he still remembered.

Remembered!—well, not always, but sickness had dimmed the rapid, full life of the present and carried him back to the time when he first learned to live. Back again to a young artist's pleasure, in the gold of her hair and the eyes so near the color of that gold. Hazel eyes, that could be anything—save truthful.

And that one night which was the last of it all. He closed his eyes to exclude everything but the picture of her, standing before him clad in the color of crushed carnations, her arms full of the same spicy blossoms that lay on the table before him, her lips and cheeks stained the color of the flowers in her hands.

The warm curve of her neck, the single deep carnation against the gold hair, and the eyes he had not believed in, grown proud and sad beneath his questions. All that they had missed only because of his lack of faith.

He had not seen her since, but he heard of her often, as did the rest of the world. He had followed her literary success, step by step, from the newspapers up through the magazines, until the last book of hers that had been given him to illustrate.

"Carnations" she had named it. A strong, sweet story, full of vigor, but so sad.

The afternoon deepened into twilight and the carriages of the diners-out began to roll down the street. He turned his head over wearily on the pillows she had made for him long ago, wondering if the years of success had brought her less girlishness. She must be 34 now.

In the dusk of the evening, with the perfume of her flower around him and none to know, he held out his arms to her. Then gradually the ache in his heart grew less and his eyelids fell heavy with sleep, over his tired eyes.

A carriage had stopped at the door a moment before and downstairs a woman's low voice fell unheeded on his sleeping brain.

She had read that he was ill, perhaps dying. The voice was almost tremulous. She was on her way to a dinner and would stay but a moment. "Thank you!"

On the stair sounded the soft frou-frou of trailing skirts, then a low knock touched the door. There was no reply. For one instant she leaned heavily against the wall. One sharp, quick-drawn breath, and then the door opened softly to admit a woman with hair of rich gold, in whose waves lay a single deep carnation.

The long opera coat slipped to the floor. She stood there breathlessly, a mass of rose tulle about her, her arms full of rose carnations; her eyes, the sad hazel eyes, on the face of the sleeping man.

He was lying on her pillows, with her flowers close to him. One step she took toward him. He stirred slightly and opened his eyes, staring before him at the carnations filling her table.

For thee, O passionate, bright carnation,
A boy's brief love for a time I knew,

he murmured gently.

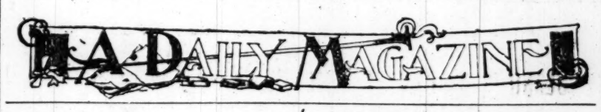
She did not move, but the warm blood

surged up into her face just as it had done that night. She stood before him as he turned his head, all in the color of crushed carnations, a slender girl with a woman's eyes, still proud and sad as they had been once.

Suddenly he raised himself on one elbow, staring passionately at her, trying to realize that it was she who stood before him. Then a low cry broke from him and he held out his arms:

"My love, my love, my love!" he whispered.

The carnations in her arms fell in a fragrant shower all around her. There was one moment deep with the silence that, in this busy world of ours, is vital. Then, brushing through the fragrant blossoms, she went to him.—Condensed from Chicago News.



THE NEW SLEEVE IS LIKE UNTO THIS.

According to the Lady's Pictorial, this new sleeve is finding particular favor among fashionable women of Europe.

A PROSY POEM.

A rustic youth, with laughing eye, sat on a stump munching pie. A lop-eared mule, with a paint brush tail, near by on clover did regale. A bumble bee came sailing along, and paused to sing the mule a song; but the mule for music had no ear, so his heels flew through the atmosphere, and over the top of an apple tree the boy soared on to eternity.

HANDS WANTED.

Lady: You ought to be ashamed to admit that you can't find anything to do when the papers say they want thousands of farm hands out West.

Sandy Pikes: Farm hands? Why, I ain't got farm hands, lady. I've got city hands.

MATRIMONIAL JOYS.

Young Mother: I can't imagine what makes the baby cry so.

Young Father: I'll bet he heard me say I managed to get a little sleep last night.

MOTHER SONG.

White little hands!
Pink little feet!
Dimpled all over,
Sweet, sweet, sweet!
What dost thou wail for?
The unknown? the unseen?
The ills that are coming,
The joys that have been?

Cling to me closer,
Closer and closer,
Till the pain that is purer
Hath banish'd the grosser.
Drain, drain at the stream, love,
Thy hunger is freeing,
That was born in a dream, love,
Along with thy being!

Little fingers that feel
For their home on my breast,
Little lips that appeal
For their nurture, their rest!
Why, dost thou weep, dear?
Nay, stifle thy cries,
Till the dew of thy sleep, dear,
Lies soft on thy eyes.

—Alfred Austin.

THE TELEPHONE'S VOICE.

It is hard to realize that the voice one hears over the telephone is not the voice of the person who is talking. It sounds exactly like the real tones, drawn out thin and small and carried from a long distance by some mechanical means—but it is not. When one speaks into the instrument, a little diaphragm, like a drum head, begins to vibrate, and each vibration sends a wave of electricity over the wire. These waves set up a mimic vibration in another diaphragm at the opposite end, which jars the air and produces an imitation of the original voice. This is not a very scientific explanation, but it is accurate. The autograph telegraph, which makes a facsimile of handwriting, is a fair parallel. Your message is written with a pen attached to a special electric apparatus, and a little ink siphon at the other end of the line exactly imitates every dot and curve. The result seems like the real thing, but is merely a first-class counterfeit.

GREAT DIPLOMATS BEGIN YOUNG.

"I don't love you any more, grandpa," said 4-year-old Nellie the other day. "Why not, Nellie?" asked grandpa, in surprise. "Because," replied the little diplomat, "I love you so much already that I haven't room for any more. Please give me 5 cents to buy candy with."

WANTED—AN OPPORTUNITY.

Miss Younger: Don't you admire a man who can say the right thing at the right time?

Miss Elder: I'm sure I could if I ever had the pleasure of meeting such a man.

AN INCREASE.

Banker: You and the boy in the adjoining office appear to be good friends.

Jimmy: Yes, sir; we wuz raised together.

Banker: Ah!

Jimmy: Yep; his boss give him a dollar more de same time you did me.

AT THE CAKE-WALK.

Committee: Mistah White, doan yo' know it's polite to hab yo' overcoat on yo' arm?

Mr. White: Yes, but at a place like dis it's safer to hab yo' arm on yo' overcoat.

EXTRA FRAGILE.

Guide: Take care, Baron, that you don't fall! Your neck would break very easy.—Hoftere Welt.

FOR THE WORL'S FAIR

"The close of the Fair would leave St. Louis favorably known among all nations for the fulfillment of its pledges, its public departments improved and embellished, its population and wealth increased, and above all the honor of having furnished the educational advantages of an international exhibit."

JULIUS S. WALSH,
President Mississippi Valley Trust Co.
(In the Post-Dispatch.)

Cooper County for the World's Fair.

BOONVILLE, Mo., Dec. 28, 1899.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

Dear Sir: In reply to yours of recent date, we could not be considered true and loyal Americans were we not heartily in accord with you, in the good work you have begun in commemoration of the Louisiana Purchase.

The whole world seems to realize that the cause for which we are now preparing to celebrate, demands that it eclipse all former expositions, and the interest that is being manifested by those not in the confines of this territory should stimulate us to give you not only our moral, but financial support. Sincerely yours,

CHAS. MEIERHOFFER, Mayor.

Johnson County for the Fair.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

The citizens of Warrensburg all feel a home pride in the World's Fair to be held in St. Louis. We are watching with eager eyes the efforts being made by St. Louis, and while few of us can go to Paris, we will all be in line for the Great World's Fair in St. Louis.

JOHN H. WILSON, Mayor.
City Hall, Warrensburg, Mo.

Deserves Hearty Support.

From the Troy (Mo.) News.

The men having in charge the World's Fair are pushing the enterprise forward steadily and there is little doubt that the affair will soon reach a stage where it will be in shape to turn over to the people for their action at the ballot box. The Fair will be a great thing for St. Louis and the entire State and desrves the hearty support of every patriotic and progressive citizen.

The Opportunity of a Lifetime.

From the Texas Farm and Ranch.

"One of the greatest expositions up to that date will be held at St. Louis in 1903, commemorative of the Louisiana Purchase, which occurred in 1803, by which all the vast territory west of the Mississippi, to the borders of Texas, New Mexico, Washington, Oregon and California, became a part of the United States. St. Louis, as the commercial metropolis of this great section, and with the experience of all that has gone before, and with more money for its promotion, will make the event historic. All the states and many nations will be represented at this exposition. Texas cannot afford to let the opportunity pass without a showing worthy of her material greatness. Texas is not a part of the Louisiana Purchase, but is worth 20 times the amount paid France for the Louisiana territory, and is connected with the great City of St. Louis, and all her tributary territory, by business interests that can not be overlooked. In times past Texas had her smokehouse in St. Louis, bought her flour there, and most of her fruits and vegetables, and furnished nothing in return but dearly earned cotton money. Now the traffic has become mutual. We still buy in St. Louis, but we sell in St. Louis also; and this business is increasing every year, profitable for both parties. Texas, on account of her resources and importance as the Empire State of the Southwest, should have an exhibit at this great exhibition second to that of no other State. There never has been, and probably never will be again, at least for many years, so favorable an occasion for placing our great State properly before the world. If there are constitutional, legal or other impediments in the way of this consummation, they should be removed. There is ample time for every preliminary, but it is best to commence these preliminaries now. This article is thus intended.

Chicago Will Help.

From the Chicago News.

Commissioner-General Peck of Chicago has declared himself as heartily in favor of St. Louis' big celebration in 1903, the centennial year of the Louisiana Purchase. Chicago and the nation at large will join hands with Mr. Peck and with St. Louis on this matter. If any event in American history ever deserved special celebration by the people, and more particularly by the people of the West, that event is the Louisiana Purchase, the addition to the young republic of an empire. St. Louis will be justified in running the World's Fair a close race in 1903, and Chicago will help St. Louis to success in every way possible.

SECRET OF BLUSHING.

Harriet Hubbard Ayer Tells Post-Dispatch Lady Readers of Its Cause and Cure.

To the Editor of The Post-Dispatch.

Will you kindly inform me what to do for blushing and what causes it? And oblige

IMPATIENCE.

UNFORTUNATELY blushing is overcome only by the painful process known as hardening. Only very sensitive people blush.

Women, sometimes even at an advanced age, blush with the radiance of a June rose, but rarely does a man retain such sensibility as blushing indicates after he has passed his 25th birthday.

Blushing is not an art, although there is an idea abroad that women are clever enough to blush when they feel inclined to exhibit this conceded symptom of bashfulness.

The fact is that it is as natural for some girls to blush as it is for others to turn ghastly white when much disturbed or embarrassed.

The same laws of nature govern blushing and sudden pallor.

The capillaries, or small blood vessels, which conect the arteries and veins in the body, form a sort of network, particularly over the cheeks. This network is made up of such tiny veins that it requires a microscope to distinguish them.

When one is in a passive condition the blood flows through these various vessels in normal quantities.

But when the subject becomes agitated, or some sudden emotion increases the action of the heart, a hot thrill leaps to the head, and is instantly indicated in the bright wave of color that suffuses cheeks and sometimes even the throat.

Even joy will sometimes cause a sickly pallor rather than a rosy flush to overspread the face, but horror, remorse or fear influences the nerves which control the blood vessels and invariably cause the face to become deadly white or of a waxen shade.

Understand that I cannot, as I have frequently been asked to do so by readers of this column, give a lotion to cure th habit of blushing.

When do you blush? I'll answer for you, for unless I am very much mistaken there is one young man who only need look at you to see your heart going pit-a-pat at the rate of a thousand beats a minute.

My dear, after all he he is really only one young man out of a world containing several trillions of his kind.

To be sure he is at this time of writing the only one in the universe.

But you'll have to steel yourself to the awful task of meeting that young wonderful orbs without an attack of heart disease in a mild form.

It's a difficult matter to advise you, but if you make up your mind to do it you can acomplish the magnificent feat of looking directly into those eyes without a change of color in your pretty face.

I don't know that you will gain much, while he will certainly be the loser, for the innocent blush of a young girl is a lovely sight to the loving man who causes it.

You cannot cure blushing in general without a big try.

Contact with the world, "going out into society," as the term is comprehended, is the best medicine for the blusher of either sex.

HARRIET HUBBARD AYER.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

(This column is open to everybody who has a complaint to make, a grievance to ventilate, information to give or a subject of general interest to discuss, or a public service to acknowledge, and who can put the idea into the fewest words possible. Letters from persons seeking employment cannot be given place in this column.)

A Sweeping Assertion.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

I read in yesterday's Post-Dispatch a letter from a man who signs himself "A Reader," and want to say that any man who cannot find work in St. Louis does not want it.

I have earned my own living since I was 13 years of age and am now 24, and was never out of work over three days at a time and that was seldom.

St. Louis. ANOTHER READER.

Another Puzzled Reader.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

I cannot understand how, if the years are numbered as our ages are, they can make it out that the twentieth century does not begin until Jan. 1, 1901. When we reached 1899, 99 years had passed, and it was not the beginning of 1899, but the beginning of the hundreth year; therefore when we reached 1900, the 100 years had passed and we began on the twentieth century, and if the twentieth century does not begin until January, 1901, as contended by so many, then it must begin with the second year and not the first. Unless the years are figured in some other way, I cannot understand why the twentieth century did not begin on the first day of January, 1900, which was yesterday, and if it is not so, they will have to "show me."

A MISSOURIAN.

St. Louis.

"When we reached 1899," 99 years had not passed. Not until the last second of 1899 had the full 99 years passed. So with the hundreth year; it must be lived through to the final second before a century is completed.—Ed. Post-Dispatch.

British Foreign Policy.

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In a morning paper I read the following: "The London press urges the withholding of opinions by other nations until the facts are fully known"—referring to late seizure of a German vessel by a British cruiser off Delagoa Bay).

This same "press," in its respective issues of the same date, busies itself with citing "parallel cases" during past wars, which are advanced as precedents for the recent seizures of several neutral vessels in neutral waters. Pray tell me how England becomes possessed of "the facts" in this case so far in advance of the "German press?" Why should Germany "wait for the facts" when these could be so quickly made known by the "London press?" Perhaps the Germans might also look up precedents.

No, England's policy is now, and ever has been, to hesitate at no infraction of the laws, either of nations or of humanity, when she is in an extremity. She then piously calls for a "congress" to be held long after the fruits of her iniquity have been safely garnered. Should the finding of such congress be adverse to England, she simply "goes down" into her pocket and pays the penalty.

So the game is played from century to century. "The other powers" have so frequently compounded the felonies of Great Britain that the world seems to have parted company with that noble conception of justice which divinity planted in the breast of man.

This world will never be truly enlightened until it shall have fathomed the depths of British obliquity. In sinning England is always one lap ahead of the verdict of any of your "congresses of powers."

The thinking men of the world have long since come to the conclusion that "as the head, and is instantly indicated in the bright wave of color that suffuses cheeks and sometimes even the throat.

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John Bull, "His filth within him cast, he would appear a pond as deep as hell.

St. Louis. I. C.

Harmful Red Tape.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

To-day I boarded Market Street Division of the St. Louis Transit Co.'s line at Thirty-first street, intending to transfer to North Vandeventer to visit a sick relative. As the conductor passed through I failed to get my transfer. When he came back we had gone three blocks. In a very polite manner I asked for a transfer. He gave me to understand that it was against the rules, thereby compelling me to walk 15 blocks.

St. Louis. J. W. J.

Only Ninety-Nine Years.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

When a person reaches the first anniversary of his birth or is one year old he has passed a year of his life and immediately enters his second year. If he lives to reach his one hundredth anniversary he has passed 100 years and immediately begins his one hundred and first year and his second century. In view of this fact why have not we passed 1900 full years in this era and why did we not enter the twentieth century at an infinitesimal part of a second after 12 o'clock midnight, Dec. 31, 1899?

ONE WHO WOULD LIKE TO KNOW.

At the tenth anniversary or birthday a child has only lived nine full years. So at his one hundredth anniversary a man has not lived 100 years, but only 99. He must reach his one hundred and first birthday to have lived a full 100 years.—Ed. Post-Dispatch.

The Twentieth Century.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

There has been for several days quite a lot of argument as to when the twentieth century begins. For the benefit of the many Post-Dispatch readers in Little Rock I submit the following table, which gives the whole thing in a nut shell:

Beginning Month	Beginning Date	Beginning Year	No. of Century.	Ending Month	Ending Date	Ending Year
Jan.	1	1	First Century	Dec.	31	100
Jan.	1	101	Second Century	Dec.	31	200
Jan.	1	201	Third Century	Dec.	31	300
Jan.	1	301	Fourth Century	Dec.	31	400
Jan.	1	401	Fifth Century	Dec.	31	500
Jan.	1	501	Sixth Century	Dec.	31	600
Jan.	1	601	Seventh Century	Dec.	31	700
Jan.	1	701	Eighth Century	Dec.	31	800
Jan.	1	801	Ninth Century	Dec.	31	900
Jan.	1	901	Tenth Century	Dec.	31	1000
Jan.	1	1001	Eleventh Century	Dec.	31	1100
Jan.	1	1101	Twelfth Century	Dec.	31	1200
Jan.	1	1201	Thirteenth Century	Dec.	31	1300
Jan.	1	1301	Fourteenth Century	Dec.	31	1400
Jan.	1	1401	Fifteenth Century	Dec.	31	1500
Jan.	1	1501	Sixteenth Century	Dec.	31	1600
Jan.	1	1601	Seventeenth Century	Dec.	31	1700
Jan.	1	1701	Eighteenth Century	Dec.	31	1800
Jan.	1	1801	Nineteenth Century	Dec.	31	1900
Jan.	1	1901	Twentieth Century	Dec.	31	2000

This table dates from the birth of Christ to the end of the twentieth century.

Little Rock, Ark., Jan. 1, 1900.

Noisy Grand Avenue Street Cars.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

The people living along the line of the Grand avenue railroad have for the last three weeks realized to some extent what may be expected from a railroad monopoly. The noise made by those cars, the flat wheels and loose bolts, over loose jointed rails, should be tolerated no longer, and the citizens living along the line of this road should meet at once and organize for legal redress. If we had a good administration that was worth a "damn" this nuisance would have been abated long ago.

ANTI-NOISOPOLIST.

St. Louis.

TWO ENGAGEMENTS ON SOUTH OF THE ORANGE.

Boers Reopen on Gen. French at Colesberg and Attack Gen. Gatacre's Troops at Molteno.

Gen. French Not So Successful in His Flank Movement as Was Reported.

THE BOERS CAME BACK.

ANNOUNCES THAT HE COULD DISLODGE THE ENEMY IF HE HAD REINFORCEMENTS.

London Grows Anxious Over the Situation at Ladysmith and Expects to Hear of Buller's Passage of the Tugela River.

GEN. REDVERS BULLER.
(From a Photograph.)
As the Commander of British Army on the Tugela Appears Inspecting His Lines.

STERKSTROEM, Cape Colony, Jan. 3. Morning.—The Boers attacked Molteno this morning. A brisk action is now in progress.

NAAUWPOORT, Cape Colony, Jan. 3.—There was brisk fighting to-day in the hills around Colesberg. The Boers stubbornly resisted the British at every point, but gradually retreated.

The British held the extreme position to the south and east, overlooking the town.

LONDON, Jan. 3.—Two battles are in progress to-day in South Africa, but the forces engaged are not large, and the result will probably not be decisive.

Gen. French is fighting at Colesberg and Gatacre at Molteno.

Advices from Colesberg tend to modify the estimate of Gen. French's success. The predicted occupation of Colesberg had not been accomplished last evening, while the Boer guns, announced to have been silenced, were still active. The War Office this afternoon issued a dispatch, received from Gen. French under yesterday's date, saying his position was the same as on the previous day, that with small reinforcements he could dislodge the Boers from Colesberg and in the meantime he continued maneuvering.

Nothing further has been heard from Molteno, which was reported from Sterkstroem to have been attacked by the Boer this morning. So far as known here, there is only a small force there.

A special dispatch from Rensberg, dated Tuesday, Jan. 2, says a supply train, without a locomotive, was set in motion within the British lines near Colesberg and proceeded so near the Boer position that it was impossible to recover it and the British guns therefore destroyed the trucks. It is suspected that this was the act of a traitor.

The total British casualties about Colesberg in two days were six men killed and 28 wounded.

Gen. Buller continues his night bombardments and patrol surprises. As the Tugela River is again fordable and the stretcher bearers have again been requisitioned at Durban and Pietermaritzburg, there is a disposition to believe that the British advance will not be long delayed.

It is reported at Durban that the captured German steamer Bundersrath had on board five big guns, 50 tons of shells and 180 trained artillerymen.

There is a deepening sense of anxiety respecting Ladysmith, whence most disheartening reports of the prevalence of sickness are received. Gen. White reported a list of ninety-six deaths yesterday from enteric fever and dysentery and 31 serious cases in the hospital. Dr. Jameson has all the work he can do in that fever nest. It is evident that the garrison cannot hold out long and that Buller will not allow many days to pass before striking a blow. Transports with fresh battalions and batteries arrived at Durban yesterday and within 48 hours Buller ought to be in readiness for a supreme effort. The Boer line of defense is now described as 16 miles in length, having been extended up and down the Tugela in order to prevent a turning movement.

The Morning Leader's war expert to-day says: "A most distinguished officer, an old comrade of Gen. Buller, significantly said yesterday afternoon, while talking of the latter's position on the Tugela River: 'Heavy accounts are generally settled on the fourth of the month, I believe.'"

ENGLAND'S ARMY IN THE FIELD.

Special Cable to the Post-Dispatch.

LONDON, Jan. 3.—Lieut. Churchill's estimate made in a cablegram from Gen. Buller's headquarters that England will find employment for 250,000 fighting men, is being verified. Yesterday the admiralty chartered eight more large transports. When all the troops destined for South Africa join those already there, Lord Roberts will be in command of about 200,000 men.

The Standard predicts that 100,000 more will be equipped at once.

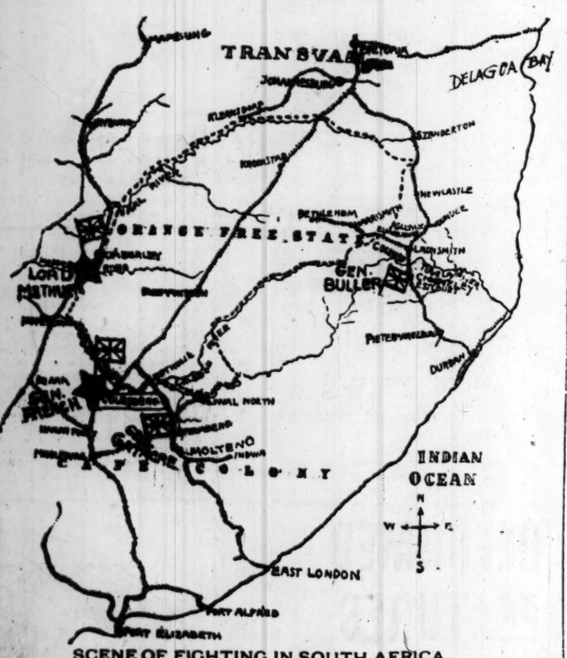
Three full divisions of the regular army are now in process of arrival at the Cape, on the way thither, or under sailing orders. The reinforcements already arranged for are as follows:

Volunteers	7,000
Yeomanry	3,000
Fifth Division	11,000
Sixth Division	11,000
Seventh Division	11,000
Cavalry Brigade	1,200
Reinforcing drafts (about)	12,000
Canadians and Australians	2,000
Total	58,200

Of the above about 9000 officers and men, belonging to the Fifth Division (Warren's), have reached Gen. Buller.

British troops already in South Africa, including the First Army Corps (about)	78,500
Reinforcements	58,200
Total	136,700
Deduct casualties (about)	7,000
Net total	129,700

This does not include the Colonial and irregular troops in Cape Colony and Natal, which probably number from 25,000 to 30,000.



SCENE OF FIGHTING IN SOUTH AFRICA.

The map shows the position of all the contending forces—Buller facing Joubert on the Tugela; Methuen against Cronje on the Modder; Gatacre and French operating in the center in an attempt to force a passage of the Orange River and draw off Boers from in front of Buller and Methuen. The following table of distances will be helpful in understanding military positions indicated on the map:

	Miles.
From the sea to Kimberley	647
From the sea to Colesberg	300
From the sea to Molteno	250
Colesberg to Orange River	20
Molteno to Colesberg (by rail)	100
From the sea to Tugela River	173
Pretoria to Delagoa Bay	349
Pretoria to Durban	511
From the sea to Bloemfontein	450

WHERE THE BRITONS ARE FACING BOERS.

The Topography of the Region Where the Contending Armies Are Operating Offers Many Advantages to the Two Republics.

No correct understanding of the task or position of the English army in South Africa can be had without a knowledge of the geography and topography of the Transvaal and the Orange Free State—especially of the border lines of these two republics. The fighting and tactics of the last two months have been about Ladysmith, Mafeking, Kimberley, Modder River, Tugela River, Colesburg, Stormberg and Molteno.

The boundaries of the Transvaal and the Orange Free State, which the English must cross before they can conquer, are formed by the Mkusi, Umwotosi and Tugela rivers, the Kathlamba or Drakenberg mountains and the Modder and Orange rivers. At every point on the southern, southeastern and southwestern approaches to the republics there is either a river to be crossed, an open plateau to be marched over or a plateau and mountain wall to be scaled.

The Mkusi, Umwotosi and Tugela rivers sweep across the southeastern border of the Transvaal, the Tugela forming a barrier to the approach to Ladysmith, Dundee and Majuba Hill. The mountain elevations here range from 1200 feet above the level of the sea to more than 11,000 feet. This is in Natal land, where the English occupy the plain approaches and the Boers hold the mountain heights. The Tugela is deep, swift, has slippery banks and is exposed to gun fire from the hill and mountain crests. In this neighborhood, and also at Colenso, on the Tugela, there are peaks like Mount Aux Gources, 11,158 feet in height; Mount Melanie, 7900 feet in height; Majuba, 7600 feet; Champagne Castle, 10,357 feet, and Giant's Castle, 9657 feet. The Boers are familiar with every trail of the ranges, have excellent artillery at the passes and guns that command fordable places in the streams. Topographically, the English are in the position of a man who must fight uphill a distance of over 150 miles before he passes Majuba and enters the Transvaal valleys.

The Drakenberg range forms part of the southern boundary of the Transvaal and nearly all of the eastern boundary of the Orange Free State. At Bushe Buthe, Ladybrand, Thlosti, Ongeluks Nek and Zastron the elevations run from 1000 to 8000 feet, while the passes are few, the streams usually swollen with floods and the trails obscure or misleading. It is probably evident that the English are without mountain guides and can not rely on the loyalty of the Natal Dutch to give them accurate information.

In the Colesberg district, where French and Gatacre are fighting today, due south of the Orange Free State, the Orange River forms a barrier of no small size. The stream is one of the noble South African waterways, often impassable, and well guarded on the Boer side by plateaus and small ranges from 500 to 1000 feet high. The Modder River breaks away from the Orange, south of Kimberley, and forms a second obstacle to the approach to the diamond fields. About the Modder River and Kimberley the elevations reach a height of 1100 feet and are controlled by the Boers.

The English column of Gen. Buller is at Tugela River; Methuen is at Modder River, White is cooped up in Ladysmith, Gatacre and French are operating around Colesberg and Molteno. Topographically, Buller has a climb before him averaging 5000 feet; Methuen's climb will average 2500 feet; White has Boer guns looking down upon him from an elevation of 500 feet, and Kimberley is commanded by guns from 600 to 700 feet above its plane.

If this outer prospect is not inviting, the inner topographical formation of the Transvaal is less so. The inner rim is known as the Roggeveld, Nieuweveld and Quathlamba ranges. The highest point is the Mauchberg, 8725 feet. There are several ridges known as Verzamelburg, Ranberg, Slaugaplesberg and Komatiberg. These fall precipitously eastward toward the Libomba range, which maintains a mean elevation of 2000 feet.

Besides all these obstacles to successful invasion, Pretoria, if the British ever reach it, will be found to be strongly fortified, as was Sevastopol, with the difference that it has as protectors the best guns of Europe's factories, and will be defended by a people fighting for their homes.

DR. LEYDS SEEMS IN FAVOR

He Meets Queen Wilhelmina of Holland at the Court Ball and Sees the Foreign Minister.

THE HAGUE, Jan. 3.—Dr. Leyds, the diplomatic agent of the Transvaal, attended the New Year's ball at the Palace yesterday evening. Queen Wilhelmina conversed several times with him. He was received by the Foreign Minister to-day.

ENGLAND IS CALLED TO TIME

United States Demands Explanation of Seizure of Foodstuffs Shipped From American Ports.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—The general opinion in official circles is that England must admit its action wrong in seizing foodstuffs in Delagoa Bay, shipped from United States ports and consigned to neutrals, as a result of the demand made by this Government yesterday, through Ambassador Choate, on the British Foreign Office for "a declaration of policy and a concession of liability."

As a general proposition, it is considered that for England to declare foodstuffs to be contraband of war under any circumstances would be a dangerous action, inasmuch as Britain herself relies upon the outside world for about two-thirds of her provisions.

The United States' demand makes two points:

First—A neutral port cannot be blockaded, and Great Britain's blockade of Delagoa Bay is unwarranted and contrary to the law of nations.

Second—Flour, corn and meal are not contraband of war unless addressed to the camp of the enemy. It can even be sent into the territory of the enemy to merchants. It certainly cannot be stopped when consigned to a neutral port to enutral merchants.

It has been officially reported that Germany has taken action—probably somewhat similar to that now taken by the United States—in the case of the seizure of the German imperial mail steamer Bundesrath.

Great Britain has thus far failed to state the ground on which the cargoes were intercepted and forced ashore at East London ahead of Lorenzo Marquez. The ships are held at East London and the cargoes are in warehouses in British possession.

FRANCE NOT A BARGAIN DRIVER

General Official Opinion Is That No Advantage Will Be Taken of England in Newfoundland.

PARIS, Jan. 3.—The opinion has been expressed in official circles that the modus vivendi between Great Britain and France regarding Newfoundland will be extended for another year. There seems to be no disposition upon the part of France to take advantage of Great Britain's uncomfortable situation in the Transvaal to force an unfair settlement of a matter not regarded as vital. France is in the position of being willing to sell her fishing rights, but she considers it proper for Great Britain to make the first proposition. Thus the matter stands in abeyance.

CRITICISING THE WAR OFFICE

Trying to Fix the Responsibility for the Many Blunders of the Campaign.

LONDON, Jan. 3.—The Morning Post's military expert says:

"Lord Ernest Hamilton, in a letter to the editor of the Post, describes these articles as a crusade against the civil side of the War Office. This is not accurate. No charges have been brought against any one. The unfortunate course of the war has been attributed to a want of foresight and of preparation and the entire Cabinet held responsible. With regard to the military officers the only comment has been to protest against an attempt to blame the intelligence division.

"Lord Ernest Hamilton, however, brings definite charges against those in high military places, of whom he says that they have shown themselves unequal to their work.

"He suggests that British Generals do not know their business and that the Commander-in-Chief (Lord Wolseley) was by his own admission insufficiently informed as to the Boer forces. All these charges may be true, and it will perhaps be necessary to discuss them in the future."

The Daily Mail to-day says:

"Lord Wolseley's unusual silence implies that he would be the last person to court any kind of an inquiry on the vital question whether he is responsible for the many blunders that have made us the laughing stock of the world. The inquiry is one that he will strictly avoid."

The row between the civil and the military branches of the War Office is slowly coming to head, and it is accompanied by guarded discussion in private of impending changes in the Cabinet.

TO BREAK HEMP CORNER.

Cordage Men Pleased With the Action of Secretary Root.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—The announcement that Secretary Root had cabled Gen. Otis to open the southern ports in the Philippines in order to break the corner in hemp was received with unbounded satisfaction by the cordage men in this city.

A representative of the American Manufacturing Co., which employs about 1500 hands, has predicted that the price of Manila hemp would break within a week.

"The normal price of Manila hemp," he said, "is 4½ cents, and Mexican sisal 2 cents. The embargo on the shipments of hemp from southern Philippine ports has resulted in the product being cornered by London speculators, and the price to-day is 14½ cents for Manila and 9½ cents for Mexican sisal, for immediate delivery. To show that lower prices depend absolutely on the opening of the southern ports of the Philippines, it is only necessary to say that the same London hemp handlers who are now demanded 14½ cents for Manila hemp for immediate delivery, guaranteed to bill it at 10½ cents as soon as the ports are open. There are no stocks of Manila hemp carried by firms in this country. London handles it all. We have an agent in the Philippines who has gone all over the ground, and he assures us that the natives have gone right on raising and cleaning hemp during the war, and that the warehouses in the Southern Philippines are fairly bursting with the product. He asserts further that the natives are cordial toward the Americans, and are able to protect their property with but little assistance. The London speculators, however, have their agents all through the southern ports, and they are making all the trouble they can by stirring and spreading false rumors about smuggling and insurrections where none really exist. It helps them out and keeps the market cornered. Just as soon as the ports are open the price of Manila hemp will drop to 10 cents. Meanwhile the Mexican hemp raisers are rolling in wealth. Three years ago sisal was so cheap down there that the planters would almost give you a plantation. Now you cannot buy one at any price. The normal price of sisal is 3 cents, and within the last five years it has sold as low as 2 cents. The Manila hemp is the only kind that can be used for marine purposes. The water rots and stiffens rope made from anything but Manila fiber, which seems to grow more pliable when wet, while it retains its full strength."

STREET RAILWAYS WIN.

Franchises in Milwaukee Extended Thirty Years, Despite Injunctions.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Jan. 3.—In spite of the fact that three injunctions were hanging over the heads of the Mayor, City Clerk and members of the Common Council, restraining those officials from creating the street railway ordinance into a law, the measure was finally passed by the Common Council at last night's session, by a vote of 25 to 1, and 16 members refusing to vote. The ordinance calls for the sale of 25 tickets for $1, good for certain hours, morning and evening, until 1905, after which time a 4-cent fare will rule all day. The street railway's present franchise and certain other new ones are extended to 1934.

Judge Ludwig is listening to arguments to-day upon injunction proceedings, and may order the arrest of the city fathers for contempt of court before the day is past.

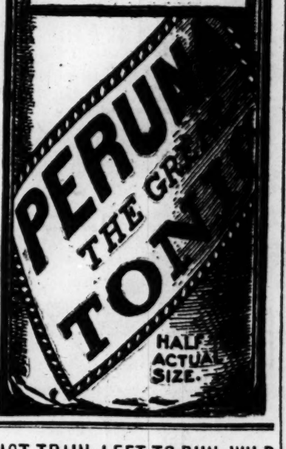
SHOT DOWN FROM AMBUSH.

Murderer of a Missouri Farmer Is Still Unknown.

MILL SPRING, Mo., Jan. 3.—Andrew J. Wiggins was shot from ambush and killed on his way home from here yesterday afternoon. There is no clew to the murderer.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

DR CATARRH
COLDS COUGHS SORE-THROAT GRIPPE CROUP HOARSENESS

MRS. GEN. LONGSTREET
Says: "Besides being a good tonic Peruna is an effective cure for catarrh. I recommend your remedy, Peruna."


FAST TRAIN LEFT TO RUN WILD

Engineer Falls Out of the Cab and the Fireman Does Not Discover His Absence for Some Time.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Io., Jan. 2.—E. J. Fiske, the engineer of the Overland Limited train of the Chicago & Northwestern, who was yesterday thrown from his cab near Mechanicsville is still unconscious and unable to explain the accident. The train ran wild at high rate of speed for some time before the fireman, who was shoveling coal, noticed the absence of the engineer, and had gone by Mechanicsville, where it should have stopped, before the locomotive could be controlled. Fiske will probably die.

SEEMS NEAR AN END.

Roberts Inquiry Will Close Unless Congressman Objects to a Deposition.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—A statement has been received from the remaining Utah witness who was to appear before the committee investigating the case of Mr. Roberts of Utah, giving the substance of the evidence he would give if sworn by the committee. This statement will be presented to the committee when it reassembles to-morrow, and if Mr. Roberts concedes that the witness would so testify it will be unnecessary to have him come from Utah. Otherwise, the offer will be made to bring on the witness in case his evidence is considered desirable. The material feature of the testimony is said to be as to the marital relations existing between Roberts and Mrs. Maggie Shipp Roberts.

JOHN RUSSELL IS SPEAKER.

Mississippi Legislature Is Organized and Ready for Work.

JACKSON, Miss., Jan. 3.—The Mississippi Legislature has chosen Judge Russell of Meridian, brother of the president of the Mobile & Ohio Railroad, Speaker of the House and L. Pink Smith of Greenville, clerk. John R. Dinsmore of Macon was elected President pro tem of the Senate; John Y. Murray of Ripley, secretary.

NEW OFFICERS ARE CHOSEN.

C. B. Elkins of Ozark President of the State Board of Health.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Jan. 3.—New officers of the State Board of Health chosen at their meeting in this city are: President, C. B. Elkins of Ozark; vice-president, J. T. McClanahan of Boonville; secretary, E. L. McElwee of St. Louis.

FORCING A CLAIM OF FRANCE.

Threat Made to Put Embargo on Santo Domingo Revenues.

SANTO DOMINGO, Jan. 3 (via Haytien cable).—The United States gunboat Machias is in port. The French Consul here is pressing the Boismare-Caccavelli claim of 280,000 francs, payment of which is overdue. He threatens to embargo the government revenues. According to rumors the improvement company has failed to comply with its contract with the government regarding the payment of the claim. As the local lawyers refused to attend to the matter the Supreme Court has named a lawyer to act for the French Consul.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Harry Priess	Ustrick, Ill
Arnett B. Nelson	Ustrick, Ill
Charles P. Swirt	1117 Gano st
Sisale C. Kofuld	1712 Pope st
William H. Beckmeyer	109 St. George st
Lizzie Wasem	2405 De Kalb st
E. M. Myers	4190 Morgan st
Charlotte G. Pilcher	1025 Union av

18-Kt. Gold Wedding Rings.

Finest quality, prices from $3 to $20. Mermod & Jaccard's Broadway, cor Locust.

BIRTHS RECORDED.

C. E. and L. Stambaugh, 905 Chambers; girl.
W. and A. Schroeder, 5104 Bulwer; girl.
P. W. and K. J. Dugnan, 4110 N. 20th; boy.
J. and T. Hammelson, 154 Boreas; boy.
V. A. and I. Swanson, 914 N. 11th; boy.
C. L. and C. M. Linhlebum, 6624 Old Manchester; boy.
G. and B. Shetterly, 1439 N. 10th; girl.
H. and E. Stuckemeyer, 1502 Herder; girl.
W. and M. Friebeurizer, 236 Gano; girl.

BURIAL PERMITS.

Paulina Irt, 62, 1011 Lafarette; diabetes.
G. Kostrup, 21, 4251 Clay; dropsy.
Elbertine Kempa, 63, 1417 Benton; heart disease.
Caroline Schroeder, 80, 2214 N. 12th; senility.
G. Wilcox, 3, 1411 Cass; croup.
T. Steed, 13, 701 S. Compton; scarlet fever.
J. Repp, 41, 1751 Madison; consumption.
H. McGrath, 2, 919 Tyler; diphtheria.
Minerva Taggart, 43, 5118 Vernon; gastritis.
Catharine Smith, 49, 2412 Biddle; pneumonia.
Josephine Roth, 46, 4355 McRee; apoplexy.

Aged Man Cremated in His Home.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

BLOOMFIELD, Mo., Jan. 3.—Lemuel Story, aged 70 years, was cremated in his home, five miles north of this city, Saturday night. He lived alone.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

The New Buildings OF THE
BLEES MILITARY ACADEMY
Are Now Completed And Will Be Occupied
TUESDAY, JANUARY 9, 1900.
FOR CIRCULARS AND INFORMATION ADDRESS
BLEES MILITARY ACADEMY, MACON, MO.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

DIVIDEND NOTICE—American Car and Foundry Co., St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 2, 1900.—At a meeting of the board of directors, held this day, it was resolved that a dividend of 1¾ per cent on the preferred capital stock of the company be declared and paid on Thursday, Feb. 1, 1900, at the office of the Guaranty Trust Co. of New York, No. 65 Cedar st., New York City, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Jan. 10, 1900. This dividend to pay preferred capital stock dividend No. 3. Transfer books will close Wednesday, Jan. 10, 1900, and reopen Saturday, Feb. 3, 1900.
WM. McMILLAN, Treasurer.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

NOTICE OF STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.—Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Pulitzer Publishing Co. will be held at the office of the company, No. 513 Olive street, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., on Monday, Jan. 15, 1900, convening at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.
JOSEPH PULITZER, President.
D. W. WOODS, Secretary.
St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 30, 1899.

THE STATE NATIONAL BANK OF ST. LOUIS.—St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 29, 1899.—The regular annual meeting of the stockholders of this bank for the election of fifteen (15) directors, to serve for one year, will be held at the banking rooms, s. w. cor. 4th and Locust sts., Tuesday, Jan. 9, 1900. Polls open from 10 o'clock a. m. to 12 noon.
LOGAN TOMPKINS, Cashier.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING—Office Shults Belting Co., corner Bismarck and Barton streets, St. Louis, Dec. 28, 1899.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the company, for the election of five (5) directors, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the company, on Tuesday, Jan. 9, 1900. Polls open from 9 a. m. until 2 p. m.
B. C. ALVORD, Secretary. JNO. A. J. SHULTZ, President.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the John O'Brien Boiler Works Company, for the election of Directors, will be held at the office of said company, 11th and Mallanphy sts., on Wednesday, the 10th day of January, 1900, convening at 9 o'clock a. m.
JOHN O'BRIEN, President.
JOHN J. O'BRIEN, Secretary.

THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the S. E. Grote Paint Store Co., for the election of three (3) directors, to serve during the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the company, 521 St. Charles st., St. Louis, Mo., on the eighth day of January, 1900, at 3 p. m.
S. E. GROTE, President.
Attest: M. L. ELDRIDGE, Secretary.
St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 29, 1899.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE annual meeting of the Woman's Humane Society will be held at the Lindell Hotel Monday morning, Jan. 8, 1900, at 10 o'clock. By order of Board of Directors. Billie E. Comstock, Pres.
St. Louis, Dec. 28, 1899.

DAD'S STRENGTHENING DETS
ABSOLUTE SPECIFIC FOR Indigestion, Constipation, COLDS, SHATTERED NERVES.
A Dot is a tiny red pill, made only by the Dad Chem. Co., N. Y. 25c a bottle.

Save Money. Avoid Pain.
TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN.
Acknowledged to be the easiest and best painless extractors in St. Louis.

I had some difficult teeth extracted at the National Dental Parlors, and also had Crown and Bridgework absolutely without pain, and can cheerfully recommend them. MISS S. CARLIN, 4101 Olive st.

SET OF TEETH..$4 00 | GOLD FILLINGS..$1 up
Best Teeth ($ A. W.) $ 00 | SILVER FILLINGS..50c
22k GOLD CR'NS $ 00 | BRIDGEWORK....$4 00
No charge for extracting when teeth are ordered. A written guaranty for 10 years with all work. 720
National Dental Parlors, Olive Stras.
Open daily till 9 p. m. Sundays all day.

Delicious Flavor.
Strength, Purity and Old Age—these are the qualities that make
Old Scenter Rye
The Best Rye on the Market.
TRY IT.
H. L. GRIESEDIECK CO., Distributers, St. Louis.

Cutler's Carbolate of Iodine Pocket Inhaler
Is guaranteed to cure Catarrh
All druggists $1.00
W. H. SMITH & CO., Props. Buffalo, N. Y.

BUY THE GENUINE
SYRUP OF FIGS
... MANUFACTURED BY ...
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
NOTE THE NAME.

7 SUTHERLAND SISTERS' HAIR GROWER AND SCALP CLEANER
For 18 years the standard. Sold by druggists.

ABSOLUTELY PURE
Jack Frost Baking Powder
ALL GROCERS. POUND CAN, 25C

AMUSEMENTS.

(TO-DAY) Wed. Mat. 25c and 50c — CENTURY. — NIGHT AT 8:15 — Smyth & Rice present WILLIE COLLIER in His Own New Farce, MR. SMOOTH. Regular Mat. Saturday.

NEXT SUNDAY NIGHT — Charles Frohman's New York Criterion Theater Success, THE GIRL FROM MAXIM'S. Sale of Reserved Seats To-Morrow.

WED. MAT. (TO-DAY). Special Prices, $1.00, 75c, 50c, 25c — OLYMPIC. — Curtain at 8 o'clock. Charles Frohman presents HENRY MILLER in the Romantic Play, THE ONLY WAY. Regular Mat. Saturday.

JULIA ARTHUR — OLYMPIC — Next Monday — —IN— MORE THAN QUEEN. — Reserved Seats on Sale Thursday.

MUSIC HALL. — CASTLE SQUARE OPERA CO. — Matinee To-Day at 2 sharp—25c and 50c. Second week of the splendid double bill, H. M. S. PINAFORE and CAVALLERIA RUSTICANA. Ev'gs at 8 sharp—25c, 50c, 75c & $1; boxes $3 & $5. Next week—The Lower Harbor and Pirates of Pensance—not a line cut.

GRAND — HIGH-CLASS Attractions ONLY. No shows on Sats. — Matinee To-Day, 25c and 50c. — JACK AND THE BEANSTALK. — Next Sunday Mat.—A COLONIAL GIRL.

STANDARD. The Home of Folly—Two Frolics Daily. REILLY & WOODS' BIG SHOW, "ONE FLIGHT DOWN." Next Week—Fred Rider's NIGHT OWLS.

COLUMBIA — CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE. NO STOPS FROM 1 TILL 10:30 DAILY. WILLIAMS AND WALKER And their own company in the New Musical Farce, "THE POLICY PLAYERS." The Biggest Vaudeville offering ever made at a Continuous-Performance Theater.

HOPKINS — Reserved Sections 25c — Great Scenic Production of CUMBERLAND '61. Vaudeville, Broet & Rivere, Capitan, Binns & Binns, De Haven & May. DAILY MATS. 10-20-30 Next week—PAWN TICKET 210.

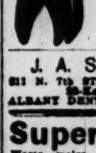
HAVLIN'S. 25c Matinees Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. 25c Matinee To-Morrow. — McFADDEN'S ROW OF FLATS. — Night Prices—15c, 25c, 35c, 50c. Sunday Matinee, January 7—In Old Kentucky.

ICE PALACE. — Cook and Channing Avs. SKATING DAY AND EVENINGS. HOCKEY GAME TO-NIGHT. ADMISSION, 25c. Next week—Minnie Cummings, Famous Fancy Skater.

STEINER'S Ticket Offices Established 1877.

Reduced Railway Rates TO ALL POINTS. Sleeping Car Reservation Secured. Baggage Checked to Destination. Member of American Ticket Brokers' Association. 210 N. 4th Street. Phone 3096 Main. Branch, 1007 Market St. Opp. Union Station. Phone 3096 Main.

DENTISTS.

NEW YORK DENTAL ROOMS. Leading Dentists. Established here 40 years. N. W. cor. Broadway and Olive. Entrance, 309 Olive st.

Extracting FREE when teeth are ordered. Largest and oldest dental establishment in the city. We employ the most skillful men in the profession. All work guaranteed. CONSULTATION FREE. Do not look for cheap dentists, but come to us and get reliable work at lowest prices. Open Sunday from 8:30 to 1 p. m.

J. A. SHOBER, DENTIST. 311 N. 7th ST., SUITE 707, HOLLAND BLDG. Bet. Pine and Chestnut. Main ALBANY DENTAL CO. Take ELEVATOR.

Superfluous Hairs. Warts, moles, scars, permanently removed without pain. PIMPLES, ECZEMA, PSORIASIS or scurvy and SCALY DISEASES quickly cured by a new method. Use "LEPIDOL" to remove freckles, tan, etc. Trial jar, 50c. JOHN WEBB, L. M. D., 307 Union Trust Building.

ESTABLISHED 26 YEARS. THE DEN WALKER LOAN CO. 213 NORTH SEVENTH ST. 213 (Ground Floor, Holland Building.) First class Loan Office. Private Loan Rooms.

PENNYROYAL. A QUICK RELIEF AND EGYPTIAN TANSY COMPOUND. Safe, powerful, reliable. Ladies! remedy imported from Egypt. Tansy cures. ONE DOLLAR. Will positively relieve irregularities and bring on menses in 24 hours. Guaranteed harmless. Sent by mail, sealed, plain wrapper, $1 a box. Write for pamphlet. Free Confidential Advice by our physicians. Egyptian Chemical Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

SPORTS OF THE DAY

THE BASEBALL WAR.

LOUISVILLE APPLIES FOR PLACE IN AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

OLD WESTERN LEAGUE PLANS.

They Contemplate Putting Teams in Several National League Strongholds.

Louisville is the latest applicant for a position in the American Association.

Col. I. F. Whiteside, who is at the head of the movement to put the national game back on its old footing in Louisville, has written to the St. Louis promoters of the American Association. In his letter he says:

"Your telegram wishing our enterprise success was received. I thank you for your kind wishes. There is no doubt that we will be able to raise from $35,000 to $50,000, and the sentiment here is decidedly in favor of a new league or association, framed after the plan of the old American Association. The big League, as it now exists, is in very bad repute with the baseball paying public, and the people would be glad if they would go somewhere and drown themselves.

"The sentiment here in fact is strongly in favor of a new league framed after the old American Association.

"The big League, as it now exists, is in bad shape with the paying public, and everybody wants a new deal. Please let me know by return mail how things stand in the American Association, what the prospects are for carrying out the scheme and what has been done to date."

Louisville parties also telegraphed McGraw of Baltimore for his opinion of the plan to organize a new club in Louisville and to place it in a new association. He replied:

"Baltimore, Md., Jan. 2.—Sporting Editor of the Courier-Journal, Louisville: Think your plan is a solution of the present condition. Either that or a rival organization in the way of an American Association.

"JOHN J. M'GRAW."

A special from Boston says that Tommy McCarty has secured for a year a lease on Charles River Park, Boston, and that he and Julian B. Hart are getting ready to put a team in the new American League. Very probably the American Association is what is meant, as McCarthy has been working with the managers of the latter organization.

TIPS FROM THE TURF.

The Racing at Both Winter Courses Becoming Decidedly Interesting.

The racing at both the winter race courses is now becoming decidedly interesting. The best horses are rounding into form and then the 2-year-olds having come of age, are now getting ready to race.

That is good news that comes from San Francisco to the effect that Barney Schreiber, the St. Louis turfman, has got fairly on his feet again and has made money enough to contemplate a trip to England. Schreiber's friends here are legion and his reputation for square dealing is common to among the local contingent who play the races. So, naturally, all hands are delighted to see him on top again.

Alex Shields, who is now racing his horses on the Pacific Coast talks of entering his Advance Guard and Zoroaster in the Brooklyn Handicap. Shields asked a friend what he though they would put on Zoroaster in the Brooklyn.

"Oh, about 90 pounds was the reply."

"I'd like to see him run in Brooklyn with 90 pounds up and Jack Martin," said Alec. "I'd like to see what he would do. But I don't know how good he is. When a horse of his age can pick up 118 pounds and gallop over a field as he did at Tanforan, he ought to have class enough to start in almost any company."

"What would be the betting on Zoroaster in the Brooklyn?"

"About 50 to 1," ventured the admirer of the little horse.

"Well, I'd have to string a hundred or two on him.," retorted Alec.

The interesting race at Tauforan Park on Wednesday is the fifth on the programme. It is at a mile and a half and the entries are Dr. Bernays 109, Fauinette 104, Stuttgart 104, Chimura 103, Fortis 102.

There is a handicap at New Orleans on Wednesday. It is the fourth race on the programme, and is at one and one-eighth miles. The entries are Miss Patron 98, School Girl 100, Virgie O. 100, Wolhurst 101, Pacemaker 106, Compensation 106, Strangest 106.

In the handicap at New Orleans Tuesday Strangest won. At the conclusion of the race Jockey Poucon, who had ridden the winner, fainted from sheer exhaustion.

The Texas delegation is cutting a wide swath at New Orleans this winter and is winning as much money as it used to win at St. Louis last summer. On Friday last, at New Orleans, the Texas delegation won itself rich over L. T. Caton in the seven-furlongs selling race, which opened the sport. This was L. T. Caton's first airing, and the regular followers, not knowing anything about him, pinned their faith to Uhlers. The Texans got an average of 4 to 1 for their commissions. Hugh Kane alone took $3200 out of the ring.

CRACK HOCKEY SEVENS.

Washington University and Maple Leaf Teams Meet Wednesday.

The crack hockey seven from Washington University will meet the champion Maple Leafs in the first championship game of the new year at the Ice Palace Wednesday night. The teams are very evenly matched and a good game is sure to result. The teams will line up as follows:

MapleLeafs.	Positions.	W. U.
McGilvray	Forward	Anderson
Woods	Forward	Harrison
Ross	Forward	Sensenev
Richardson	Forward	Sessinghaus
Gorman	Center	Snyder
Pennistor	Point	Curtis
Ladd	Goal	Reyburn

Referee—William Sylvester.

Champion John Nilsson, the greatest speed skater in the world, will arrive in this city next Thursday morning from Milwaukee, where he has been giving exhibitions of his sensational turn of speed. He will be accompanied by Miss Minnie Cummings of Minneapolis, who is regarded by many as the greatest trick and fancy skater in the world. She stated last year that she would issue a challenge to Miss Fannie Davidson, the acknowledged champion of the world, to meet her for the championship honors. Miss Cummings will appear at the Ice Palace next week and Nilsson will hold the bills the following week.

THE L. A. W. PRESIDENT

Does Not Anticipate Division of Racing Assembly on Racing Question.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 2.—President Keenan of the L. A. W. says he does not anticipate a serious division in the assembly on the racing question.

The delegates, he says, will have a common object in view, the good of the league, and a brief comparison of views will bring about a general understanding as to how this good may best be conserved.

"The Racing Board," continued President Keenan, "has merely received the incidental support from the executive to which it was entitled. The real work of the administration has lain in the direction of economising expenditures and nationalizing various departments of league work. The establishment of the touring bureau and the consummation of practical working alliance with foreign touring associations, have received far more attention from my colleagues of the Executive Committee and myself than has the question of racing control."

WITH THE BOXERS.

After Their Battle McCoy and Maher Meet and Shake Hands.

There were plenty of strange incidents occurring around Coney Island at the conclusion of the Maher-McCoy fight on New Year's Day.

Just after the fight Maher was sitting in a corner with his elbows on his knees and his head drooped dejectedly when McCoy came in. The Kid extended his hand, and Maher clasped it.

"How are you, old pal?" said McCoy, and before Maher could answer he continued: "Well, you gave me a good fight, Peter."

"Oh, I don't know," said the Irishman.

"It's the fortune of war," said the Kid. "One of us had to get licked, and you happened to be the one."

Maher showed the effects of the Kid's terrific blows. There was a black welt under his left eye; his right eye was also discolored below the lower lid, and there was a deep cut above the eyebrow. There was also a little knot under his left jaw that was probably caused by the knockout punch.

After his visit to Maher's room McCoy made preparations to go to his home at White Plains. He said he had not yet decided about his future.

"I want to think a little before I decide," said he. "I won't say this is my last fight, but this is my last winter in the fighting business. I will retire after this season. A man is compelled to deprive himself of too many luxuries in this life if he follows the fighting business."

"Did any of Maher's blows distress you?"

"Only one," he said. "Maher landed a right-hand blow between the eyes in one of the breakaways that shook me a little. That was the only blow that bothered me. I don't remember of receiving any of the others. Once in a breakaway Maher said to me: 'You're the dirt to catch! I can't find you!' That was the only remark he made during the fight."

While McCoy did not say so, he will now try to get on with Fitzsimmons. If he fails to get the lanky Antipodean into a match he will try for Sharkey. McCoy's announcement of retirement is not taken seriously. He will take on matches just as long as he is successful. McCoy will probably make $20,000 out of the Monday fight. His share of the receipts amount to about $14,000. He says that he had only bet $1000 on himself at even money. There were two very rich men, however, who had big money bet on the fight. One was a banker and the other was a broker in Wall street. It is claimed they had from $10,000 to $15,000 each bet on McCoy. It is quite likely that both will make him a nice cash present. It is also probable that some of the other lucky McCoy men will send him part of their winnings.

In view of McCoy's decisive defeat of Maher and his talk of fighting for the world's heavyweight championship, McCoy's actual ring record is worth glaring at at this time. It is as follows:

Won	Billy Steffens, Cleveland	10
Knockout	Al Roberts, Cincinnati	5
Won	Shadow Maher, Memphis	10
Won	Jack Wilkes, Boston	2
Draw	Dick O'Brien, Boston	25
Won	Charlie Smith, Louisville	6
Won	Joe Sheer, Louisville	3
Knockout	Dick Moore, Louisville	6
Knockout	Abe Ullman, Baltimore	13
Lost	Ted White, London	10
Knockout	Tommy West, New York	2
Knockout	Tommy Ryan, New York	15
Knockout	Frank Bosworth, Memphis	2
Won	Jim Daly, New York	3
Won	Billy Smith, Boston	6
Won	Dick Moore, Brooklyn	10
Knockout	Bill Doherty, Johannesburg	9
Won	Dick O'Brien, New York	10
Won	Jack Bonner, Philadelphia	6
Knockout	Dick Moore, Buffalo	2
Draw	Tommy Ryan, Syracuse	10
Knockout	George La Blanche, Dayton	1
Won	Beach Rahle, Dayton	1
Won	Australian Bill Smith, Chicago	3
Won	Dan Creedon, Long Island	15
Knockout by	Tom Sharkey, New York	7
Won	Joe Choynski, San Francisco	20
Knockout by	Jack McCormick, Chicago	1
Knockout	Jeff Thorne, New York	3
Knockout	Steve O'Donnell, New York	8
Knockout	Jack McCormick, New York	5
Knockout	Peter Maher, New York	5

All St. Louis lovers of boxing are awaiting the Clarence Forbes-Morris Rauch fight which takes place at Chicago Friday night. Both men have trained faithfully for their bout. Rauch has improved a great deal since his 20-round draw with Forbes in St. Louis, and his admirers now think he has a chance to beat the hard-hitting West Side boy. The weight is to be 115 pounds at ringside, and Forbes will have to work hard to make it.

PROFESSIONAL BILLIARDISTS.

Jake Schaefer Arranging to Take a Lot of Them to Paris.

The sport of billiards is enjoying such an exceptionally good boom this winter that the proprietors of the parlors in which Jacob Schaefer is interested intend to take the tide at its flood and establish an academy patterned after the French school in their rooms. Schaefer is now in Chicago for the purpose of securing professional talent and when he returns to New York the official details of the venture will be made known.

For years there have been established in Paris so-called billiard academies where players of the first rank compete nightly for money prizes. The games they play are short affairs and include nearly every style. The spectators pay a nominal sum for admission and they bet on the games. The players are handicapped to make the contest an even thing from a betting standpoint, and all the wagers are placed accordingly. Commissioners or attachs of the establishment move about among the spectators recording bets and giving in exchange for money a slip which is cashed by the winner after each game. He receives the face value of the ticket, less a commission of 5 per cent, and this "rake-off" is divided between the house and the players, unless the players are under contract to receive a certain salary, in which case the commission goes to the house alone.

As an illustration, suppose Schaefer and Gallagher are to play a game of cushion caroms, Schaefer to play 50 points against 35 for Gallagher. The conditions are announced and the betting begins. A spectator wishes to hazard $5 on Schaefer's chances. A commissioner finds another spectator who fancies Gallagher. He takes their money, giving each of them a slip with the bet recorded. Schaefer wins the game and the man who bet on him cashes in $9.50, or the amount of the wagers less 5 per cent. After this game others follow, sometimes three or four taking place each evening.

The billiard academies of Paris are very popular institutions and at one time or another all the foremost players in America have been engaged by the rival houses. Schaefer, Slosson, Ives, Carter and Daly are among those who have played in the Parisian academies, all of them receiving large salaries for their services. The idea has been introduced in Chicago and there are one or two flourishing academies in the Windy City. Some of the best players in the country are playing there nightly and it was for the purpose of securing this talent that Schaefer went West. He hopes to book the services of George Sutton, Francis Maggioli and Eugene Carter, and these men, together with Tom Gallagher, Edward M. McLaughlin, John Thatcher and Ora Morningstar, who are now in New York, and also Schaefer himself, it is hoped, will form the aggregation to start the "academy." The scheme was tried here some years ago by Maurice Daly, but owing principally to a lack of talent it was abandoned.

Maurice Daly is anxious to bring about an international tournament, the players to include the three best in America and the three foremost French experts. He will offer a purse of $5000 for the event, or rather two events, for his scheme includes one tournament here and one in Paris. Daly realizes that it is not an easy matter to induce the French experts to come here, but he will make every effort to do so. He has written to his friend, Albert Garnier, who owns a large billiard establishment in Paris, asking him to lay the proposition before the French players. Daly wants Vignaux, Gibelin and Beau to enter from abroad and hopes to secure the signatures of Slosson, Schaefer and Sutton to represent America. The entrance fee will be $250 and the style of game 18-inch balkline. It is expected that a definite answer will be received from Garnier within a month. In case the affair is arranged Daly will manage the New York tourney, while Garnier will be in charge of the Paris end. The difficulty heretofore experienced in getting French players to come here has been their demand of an enormous guarantee. Another thing that prevents Vignaux from crossing is his great aversion to an ocean voyage.

THE TURF CONGRESS.

PRESIDENT AULL WILL REPRESENT ST. LOUIS.

WILL INSIST ON 90 DAYS' MEET.

The Plan of Splitting the St. Louis Racing Season Into Two Meetings Has Not Proved Successful.

President Robert Aull of the St. Louis Fair Association will attend the meeting of the Turf Congress to be held at Covington, Ky., on Jan. 25.

While President Aull will not unfold his plans at this early day it is safe to say that he will insist on St. Louis racing, as he has done the past few years, from May 15 until the 90 days allowed by the breeders' bill law have been used up.

St. Louis has found that it pays far better to race for 90 days consecutively than to split up its racing season into meetings of 45 days each.

It is easy to get the horses here in May and to keep them here for 90 days, but after they have gone it is hard to get them back again. Experience has proven this, and that is why the St. Louis Fair Association will insist on 90 days of continuous racing.

Chicago track owners have also declared themselves in favor of a continuous season, and have announced their dates for next season as extending from May 10 to Oct. 25, and they talk as though they intend to race through this long season, Turf Congress or no Turf Congress.

The opposition to the continuous plan of racing will come from the smaller courses. The membership of the Turf Congress consists of Lexington, Louisville, the Oakley, Newport and Latonia courses at Cincinnati, Nashville, Memphis, Little Rock, St. Louis, Hawthorne, Harlem and Washington Park at Chicago, Ingleside and Tanforan at San Francisco and Highland Park at Detroit.

It can be easily seen from the above just who the opponents of the long meetings will be when the Turf Congress convenes on the 25th inst.

The Latonia and Louisville tracks have had a hard row to hoe of late years, fighting the St. Louis meeting every spring, while the Corrigan interests at San Francisco have clashed with the Oakland race track faction, headed by Tom Williams and Col. Dan. M. Burns, senior member of the big racing firm of Burns & Waterhouse. The Corrigan-Croker faction at Prisco want to race two weeks in every three at Ingleside and Tanforan Park, allowing Oakland only a third of the racing dates.

Here in the Middle West the Applegate-Schulte faction demand a return to the old circuit system, which would give Louisville and Latonia a chance to race without opposition from St. Louis or Chicago. But it is not likely they will be able to carry their point. Indeed it looks now as though St. Lou's would have the same number of racing days this year as last and as though Chicago would fare even better than she did then.

THE WESTERN LEAGUE'S BREAK.

Comiskey and Johnson Will Have Nothing More to Say About It.

CHICAGO, Jan. 3.—The publication of the decision reached by the American League magnates in regard to the National agreement and a new circuit created a sensation in baseball circles. It was regarded with varying emotions by the followers of the game. Some professionals believe that the meeting of the magnates was in the nature of a bluff, done for effect, while others assert the results of the conference would be war between the National and the American leagues.

Charles Comiskey went so far as to say that the interview credited to Johnson was an impossibility, as no outsider was present at the meeting, and that Johnson could had their tracks covered up so well that Johnson could not have been seen.

"I admit we held the meeting," said "Commie," "but there were no newspaper men around, so I don't think that the interview with Johnson could have been genuine."

President Johnson when seen yesterday was noncommunicative, and said he had nothing to give out. He did not know when another meeting would be called and asserted that he could not tell the mission of Manning in the East.

Whatever may be the outcome of the now famous meeting in room B 56 in the Great Northern Hotel it is generally regarded that the American League magnates have undertaken a pretty big contract. It is, however, likely that they will get the sympathy of the public should they succeed. It is argued that the National agreement has done the minor leagues no good in the years gone by, and that there is no valid reason why it should continue in force.

As it stands the new circuit, that is a propositions of an entirely different complexion. The National agreement might be abrogated without much harm to either league, but the invasion of the National league cities would touch the purse strings of the magnates unless some amicable understanding be arrived at. Even then the branching out of the American League might prove a serious handicap to the future success of the National League. The National League magnates have been so thoroughly discredited in many cities that the public would without doubt flock to the standards of such men as Johnson, Comiskey, Manning and Killilea.

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.

West Ends and Shamrocks and C. B. C.s and Cyclists Meet on Sunday.

The games scheduled by the Association Football League for next Sunday are Christian Brothers' College and Cycling Club at Athletic Park and West Ends and Shamrocks at the College grounds.

The next great game between the crack West Ends and the Cycling Club will take place one week from Sunday next at Athletic Park.

The West Ends' great full back, Rickstenger, is fast improving. Rick expects to be in fine condition for the Cycling Club game.

The West Ends and Shamrock game for next Sunday promises to be very interesting, as the Shamrocks are playing great ball under their hustling manager, J. H. Gillespie.

Patrick O'Hearn, who played such a brilliant game Sunday for the West Ends against the College team at half back, is the former's goal keeper. O'Hearn's playing at half back shows that he is in the King Finnegan, T. McCarthy and Frank Tighe class.

Captain Frank Kavanaugh's playing was the feature of Sunday's game. His work at full back was fair, but his playing in the forward line was of the Mike Corcoran order, something fierce.

The Henriettas' line-up now include V. Jackman, W. Nord, J. Widner, Parrot, S. Reynolds, M. Savage, E. Acton and J. Walters. All challenges should be addressed care Edgar Acton, 2837 Henrietta street.

Questions Answered.

W. H.—In the Jeffries-Sharkey fight by actual count Sharkey landed 160 blows to Jeffries' 108.

W. S.—The American Association now has playing grounds in St. Louis, Milwaukee, Detroit, Chicago, Boston and Philadelphia.

O. A.—Yes, Corbett knocked Sullivan out at New Orleans. Yes, they had met before then, but only in a friendly sparring exhibition at San Francisco, when both appeared in dress suits.

How to Avoid Pain

Lead, Ky., Oct. 12, 1899.

I have been afflicted with pains in the back and hips, and bearing down pains ever since I became a woman. Last spring I commenced using McElree's Wine of Cardui and Thedford's Black-Draught, and they have done me a wonderful amount of good, and I wish to recommend them to anyone, who suffers as I did.

MELISSA CREMEANS.

For nearly a century, Wine of Cardui has been helping women to avoid pain and suffering. This wonderful remedy has made a reputation for curing "female diseases", that no other medicine enjoys. Irregular and painful menstruation, leucorrhœa and falling of the womb, are the most frequent female disorders. Few women escape them. None but a woman knows what they are. The terrible dragging pains and oppressive mental torture are beyond description. But Miss Cremeans' experience shows you can avoid this suffering and misery by procuring a $1.00 bottle of Wine of Cardui at your drug store and taking it as directed. Women will do well by keeping a bottle of Wine of Cardui on hand for immediate use when sick headaches; pains in the back, abdomen, arms and legs, and other troubles, coming from menstrual derangements, appear. In this way many hours of suffering may be thwarted and the visits of the family doctor frequently made unnecessary. Wine of Cardui should be given every girl at the age of puberty. It is used with great success during pregnancy and the "change of life", and after child-birth or miscarriage. Thedford's Black-Draught, its companion medicine, for the stomach, liver and kidneys, assimilates with Wine of Cardui perfectly.

Eddyville, Neb., May 11, 1899.

For the last two months I have had pain in my back and bowels, and got no relief until I used McElree's Wine of Cardui and Thedford's Black-Draught, and now I am up and doing my housework.

Mrs. DELLA SMITH.

For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, The Ladies' Advisory Department, The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

McELREE'S Wine of Cardui

NO. 26 HAD ON SKIRTS

POLICE PRISONER BROKE UP JUDGE SIDENER'S COURT.

MR. GRIMES' QUEER CONDUCT.

Case No. 27 Was That of a Woman Who Pranced In Jauntily Wearing Trousers.

Unintentional extracts from "The Strange Adventures of Miss Brown" and the "Gay Masqueraders" were staged at the First District Police Court Wednesday morning. For once Judge George B. Sidener was compelled to lay aside the dignified mien that he dons when he ascends the bench, and though he tried his best to maintain his gravity and called upon the marshals to repress the laughter, the tears rolled down the judge's eyes and his sides shook.

The cases which demoralized the court were Nos. 26 and 27. Ferdinand W. Grimes was No. 26. When his name and number were called a caricature of a woman walked out from the cage. The clothing was that of a high-born lady. The walk and the way the clothes hung caused a roar of laughter to come from all over the court room. The stylishly-made black silk skirt was gathered up displaying some decidedly mannish feet and lingerie. A stylish opera cape was fastened around the neck in much the manner that a farmer fastens clothing on a forked limb when the crows are intent on devouring his crops. A big black hat, profusely ornamented with ostrich tips and ribbons, refused to sit on top of the wearer's head. First it would slide down and over his eyes. Then it would slip over and balance on one ear and then on the other. The defendant shuffled over the grating, told floor and his efforts in keeping his wearing apparel together so occupied his time that he did to heed the laughs and jeers of the spectators.

Marshal Bader rapped for order. Judge Sidener tried to look severe. Clerk Reagan, in stentorian tones and without a suspicion of laughter, said:

"Ferdinand W. Grimes, you are charged with being on the streets wearing feminine attire. How do you plead, guilty or not guilty?"

"Guilty," came the answer in tremulous tones.

"Get up here," said Judge Sidener, in what he meant to be a severe tone. "What were you masquerading in those clothes for?"

"Your Honor, I don't know," was the answer. "I was drunk and I don't know what possessed me. I went home and my wife was out. I saw her dresses and I just put them on. It was a drunken freak."

"What do you do for a living?"

"Your Honor, I am a telegraph operator. I have been in St. Louis for two weeks and I room at 1811 Olive street. I have been looking for work and I've got letters to show that I am all right."

Mrs. Grimes was in court. Judge Sidener called her to the witness chair. She is a tall and good-looking woman.

"I am a country girl and I don't know anything about courts," she said, "and I will just tell you anything you want to know. Oh, yes, he is my legal husband. We were married four weeks ago in Dyersburg, Tenn. That's my home. I never knew him to be drunk before. Oh, he is honest. His folks live over in Cincinnati and he was never arrested before. He supports me well."

"Well, I will fine you $10, and will stay the fine on good behavior," said the judge, "but won't you get drunk any more."

Then there was more fun for the spectators when Grimes awkwardly seized his skirts and walked out of the dock. A white skirt fell to the floor from some mysterious place beneath the folds of his dress and Chris Loos gallantly restored it to the pseudo woman.

The next case was that of a woman who would have been a man.

Ethel Meeks was the name of the defendant in No. 27. Ethel is a mulatto. She walked from the cage with a jaunty tread. A huge ulster enveloped her form. Beneath it was a gray suit of men's clothes. A black derby hat sat jauntily on one side of her head, crowned with a growth of thick, greasy, black hair, guiltless of a kink. She was all smiles.

"Well, what have you got those clothes on for?" inquired the judge.

"Just for fun. Me and a lady friend were out for a lark, I didn't do nothing more. The clothes belong to a friend of mine and I just copped 'em out for a night."

"Ten dollars" was all the judge said.

HOT LEAD ON HIS FOOT.

Bad Burn Received in a Peculiar Way by Thomas Cartwright.

Thomas Cartwright of 1336 Pearce street is in the City Hospital suffering from burns received in a peculiar manner. He is a lead molder. Wednesday afternoon while he was carrying a ladle of molten lead his foreman stopped him to give him instructions.

Cartwright became so absorbed in conversation that he permitted the ladle to tilt. A portion of the hot metal fell on his foot. His shoe was entirely burned away. It was at first thought it would be necessary to amputate the foot, but the physicians now believe the member can be saved.

VIN MARIANI

Mariani Wine—World Famous Tonic

It is found especially useful in Nervous Troubles, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Anaemia, Loss of Sleep, Consumption, Overwork, Indigestion, La Grippe, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Tardy Convalescence, Loss of Blood, Impotency, Melancholia, Throat and Lung Troubles, Seasickness, All Wasting Diseases and After-Fevers.

Sold by all Druggists. Refuse Substitutes.

PET OF THE HOSPITAL

WILLIE SCHNEIDER'S GREAT TALENT AS AN ARTIST.

SANTA CLAUS HAS VISITED HIM.

With His Paints and Brush This Sick Small Boy Has Attracted the Attention of the Physicians.

The pet of the City Hospital is Willie Schneider, a 12-year-old boy who has a remarkable talent which has attracted the attention of physicians and visitors alike.

Willie's ambition is to be a great artist, and if he fulfills the promise of his youth he may realize it some of these days. The boy has been a patient at the hospital since Nov. 30, when he was injured by a fall from a street car. His parents live at Lemp avenue and Pestalozzi street. They are not wealthy. Willie's advantages have been few, but his achievements are proof positive that some natures rise above environment.

For several years he has worked to help support the family. At the time he was hurt he was employed as a labeler of bottles in a brewery.

The flaxen-haired little fellow with the bright blue eyes had not been in the hospital long when he became a general favorite.

His first message home was a request that his paints, stenciis and drawing books be sent to him. When they arrived he was supremely happy. At first his work attracted little attention, but soon the doctors and nurses paid more than passing notice to products of his brush and pencil.

The boy has more than a knack. He copies the designs and figures in his drawing book with remarkable accuracy, considering his age and lack of training, and he does more. His faculty of composition crops out in the original arrangements of the figures and his use of the colors is better than that of some amateurs who have had instruction.

On Christmas morning there was a fine water-color outfit on the table at Willie's bedside. The card accompanying it said that it came from Santa Claus, but perhaps Dr. Nietert and his staff of physicians and nurses know better.

The new outfit is a source of constant delight to the boy. He dips his pencil and brush all day and far into the night. When the lights were turned off at the hospital there was no one sadder than Willie, for that meant he would have only the short winter days to devote to his beloved pictures.

He delights in showing his drawings, which have served to brighten the hours for many another patient in the ward.

FUNERAL OF STEPHEN D. GORE.

Services Conducted at the Family Residence by Dr. McKittrick.

The funeral of Stephen D. Gore, who died suddenly on New Year's Day while at dinner with the members of his family, was held Wednesday morning from his late residence, 4232 McPherson avenue.

The services at the house were conducted by Dr. McKittrick, pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church, of which Mr. Gore had been a devout member. Dr. McKittrick had been a lifelong friend and co-worker and referred to his life as a beautiful exemplification of uprightness and integrity.

The pallbearers included the following: Chris Loos, Phillip Helfenstein, John W. Slaughter, Charles F. Bates, Walker Hill, Vale Reynolds, Wallace Delafield and P. P. Williams. The interment was in Bellefontaine cemetery.

Mr. Gore was in his eighty-third year. He came to St. Louis from Boston over a half century ago, and for a long time was conspicuously identified with the business interests of this city. He retired prior to the close of the Civil war.

SAVED HER FROM FLAMES.

Mr. Mitchell Helped His Wife Crawl Through a Window.

W. L. Mitchell, a retired merchant, and his wife, who reside on Manchester avenue, just west of the city limits, passed an exciting ten minutes Tuesday morning. While seated in the kitchen of their home they detected the odor of smoke, and a moment later the entire lower floor was discovered in flames.

The house was almost destroyed, the loss amounting to about $4000. Mr. Mitchell had some difficulty in rescuing his aged wife, who remained in the house until the fire had gained considerable headway. She found the entrances blocked, and aided by her husband, crawled through an open window.

BABY'S PEDIGREE WANTED.

Waif Can't Stay With Mrs. Phillips Unless He Has Ancestors.

A woman who told the police she was Mrs. Maria Phillips of 4269 Margaretta avenue, adopted a baby Tuesday, but she returned it because, as she stated, she could not find its pedigree.

She took the baby to the Fourth District Police Station Tuesday night and asked that a policeman be detailed to go with her to 913 Biddle street, where she said she had obtained the child and where she desired to leave it. Her request was granted and the child is again at the Biddle street house. The woman, who said she was Mrs. Phillips, declared that when she took the waif home her husband demanded that she ascertain its parentage or return. She was forced to adopt the latter course.

SIX NEW STREET MAIL CARS

Postmaster Baumhoff Receives Assurance St. Louis Will Get the Postal Improvements Asked For.

St. Louis is to have six additional postal cars for the street railway mail service. This is almost double the number now in operation.

The necessity for extra cars has been urged by Postmaster Baumhoff for some time. The Washington authorities have been slow to act, but Mr. Baumhoff has continued his appeals until recognition was virtually forced. W. C. Heckman, assistant general superintendent of the railway service, was in consultation with the postmaster Wednesday morning. At the conclusion of the interview Mr. Baumhoff said to the Post-Dispatch that it was almost assured that St. Louis would get what she asks in the line of postal facilities.

"We have only four postal cars running at present," said Mr. Baumhoff, "and we have felt the need of more during the last six months. The volume of business passing through the St. Louis Postoffice is breaking all records."

It may be said to the credit of Mr. Baumhoff and his subordinates that the St. Louis Postoffice has the distinction of being the most economically conducted office in the United States. The revenue, too, is proportionately larger than any other city. The holiday rush was unprecedented. Few complaints of tardy mail were received, while in all of the Eastern offices, particularly New York and Boston, the mail pouches were in several instances delayed from a week to ten days.

The Bureau of Information, which was recently established at the Postoffice, has proved of invaluable aid to patrons, and Mr. Baumhoff says it will be made a permanent adjunct of his department.

Madison Turf Exchange Reopens.

Trains leave foot of Olive street: 1 p. m., 1:30, 2, 2:30, 2:55, 3:20, 4, 4:25, 5:25, 6:25.

WINCE IN A "SWELL" GRAVE.

St. Louis Hunting Dog Given a Handsome Funeral in Lebanon, Mo.

Wince, as clean-limbed a pointer as ever flushed a covey, lies buried in a lot near Lebanon, Mo. His grave, though lonely, is well attended to, and a substantial stone at the head of the grave bears his name, age and date of his sad demise.

In life, Wince was the faithful servant and friend of R. Elliott Lee of 3717 Laclede avenue, this city. For several years it has been Mr. Lee's custom to go to the Ozark Mountains during the fall or winter for shooting, and on every trip, which was made in search of birds as well as pleasure, Wince was as prominent a member of the party as Mr. Lee himself.

This year Mr. Lee went to the mountains later than usual. Wince, as frisky and alert as he was the first time he went after birds, was the most tireless of all the party which daily accompanied his master to the fields. Several days ago Wince was killed. In his doggish frenzy over a covey of partridges Wince dashed across a railroad track just in time to be struck by an engine. The poor dog was killed instantly.

Mr. Lee was as deeply grieved as a man could be over the death of a favorite dog. He had the animal's body placed in a coffin and buried with the proper honors due a true sportsman. A requiem was sung, and when the coffin had been lowered into the earth a volley of 36 shots was fired. The shells of the cartridges used were then placed around the grave.

Wince has the additional honor of being the first and only dog to receive such a burial in Lebanon.

FOR THE HOMELESS WOMEN.

People's Church Rents a Building on North Eleventh Street.

The People's Church and Central Mission has enlarged its scope for charitable work in St. Louis. The building just south of the church at 814 North Eleventh street has been leased and will be used to give homeless women shelter.

The new project is in charge of Miss Hattie Thompson of 4036 Delmar boulevard, Mrs. R. G. Brank, widow of the late Dr. Brank of Central Presbyterian Church, Mrs. Leigh O. Knapp, Mrs. Sue Owen and Rev. Dr. J. M. Spencer.

Only those persons who are found deserving of help will be aided. The management asks donations of cooking stoves, beds and other necessary household supplies. Contributions will be promptly acknowledged.

Charity Euchre.—A charity euchre will be given at 2942 Pine street Wednesday evening. Twelve prizes will be given.

BE A MAN.

Dr. Bennett Tells of What There Is in Store for the Weak and Sickly, Halt, Lame and Rheumatic, if They Will But Harken unto Him.

Reader, what ails you? Maybe you know and maybe you don't. In either case, call or write and tell me of your troubles or physical distress. I have made a lifetime study of the cause and effect of all kinds of diseases and especially those peculiar to men and women. After indefatigable study, untiring research and exhaustless experiment, I finally perfected and introduced to the world the very acme of perfection in

Dr. Bennett's Electric Belt

I have innumerable would-be imitators, some even cover their metal Electrodes with Chamois, thus preventing the electric current from penetrating the body, so do not allow yourselves to be deceived. I own the patent of the only Electrode that allows the Electric current to penetrate the body without burning or blistering the skin. My Belt has interchangeable battery cells, that can be renewed when burnt out, and my New Electrical Suspensory is given free to every man.

Now, tell me the plain truth; it's best for you, and I will make no mistake, for my Belt will surely cure every pulse of weakness, lameness, rheumatism, lost manhood, varicocele, lumbago, and the hundreds of ills and ailments caused by poor, weak, impoverished blood in man or woman. All consultations and correspondence sacredly confidential. All my invaluable literature mailed to any address for the asking. Do not delay another minute. Now is the accepted and most opportune time. Call. Advice free.

Dr. Bennett Electric Belt Co., 810 OLIVE ST.

(2d Floor.) Opposite Post Office, St. Louis. Open 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 9 to 1.

DEFORMED FEATURES, WRINKLES AND ALL BLEMISHES

speedily and permanently corrected or removed without pain. Consultation either in person or by letter is free and strictly confidential. For full information, with illustrated book on the skin, scalp and features, call or address John H. Woodbury, 308 Chemical Building, St. Louis. Office open every week day during the entire year for the treatment of all affections of the skin and scalp.

Next Special Date for Operations, SATURDAY, JAN. 20, at which time my chief New York surgeon will visit St. Louis.

DIRT CLEARANCE.

IT is a good plan for every bather to know something of the soap he uses. There is a well-founded objection to using a floor-cleaning soap upon the human body. Ivory Soap is the bather's soap. It costs more than common soaps, but the difference is in the ingredients and making. Why not treat yourself with a little respect. Is not the human skin with its marvellous delicacy entitled to pure soap? Ivory Soap—it floats.

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The Suburbs

SPANNAGEL GETS THE JOB.

Made Chief Clerk of the East St. Louis Election Board.

Louis Spannagel, a brother-in-law of Penitentiary Commissioner Henry F. Bader, was appointed to the chief clerkship of the East St. Louis Election Board in the reorganization of that body.

Louis Bolsenenne was elected chairman and Thos. J. Cannavan secretary. Arch Bean remaining as assistant to Chief Clerk Spannagel.

The Board is under direct control of the Republicans, from the fact that its members are selected by the County Judge who was elected on the Republican county ticket at the last election.

DEMOCRATS WILL DINE.

Congressional Candidates May Then Launch Their Little Booms.

The St. Clair County Democratic Club, composed of leading partisans in every section of the county, will give a banquet at the National Hotel in East St. Louis on Saturday evening, Jan. 20.

The club will issue invitations to active Democrats in every portion of the Twentieth Congressional District, and it is understood that aspirants for Congressional honors at the hands of the Democracy in the Belleville district will then and there be afforded an opportunity to launch their booms.

The list of speakers is not complete, but it is understood it will embrace the names of Fred J. Kern and J. Nic Perrin of St. Clair County, L. M. Kagy, Charles Hull and William Jennings of Marion County, Judge George W. Vernon of Washington County, and Mr. Reart of Monroe County. It is said that from the list mentioned the Democracy will probably select a candidate to succeed Congressman W. A. Rodenberg.

Special invitations will also be forwarded to Col. W. J. Bryan, Carter H. Harrison, John P. Altgeld, ex-Gov. W. J. Stone and other national and State leaders.

NO SITTING UNTIL MARCH.

Judge Silas Cook Abandons December Term of the City Court.

The December term of the East St. Louis City Court has been abandoned until the convening of the March term.

The order was issued Tuesday by Judge Silas Cook, the presiding officer, in compliance with a request of the members of the East St. Louis Bar Association, represented by Judge D. M. Brownlee, W. S. Forman, Messrs. Wise and McNulty, Charles R. Carroll and Alexander Flanagan.

A considerable number of the attorneys connected with the court, as well as litigans, feel that the postponement of the session for the reason that the courtroom in the new City Hall is uncompleted is a hardship.

"We have no redress," said an interested party, "and hence we are forced into silence."

Other reasons assigned for the adjournment were the early convening of the Circuit Court at Belleville, the Appellate Court at Mount Vernon and the Federal Court at Springfield, which the lawyers present at Tuesday's short session contended would conflict with City Court sittings last now.

"If the opening of the new City Hall is delayed much longer the occasion may yet be used as a boost for somebody at the annual spring municipal election," said a prominent legal light.

VENICE NEWS.

NOTICE—Want ads., death notices, etc., for the Post-Dispatch will be received by J. H. Willis or at the Granite City Progress office.

Mrs. A. Fennell and son, Dennis, returned Tuesday from a visit with relatives at Bunker Hill.

Gus Schiels was arrested on a charge of disturbing the peace, and was fined $5 and costs in Justice Fechtel's court.

The local authorities are warning pedestrians from attempting to cross the ice in the vicinity of the Merchants' Bridge. The ice is full of air holes, and is said to be thin in places.

Walter Rodgers, Joseph Driscoll and Daniel Driscoll were taken to Belleville on a charge of theft of harness from the National Stock Yards. Some of the harness was found in their possession. They will be held for the next grandjury of St. Clair County.

George Foster, aged 4 years, was taken into custody by Supervisor O. M. Brammell and Officer Dave Jones upon a complaint of his parents, who feared he was becoming insane. The boy has suffered from mental aberation for some time, and Tuesday it became violent. He will be taken to Belleville pending a court of inquiry as to his mental condition.

The Police Mutual Aid, Protective and Benevolent Association will hold a meeting to-day in the City Hall for the purpose of making arrangements to give a ball.

The Board of Highway Commissioners of Venice Township will meet Saturday afternoon at the City Hall.

The clerks and customers at Rode's grocery were frightened Tuesday night by an explosion of a large can of potted beef, which was placed under the top corner of a hard coal stove. The can was forgotten, and becoming overheated, was the cause of the explosion. Much shelf goods were damaged.

EAST ST. LOUIS NEWS.

NOTICE—Six and 7 o'clock editions of the Post-Dispatch may be had at Keough's, 429 North Collinsville avenue, East St. Louis.

Want ads., death notices, etc., may be left at this agency at main office rates.

The "Who Is Who?" Club will give a progressive euchre party in the Adele building next Saturday evening, and will distribute 10 elegant prizes.

Michael McGory was fined $100 and costs in Justice Coyne's court this morning for drunkenness and disorderly conduct. The complaint was lodged against McGory by his mother.

Charles Sniller of Pinckneyville is visiting Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Hunt of North Ninth street.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Schneider of 1130 Cleveland avenue are entertaining Miss Kate Hartman of Waterloo, Ill.

At St. Patrick's Church yesterday high mass was sung to commemorate the death of Father Peter Sullivan, a former pastor of that church for 25 years until he passed away a year ago. The mass was conducted by Father Koenig, pastor of the church, assisted by Fathers Hasking and other priests.

The Illinois City School Board met last night and transacted only routine business.

Mrs. Mary Becker has retired from the management of the Bruner & J. Becker Saloon, in this city, and has associated herself with Charles Bruner, who has assumed the management of the business.

Mrs. Fannie Hoffman, who resides on the first floor in the corner building at State and Eighteenth street, was startled by the cries of a servant girl in the employe of Spiehlman, who had gone out to a hydrant for a bucket of water. She claimed the man had asked for some food a few minutes before her left the house, and after being refused waited on the outside, where she was grabbed by the man. The cries of the girl brought the male occupants to the scene, who caught the tramp after a lively chase. He was given a good beating and was then told to leave the city under a threat of worse treatment if he refused to obey.

Fred Dering, secretary of the Granite City Volunteer Fire Co., will be appointed a delegate to attend the annual fireman's meeteing at Princeton Jan. 9, 10 and 11, by the City Council to-night.

MADISON NEWS.

NOTICE—Want ads., death notices, etc., for the Post-Dispatch will be received by J. H. Willis, or at the Granite City Progress office.

The American Car and Foundry Co. is turning out 35 box cars a day on a contract for the Chicago & Great Western Railway.

Policeman John Meehan is again on duty, after a week's illness. John O'Neil was in his place during his absence.

Miss Mamie Dietcher of Williamsburg is visiting relatives and friends in this city.

BELLEVILLE NEWS.

NOTICE—Send your orders for delivery of the Regular Edition of the Post-Dispatch to E. A. Gibson, Public Square, or box 6, Belleville.

Fred Germann shot a hole in his index finger with a 22-caliber revolver.

Thomas Crannage, living on the rock road, fell on the ice whilst skating and broke his leg.

A coffee can exploded while William Spies, Jr., was getting ready to eat his dinner. The boiling coffee flew in his face, severely scalding him.

Eddie Buesch tried to stop the barrel of a pistol with his thumb while shooting blank cartridges. His thumb was lacerated.

Coroner Schildroth held an inquest on the infant child of Mrs. Mitchell of 612 East C street. The verdict was natural causes.

The City Council will meet Wednesday night in adjourned session. An Assessor will be appointed.

The funeral of the young son of Mr. and Mrs. John Rauth was held Tuesday afternoon from the residence to St. Luke's Church and Walnut Hill Cemetery.

Henry Phillips died at his home near Douglas, aged 75. The funeral will be held Thursday at 10 o'clock, to the Hill Prairie Cemetery.

Conrad Keck died Tuesday at his home on the Millstadt road, aged 64.

John Keller died at his home near Smithton, at the age of 76.

Henry Jost removed Wednesday to East St. Louis.

Amos Thompson has presented Overseer Hill $25 to be expended for the poor.

The Retail Merchants' Association will meet Wednesday night.

Dr. Hugo Wangelin and family have returned from Alabama. The doctor's health is greatly improved.

Adolph Daab, William Heller and Richard Hilgard were re-elected as directors at a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Belleville Savings Bank, of which they are cerks, on New Year's Day.

F. C. Spehlmann has retired from the firm of Fuess, Espenhain Fischer to C. A. Hoehner and H. F. Weingaertner.

Joseph Bux celebrated his twenty-first birthday Tuesday. His friends brought the Concordia Band to serenade him.

Misses Clara and Emma Obst, twin daughters of Chief Obst, celebrated their seventeenth birthday.

There was a small fire Tuesday in the Heidinger Building, at Church and Lebanon avenue. Evangelist Shaw will assist Rev. Mr. Brownson of the Baptist Church in special meetings next week.

Judge Fred B. Phillips has assumed his duties as turnkey at the jail.

H. C. Bernard, formerly of the Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern Railroad, has been appointed terminal superintendent of the Air Line for St. Louis, East St. Louis and Belleville.

Chief Heinfelden gave a dinner to Willis Pritchard, Kenny Walter, John G. Neun, Edward C. Wagner, Jr., and B. Kaufman, all of St. Louis.

An Oriental entertainment will be given at the First M. E. Church Saturday evening, Jan. 20, by Re-han-ne-sey, assisted by about 30 Belleville people in costume.

The Epworth League of the First M. E. Church has elected the following officers: President, Miss Marion Johnson; first vice-president, Mrs. F. A. Hebgman; second vice-president, John J. Hoerr; third vice-president, Miss Marion Jones; secretary, William Christoper; treasurer, Phillip Laumbattis.

Combs was a gathering of young ladies and gentlemen at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Weber, 112 Pennsylvania avenue, on New Year's Eve, to celebrate the birthday anniversary of Miss Emilie Weber. Among those present were Miss Gertie Baumann of Booneville, Mo.; Miss Lizzie Bidwepel of Mascoutah; Misses Katie Schuesler, Amanda Minnie and Emilie Oldenburgh, Barbara Reis and Mary Grassman, and Messrs. Walter Oldenburgh, August Storr, Jr., Henry Mahr, John and George Schuesler, Otto and Fred J. Weber, Jr.

The Clerks, Jrs., Tuesday night elected the following officers: William Vollrath, president; Miss Stolz, vice-president; Henry Ebel, recording secretary; L. Stolz, financial secretary; John L. Schneeberger, treasurer; A. Vollrath, H. Patterson, C. Bender, C. Daubach and Jacob Scheeberger, trustees.

The report of Deputy Recorder John H. Guth of the month of November shows: Warranty deeds, 145; real estate mortgages, 122; railroad mortgages, 1; chattel mortgages, 61; master's deeds, 20; administrators' and executors' deeds, 3; quitclaim deeds, 42; release deeds, 55; plats, 2; certificates, etc., 32. Total 482.

St. Julius Branch, No. 21, C. K. of L., has elected the following officers: Rev. H. Hamm, spiritual adviser; Peter Reeb, president; Mike Sauer, vice-president; William J. Claus, recording secretary; A. W. Weber, financial secretary; Joseph B. Reis, treasurer; William Seib, marshal; Philip Reeb, Joseph Kissel, H. Niedenfuehr, George Yung and John Walter, trustees.

ALTON NEWS.

NOTICE—Six o'clock editions of the Post-Dispatch may be had at Angelo Crivello's, Second and Market streets, Alton.

Want ads., death notices, etc., may be left at this agency at main office rates.

The home of James Coleman, on Summit street, was totally destroyed by fire Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock. All the plugs in the vicinity were frozen and the fire department was helpless. The insurance on the place was $1000 and the loss is estimated at $2500.

Sherman Rose has returned to his family in Alton after an absence of 20 years. His parents have long supposed him to be dead. He left his home in this city at the age of 12 years. Mr. Rose says that he has been wandering all over the world.

The boys of the Colonial Club gave a dancing party at the Hotel Madison last night. This is the third party of the season by this organization.

Miss Ada Armstrong, president of the Illinois Music Teachers' Association, has gone to Chicago to confer with members of the association in regard to the annual convention to be held at Springfield in June.

Miss Sophia Adams has returned from a visit to relatives in Springfield.

Miss Jennie Watson was the hostess of a card party at her home in Upper Alton last night.

Herbert Rutledge and Thomas Wead have returned to the Culver Military Academy after spending the holidays at home.

Frank F. Richardson and Miss Maggie C. Ferguson, both of East Alton, came to this city Tuesday afternoon and secured a marriage license.

The Drew-Streeper case was not tried yesterday on account of the absence of Prosecuting Attorney Newton L. Staats. The case was continued to Jan. 12.

Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Perrin of Evanston are visiting friends in the city.

Work upon the new Bluff Line bridge across the Piasa at Lockhaven has been deferred on account of the inability to get steel.

George Hess left for Lincoln last night to accept a position in that city.

Miling Norton has returned to his home in Nashville, Tenn.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Job have returned to their home in Chicago.

Mrs. H. Atwood and daughter of Chicago, who have been visiting friends in this city, have returned home.

There is no improvement in the condition of "Scotch Jimmie" Powrie of Silver Island, and his death is expected each hour. He was too ill to attend the funeral of his aged wife.

The opera "The Thirteenth" was presented at the Turner Hall Sunday night by the members of the Alton Maennerchor. Twenty people took part in the opera. After midnight a dance was given.

Misses Hilda and Alice Hewitt have returned from a visit to friends in St. Louis.

Misses Mabel and Florence Baker have returned to their home in St. Louis, after a week's visit to relatives in this city.

The members of the Martha Club of the St. Mary's Church gave a euchre party in the Columbus Club Hall this afternoon.

A dancing party complimentary to Miss Harriet Mills of Boston will be given at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Wade, in Middletown, Friday evening.

Mrs. J. H. Hanna of Enclid place was the hostess of a whist party Tuesday afternoon.

The city officials are falling zealously for the change in the C. & A. time card since the new management has gone into office. The officials are pleased that all the trains will be run through Alton.

GRANITE CITY NEWS.

NOTICE—Want ads., death notices, etc., for the Post-Dispatch will be received by J. H. Willis or at the Granite City Progress Office.

Louie, the 6-year-old son of Gottlieb Bratvoegele, an American Bottom farmer, residing near Mitchell, is said to be suffering from a severe case of scarlet fever. The premises will be quarantined.

Dr. A. R. Pennell of Bonddeld, Kankakee County, was in the city yesterday looking for an office room. He will establish an office at the corner of Eighteenth and D streets about Jan. 15.

Commissioner of Highways Aug. Kahle, a grain buyer at Mitchell, stated this morning that a large amount of cereal in the hands of farmers of the Bottom and reported the grades of wheat far above the average in this vicinity.

The City Council adjourned their regular meeting last evening until 7:30 o'clock to-night.

Mrs. Julius Rosenberg, wife of Mayor Rosenberg, left last evening for a visit with relatives in Greenville, Tex.

Leopold Stecher, foreman of the Granite City Progress, returned Tuesday from his home in Raymond, where he went New Year's Day to attend the wedding of his sister, Miss Ella Steeger, to Mr. A. Taubee of Hillsboro.

Elmer Pierce of New Douglas was the guest of Squire Miller and family Sunday.

Miss Mary Maple of St. Louis is the guest of Mrs. Frank Holmes in this city.

Asbury Hall was wrecked by a couple of citizens resorting on State street on the evening of New Year's Day. Many windows were broken and the interior of the hall was badly damaged.

SELECTED BY DIRECTORS.

Standing Committees of the Belleville Commercial Club Named.

The Belleville Commercial Club held a regular meeting Tuesday night. George W. Decharding, the new president, took his seat. The directors selected the following standing committeess for the current year:

House—George W. Stanley, William Trilow, Richard Wangelin, George C. Coffmann, H. M. Ditto, W. E. Harvey, W. E. Steinwedel.

Promotion of Trade—Joseph Fuess, Emil Gell, W. F. Kircher, C. P. Fleischbein, Adam Karr, H. J. Fink, Walter Hartmann.

Railroads—William Bender, Jr.; C. T. Mullen, E. K. Wangelin, F. J. Daab, W. T. Vandenburg, Dr. M. H. Starkel, George Rogers.

Public Improvements—C. T. Mullen, Albert Hucke, C. H. Leunig, Dr. S. A. Halstead, E. W. West, Jr.; Ed Abend, Sr.; A. Schirmer.

Legislation—W. F. Kircher, O. A. Krebs, F. J. Teckenburg, R. W. Ropiequet, B. F. Fly, James Wassel, Charles Fehrle.

Membership—C. C. Johnson, John Rodenheiser, H. Semmelroth, W. Twenhoefel, Julius J. Baldus, Joseph Saenger.

Public Festivities—A. Hucke, Dr. S. A. Halstead, Ed Leopold, W. T. Vandenburg, J. T. McKain, Dr. B. H. Portuondo, John Rodenheiser, O. A. Krebs, Emil Gell, C. P. Fleischbein, Louis E. Tiemann.

WHO SHOT JOHN KRAUSE?

John Mueller Says He Didn't, but the Police Are Holding Him.

The mystery of the shooting of John Krause of 1819 South Twelfth street is still unsolved. The police are holding John Mueller, a tailor, living at 1800 Menard street, shooting occurrd in a saloon at 1801 South Ninth street. Krause is in the City Hospital in a serious condition. The bullet lodged in his back dangerously near the spinal cord. He says he was shot by Mueller, whom he had never seen before he entered the saloon.

Mueller had been drinking havily, according to the police, and had retired to a room in the rear of the saloon. He came from this room with a revolver in his hand and fired into a crowd of young men who were at the bar. The bullet struck Krause. Krause says he knows no motive for the shooting. Mueller says he does not remember firing the shot. When he was arrested he said somebody in the saloon had tried to rob him.

RAN INTO A GRIP CAR.

Southern Electric Car Strikes a Fourth Street Cable Train.

There was a similar collision about the same time at Sixth street and Chouteau avenue. A north-bound car of the Southern Electric Line ran into an east-bound car of the Fourth Street Cable Line. The gripman of the cable car tried to cut the electric car out at the crossing, but failed. The electric car struck the front of the grip car. Both ars were knocked fro mthe track. No one was hurt.

New Captain at Kemper School.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Jan. 3.—Gov. Stephens this morning commissioned George T. Irvine captain of Kemper Military School at Booneville, with rank from January 1, 1900.

NO CAUSE FOR ALARM

ACTION OF DRAINAGE TRUSTEES WILL BE OPPOSED.

ST. LOUIS INTERESTS WATCHED

That the Canal Was Opened Without Authority Will Rather Help This City's Legal Fight.

City Counselor Schurmacher is not alarmed by the surreptitious and unauthorized opening of the Chicago Drainage Canal Tuesday. He was shown the following extract from a Chicago paper Wednesday:

Not only was there an entire absence of form, but there was an absence of written authority for the opening. The most eloquent pleas of the trustees could not convince Gov. Tanner and his special inspection commission that a permit for opening the canal could rightfully be issued in the immediate future, and the utmost that could be secured was a promise on the part of the State officials to turn their backs and not look while the canal was being opened. The act of the trustees in turning in the water without the formal consent of the State was to forestall the attempts on the part of St. Louis to obtain an injunction to prevent the opening of the canal.

"I was aware of this," said Mr. Schnurmacher. "It makes no difference so far as the legal rights of St. Louis are concerned whether the caval is actually in operation or is to be put in operation. Of course, it is always pleasanter to prevent a nuisance than to stop it. The natural supposition is that public officers will obey the law and not violate it. In the case of the Chicago sanitary district trustees it was reasonable to suppose that they would act strictly within the law.

"But it appears from newspaper accounts that they have proceeded in an underhanded manner to open the drainage canal without permission from the State authorities. If they did this with the idea that they could thus head off action by St. Louis they have made a bad mistake.

"St. Louis could not go into court before the canal was opened and ask for protection, unless it could show that a permit had been issued by Gov. Tanner for the opening of the ditch, because the court, presuming that officials will obey the law, would hold that inasmuch as such permit had not been issued, we had no cause of action. But if, as seems to be true in this instance, the officials proceed underhandedly and without the proper legal authority to open the canal, we have ground for action. In other words, we could not show intent to commit a nuisance until the permit had been issued, or until the canal had been opened without a permit.

"William Brown of Chicago, special counsel for St. Louis in this matter, has authority to act whenever he thinks it necessary, although I do not imagine he will do anything without notifying me, as I should wish to be present. I cannot say when our suit for injunction will be filed, but one thing is certain, it will make no difference to us if the canal is in full operation when we proceed."

SUE OUT AN INJUNCTION.

Attorney-General Griggs Says That Is All St. Louis Can Do.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—The action of Chicago in turning the water of Lake Michigan into the Chicago Drainage Canal was brought to the attention of Secretary Root and Attorney-General Griggs to-day by Representative Bartholdt. Mr. Bartholdt contended that the action of Chicago was illegal and unwarranted. To this Secretary Root and Attorney-General Griggs demurred. They said that the right of Congress to act in the matter was clear only when it was demonstrated that navigation was injured or impeded. This would have to be demonstrated first. "The recourse of St. Louis is clear in the premises," said Attorney-General Griggs. "It is for the city attorney, or city counsellor, whoever is the cities legal representative, to go into the United States court and sue out an injunction, that is all she can do."

BASIS OF 35 CENTS

SIEGEL-HILLMAN CREDITORS TO GET THAT ON A DOLLAR.

The Siegel-Hillman stock of dry goods at Broadway and Washington avenue was sold Wednesday morning by the trustee, Thomas H. McKittrick, to D. Crawford & Co., at 63½ cents on the dollar.

The stock on hand has been inventoried at $106,109.38.

A largely attended meeting of creditors of the concern was held on the fourth floor of the store Wednesday morning. About 50 creditors and merchants desiring to enter bids for the stock being present.

Trustee McKittrick made a statement as to the firm's condition, which had been ascertained after a careful investigation of the books and accounts. The statement showed the liabilities to be $319,170.17, and the assets were placed approximately at $279,000.00. The liabilities wiping out the capital stock entirely and leaving a $40,000 deficit.

After Trustee McKittrick had concluded his statement to the creditors, the bidding for the stock began. The first bid was made by Mr. D. Crawford at 30 cents, Mr. Stix, representing the Grand Leader, followed with a bid of 40 cents. Mr. Franklin, representing the William Barr Dry Goods Co., entered a bid at 49 cents and from this figure the bidding went up to 63½ cents, bids increasing 1 cent each time. Mr. Franklin ceased bidding at 49 cents, leaving the houses of D. Crawford & Co. and the Grand Leader the only contestants.

Mr. Crawford's bid of 63½ cents was accepted, the stock to be paid for cash on delivery in the Seigel-Hillman store and to be removed within six days.

The furniture and fixtures of the store, the value of which is estimated at $24,386.73, will be sold, if possible, at a private sale, and if a fair price cannot be secured in this way a public sale will be ordered by the trustee.

After the sale to Mr. Crawford had been closed Mr. McKittrick stated to the Post-Dispatch that if his anticipations were realized the creditors would recover about 35 cents on the $1.

The stock will be removed to the Crawford establishment as rapidly as possible.

"Put My Little Toys Away," next Sunday.

Bidiculed the Uniform.

From the London Telegraph.

A coster named Edward Leary, who was in charge of a guy representing Kruger, had the bad taste to dress himself in a khaki tunic of the Welsh Fusilleers, to which he added a blackened face and red nose. For bringing the Queen's uniform into contempt in this fashion he was summoned before the Southwestern Magistrate and there explained that he was not aware he was doing anything wrong and was very sorry. Mr. Slade remarked that he had chosen a peculiarly bad time of ridiculing Her Majesty's uniform, when just at the present moment every Englishman should salute it whenever he saw it. The magistrate's remarks called forth a volley of abuse from the public at the back of the court room. Leary was fined 10 shillings or seven days. Probably he had no intention of ridiculing soldiers, but he was decidedly at fault in taste and his case should warn people that the army should always be honored and held sacred from stupid jests.

Get a tutor of any kind for your children through Post-Dispatch wants

Misunderstood.

Harlem Life.

Her Mother: Don't you find Jack Wheeler rather rough, Priscilla?

Priscilla: Yes, mamma. And yet he says he shaves every day.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

PROF. KOCH OF GERMANY.

The Consumption Cure Doctor, Has sent his treatment to New York.

This is a picture of Prof. Koch of Germany, the honored guest of the Consumption Congress of Physicians, which met at Berlin last May, when his treatment was indorsed as being the only cure for consumption and lung diseases. The Empress attended these meetings and was greatly interested in the cure of consumption. One of the physicians of the Koch Lung Cure attended this meeting and brought the treatment to St. Louis, and it is given with its wonderful curative effect at 19 South Broadway, suite No. 201, where consultation is free. Send for a booklet explaining the treatment. Consultation and examination free.

UNCONSCIOUS ALL THE NIGHT

Edward Dinsmore Falls Off an Easton Avenue Car, Supposedly While in an Epileptic Fit.

Edward Dinsmore of 6411 Minerva avenue, who, until recently, was employed as a driver by the Majestic Range Co., was seriously hurt by falling from an Easton avenue car at Grand avenue Tuesday evening at 6 o'clock. He sustained a fracture of the skull. He was rendered insensible by the fall, and had not regained consciousness at noon Wednesday.

Dinsmore fell from the rear platform of a westbound car while the car was crossing Grand avenue. He was carried into the office of H. V. Dalton, 3636 Easton avenue, and sent home from there.

Dr. Brokaw V. Brokaw was called later in the evening. Dr. Brokaw had Dinsmore removed to St. John's Hospital Wednesday morning. Dinsmore is married and has four children.

It is believed that Dinsmore was in an epileptic fit when he fell.

CHANDLER FOR BIMETALLISM.

He Seeks to Secure Modification of the Gold Standard Bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—Senator Chandler of New Hampshire to-day offered an amendment to the financial bill adding two new sections as follows:

Section 9.—That in accordance with the act of Nov. 1, 1893, which repeals a part of the act of July 14, 1890, it is hereby reaffirmed and declared to be the existing policy of the United States to continue the use of both gold and silver as standard money, and to coin both gold and silver into money of equal intrinsic and exchangeable value; such equality to be secured through international agreement or by such safeguards of legislation as will insure the maintenance of the parity in value of the coins of the two metals and the equal power of every dollar at all times in the markets and in the payments of debts; and it is further declared that the efforts of the Government should be steadily directed to the establishment of such a safe system of bimetallism as will maintain at all times the equal power of every dollar coined or issued by the United States in the markets and in the payment of debts.

Section 10.—That the provisions of the act of March 3, 1897, authorizing the President to appoint commissioners to any international conference called by the United States or any other country with a view to securing by international agreement a fixity of relative value between gold and silver as money by means of a common ratio between these metals with free mintage at such ratio, be, and the same are hereby re-enacted and continued in force."

SALOONS BOTHER KIRKWOOD.

Two Proprietors Refuse to Close Every Morning at 1 O'Clock.

The authorities of Kirkwood are endeavoring to find a way to curb the two saloons which are in the town's extended limits. The ordinance recently passed requiring the saloons to close at 1:30 a. m. daily and remain closed on Sunday has not been complied with. The saloons are operating under the county license secured before the town's boundaries were extended.

Jack Sturdy owns one saloon and Bill Senelon the other. Both are backed by St. Louis breweries, which, they say, have notified them to pay no attention to legislation by the Town Council. Mayor Kimball has called a meeting of citizens to discuss the existing anti-saloon ordinances and the saloon question.

CAME TO SEE HER SON.

Mrs. Eugene Herndon of Dallas, Tex., Reaches the City Hospital.

A visitor at the City Hospital Wednesday morning was Mrs. Eugene Herndon, mother of Eugene Herndon, who was taken to the City Hospital a week ago for observation as to his mental condition.

Mrs. Herndon came to her home in Dallas, Tex., to see her son. She had a long conference with Dr. Nietert, who told her it would not be advisable for her to take the young man home at present. Little hope for the recovery of his mental faculties was held out to her.

Steamship Arrivals.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—Arrived: Taurle, from Liverpool.

PLYMOUTH, Jan. 3.—Arrived: Patricia, from New York, for Hamburg.

BREMEN, Jan. 3.—Arrived: Stuttgart, from New York.

QUEENSTOWN, Jan. 3.—Arrived: Teutonic, from New York, for Liverpool.

TAKING CHANCES

in business matters is bad policy. Taking chances with your health is the next thing to suicide. Don't let a little illness have its own way until it gets stronger than yourself. Stamp it out now. Abbey's Effervescent Salt will do it. Its daily use regulates health — cures and prevents disease.

ABBEY'S SALT cures and prevents Constipation, Headache, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Nervous Depression, Rheumatism.

There are some people who never do anything until they have to. Don't be one of them. Take care of your health while you have it. Retain it by the daily use of Abbey's Effervescent Salt.

All Druggists. 25c., 50c. and $1 per bottle.

FREE Send two 2-ct. stamps, to pay postage and packing, and we will mail you one of the most dainty and beautiful colored calendar creations of the year.

The Abbey Effervescent Salt Co., 8-15 Murray St., New York.

...I HAVE BOUGHT THE ENTIRE STOCK...

OF THE

RYAN-CLARKSON

DRY GOODS COMPANY.

Watch the Daily Papers for Announcement of the Sale.

MAX SHULZ,

Broadway, St. Charles and Washington Av.

I Confine My Practice Strictly to Diseases of Men

W. A. Cook, M. D.

STRICTURE!

NO CUTTING! NO PAIN!

It matters not how long you have suffered from Stricture, or how many different doctors have disappointed you, I will cure you just as certain as you come to me for treatment. I will not do it by cutting or dilating. My cure is entirely original with me and perfectly painless. It completely dissolves the stricture and permanently removes every obstruction from the urinary passage. It allays all inflammation, reduces the Prostate Gland when enlarged, cleanses and heals the bladder and kidneys when irritated or congested, invigorates the weakened organs and restores health and vigor to every part of the body affected by the disease.

I also cure to stay cured forever, VARICOCELE, SYPHILITIC BLOOD POISON, weakened condition of the generative organs and all reflex and associate diseases and weaknesses of men. To these maladies alone I have earnestly devoted 25 of the best years of my life, and claim advantages over other Physicians in their treatment.

If you can not come to my office, write me your symptoms fully. My home treatment is successful and strictly private. My counsel is free and sacredly confidential, and I give each patient a legal contract in writing for my promises.

Office hours, 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Address W. A. COOK, M. D., or

COOK MEDICAL COMPANY, 610 OLIVE ST., St. Louis, Mo.

STOP YOUR COUGH!

We Will Stop Your Cough With a 20c Bottle of

Balsam of Tar

OR REFUND YOUR MONEY.

FOR SALE ONLY AT

MISSOURI PHARMACY, 8th and Franklin Av., St. Louis, Mo.

And BOSTON DRUG CO., 12th and Franklin Av.

FREE—A Goldfish with every $1.00 purchase at our two stores.

FULL SET OF TEETH... $2

TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN.

Teeth Extracted Free. | Bridgework, $3 per tooth.
Teeth Cleaned Free. | Gold Crowns, $1.00.
Silver fillings Free.

All work guaranteed for 20 years.
All work done free—small charge for material only.

Union Dental College, 622 Olive St.

Best Equipped College in the World.
Cor. of 7th and Olive, Second Floor.
Hours: 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. daily; Sundays, 10 to 4.

Munyon's Inhaler

Cures Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis and all throat and lung diseases. Prevents Consumption. Relieves at once. Certain cure. At all druggstores. Price $1.00.

TOLD OF MURDER TO RIDE

James Hutchins' Confession That He Killed the Rev. Jesse Moore Was a Hoax on Officers.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

BLOOMFIELD, Mo., Jan. 3.—James Hutchens, alias William Adkins, who wrote a letter to the Sheriff of this county from Ironton, O., in which he acknowledged having committed the murder of the Rev. Jesse Moore at Pyle, this county several weeks ago, was arraigned before Squire W. E. Walker to-day for preliminary examination, and when placed on the s and declared that he had never been in Missouri before, that he knew nothing of the murder of Moore more than what he learned from the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, and that he made the alleged confession in order to get away from Ohio, where he was confined in jail, and to evade the officers who were endeavoring to secure evidence against him for the murder of Dr. Rutherford eight or ten years ago. Hutchens claims to have been arrested for the murder of Dr. Rutherford four or five times and as often released for want of evidence. There being no evidence against Hutchens sufficient to warrant the court to hold him for the Moore murder he was released. The young son of the minister had before confessed to the assassination.

ALL SLOT MACHINES BARRED

Revenue of $7500 a Day for Owners and Operators Cut Off in New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Jan. 3.—Not one slot machine of any kind is to-day in operation in New Orleans. At least, 6000 of the machines have been rendered idle by the new ordinance. It is estimated that the daily "play" in the machines aggregated fully $15,000, one half of which went to the owners and operators.

RICHMOND AGAIN A CANDIDATE.

Minister Opposes Renomination of Congressman John T. Lloyd.

MACON, Mo., Jan. 3.—The Rev. E. M. Richmond of Macon delivered an address in the Circuit Court room at Kirksville today during which he formally announced his candidacy for the Democratic nomination for Congress from the First District of Missouri. In 1897, at a special election, Richmond was defeated by James T. Lloyd, the present incumbent, for the nomination by 12 votes. He was not a candidate in 1898. Mr. Richmond at present is pastor of the Christian churches at Madison and Sturgeon. During his canvass he will remain in active charge of his churches and will preach every Sunday as usual.

"Put My Little Toys Away," next Sunday.

"PUT MY LITTLE TOYS AWAY"

This is the title of a New Song written exclusively for and given FREE with NEXT SUNDAY'S POST-DISPATCH.

DEATHS.

SLATTERY—Jan. 1, 1900, at 11:30 p. m., John C. Slattery, the beloved son of Bridget Hickson Slattery, and brother of D. F., R. P. and Nonnie Slattery, and Mrs. T. I. Kinsella and Mrs. Josie Houson.

Funeral from residence, No. 1117 Leffingwell avenue, on Thursday, Jan. 4, at 2 p. m., to St. Bridget's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends invited.

SCHMIDT—Entered into rest on Tuesday, Jan. 2, at 5:45 p. m., Catherine Schmidt, beloved wife of William Schmidt, age 49 years, mother of Edward, William, Bennie, Rosy and Lily Schmidt and Mrs. Minnie Holden.

Funeral will take place from late residence, 2412 Biddle street, Thursday, Jan. 4, at 8:30 a. m., to Union Station. Interment at Bellefontaine. Ill.

CALLANAN—At Omaha, Neb., Dec. 31, Charles D. Callanan, beloved husband of Kate Callanan (nee Burke).

Due notice of funeral will be given.

RAN INTO A FREIGHT TRAIN.

Passenger and Engineer Severely Injured and Several Cars Burned.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

CENTRALIA, Ill., Jan. 3.—The northbound fast passenger train on the Illinois Central this morning crashed into the rear end of a freight train in the yards here near the Air Line crossing. The engine was wrecked and several of the freight cars were broken. Fire broke out in the wreck and the cab of the passenger engine and several of the cars were consumed. The passenger engineer was seriously injured. The accident occurred at about 5 o'clock, when the freight train was heading into a siding. The passenger train was running fast.

SENT FREE TO MEN

A Most Remarkable Remedy That Quickly Restores Lost Vigor To Men.

A Free Trial Package Sent By Mail To All Who Write.

Free trial packages of a most remarkable remedy are being mailed to all who write the State Medical Institute. This cured so many men who had battled for years against the mental and physical suffering of lost manhood that the institute has decided to distribute free trial packages to all who write. It is a home treatment and all men who suffer with any form of sexual weakness resulting from youthful follies, premature loss of strength and manhood, lame back, varicocele, or emaciation of parts that now cure themselves at home.

The remedy has a peculiarly grateful effect of warmth and seems to act direct to the desired location giving strength and development just where it is needed. It cures all the ills and troubles that come from years of misuse of the natural functions and has been an absolute success in all cases. A request to the State Medical Institute, 327 Elektron building, Fort Wayne, Ind., stating that you desire one of their free trial packages will be complied with promptly. The institute is desirous of reaching that great class of men who are unable to leave home to be treated and the free sample will enable them to see how easy it is to be cured of sexual weakness when the proper remedies are employed. The institute makes no restrictions. Any man who writes will be sent a free sample, carefully sealed in a plain package so that no recipient need have any fear of embarrassment or publicity.

NOTICE!

FOR THE PROTECTION OF OUR WANT ADVERTISERS.

Answers to advertisements will not be delivered except on presentation of the check calling for same.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.
20 Words or Less. 5 Cents.

ADDRESSER—St. wanted; envelopes to address. Call or ad. Jefferson, 2206 Franklin.

BAKER—Second or third baker wants position; good reference; hotel or small shop; city or country. Ad. H 69, Post-Dispatch.

BARBER—Good barber, married, wants steady position; with or without board. Hy. D., 2005 S. Broadway.

BARTENDER—St. wanted as bartender or grocery clerk; can speak German; satisfaction guaranteed. Ad. D 55, Post-Dispatch.

BOY—Colored boy, 14 years old, wishes work of any kind. Ad. 2718 Pine st.

BOY—St. wanted in drug store by boy of 16, with some experience. Address P. S., 1529 S. 11th st.

BOY—St. wanted by neat colored boy as cutter or houseman; can give city references. E. O. D., Forest Park P. O.

BOY—Wants place to work for room and board, at once. Ad. N 66, Post-Dispatch.

BOY—St. wanted by boy 16 years; willing to work; would like to learn a trade. Ad. T 67, Post-Dispatch.

BUTLER—St. wanted by first-class butler; best of references. Ad. H 68, Post-Dispatch.

CARPENTER—St. wanted by an experienced carpenter, painter, paper hanger; low rates. Ad. C 68, Post-Dispatch.

CARPENTER—A good, first-class carpenter wants sit. in factory or wholesale house; reasonable. Ad. E 69, Post-Dispatch.

CARPENTER—Carpenter and cabinet maker wants work; is a first-class mechanic and willing to do everything honorable. Ad. B 66, Post-Dispatch.

CLERK—Wanted, clerical work or bookkeeping by college graduate; best references; moderate salary. Ad. M 66, Post-Dispatch.

COACHMAN—St. wanted by a young man. Swede; as coachman; best references as to honesty and capability. Ad. N 68, Post-Dispatch.

COACHMAN—St. wanted by coachman who thoroughly understands coaching business; best city references. Philip Hughes, 3908 North Theresa av.

COOK—Wanted, a position by a colored man cook; best city references. Ad. T 68, Post-Dispatch.

CREDIT CLERK—St. wanted by young man employed in credit department in one of the largest packing institutions in Kansas City; desires to remove to St. Louis; experienced in that line; references. Ad. G 61, Post-Dispatch.

CUTTER—St. wanted by young man of 25 as cutter in cotton or silk goods. Ad. 4450 Maffitt. A. Zorn.

CUTTER, ETC.—St. wanted by shade cutter, hanger and draper. Ad. Geo. Crowell, 2110 E. Warne.

ENGINEER—Wanted, sit. by a licensed stationary engineer, used to firing and repairing; good reference. Ad. G 64, Post-Dispatch.

FIREMAN—Sit. by first-class fireman or assistant engineer; can do repairs, and not afraid of work. Ad. O 62, Post-Dispatch.

FOUNTAIN AV., 4832—One or two nice warm rooms; half block from Suburban cars.

HOUSEMAN—Situation wanted by middle-aged man to do housework; understands furnace; references; must have place quick. Ad. R 68, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—St. wanted by sober, reliable man as porter or day watchman; willing to work; best city references. Address Thomas McGovern, 3409 Morgan st.

MAN—St. wanted of any kind by young man; experienced in groceries and meats; work reasonable; good references. Ad. F 68, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—Young man of 27 wants position of some kind where he can make himself useful. Ad. D 69, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—Young man, aged 19, with good habits, desires to become a clerk in grocery; reference. Ad. 2306, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—St. wanted by young man, morning and evening, in exchange for board; thoroughly understands care of horse and can attend cow; private family only need apply. Ad. F 200, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—Situation wanted by industrious and honest man who understands care of horses, cow, furnace and all kinds of work, around private place. Ad. T 60, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—St. wanted by young man, to do porter work or to assist tending bar in saloon. Ad. W 66, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—St. wanted by a reliable young man, willing to do any kind of work. E. Stark, 4355 Cozens.

MAN—Wanted, light work, indoors, by middle-aged man; handy with tools; wages no object. Ad. F 68, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—St. wanted by young man of good address and habits, in drug store; 18 months' experience; aged 18; wages no object. Ad. D 68, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—St. wanted by an experienced man with delivery wagon; knows city well; wages $14 per week. Val Plate, 1444 Dodier st.

MAN—Position wanted in private family by man for general housework. Phil Hafner, 6111 Horton pl.

MAN—Young man wants sit.; 11 years' experience general office work; first-class references; not afraid of work. Ad. B 68, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—St. wanted with wholesale drug manufacturing or physicians' supply house, in any capacity; all references given. Ad. A 69, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—Young man with good references wants work of any kind, where he can make his room, board and a little money. Ad. T 66, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—Man, sober, reliable, 27, wants position; bonds, references, etc., or will rent or buy coffee route. Ad. W 66, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—St. wanted in first-class private place, to tend furnace or drive, by sober man of 30 years; wages $20 per month. Ad. E. E. Hendolet, 109 S. 9th st.

MAN—Steady young man, with good habits, would like work of any kind; handy at anything. Ad. B 67, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—A very practical, experienced and reliable planing mill man, 20 years handling men and machinery, wants position. Ad. G 67, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—St. wanted by colored man to do any kind of work; good reference. Ad. R 66, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—Young man, 20, wants sit. as office assistant; 4 years' experience; salary no object. Ad. M 63, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—St. wanted by young man; am experienced office man and collector; will do anything. Ad. K 65, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—A man with good recommendations wants place as watchman, fireman, janitor or any kind of work. Ad. U 66, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—Sober, industrious man, 33 years of age, wants labor at fair wages, in packing house or livery barn or dairy. Ad. N 66, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—Young man wants position; just idle this week from the Busy Bee Candy Store. Ad. O 66, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—St. wanted by industrious, experienced young man as delivery wagon driver; call or address T. E. Hinton, 921-929 N. 9th st.

MANAGER, ETC.—Wanted, position in country, with years of experience in general merchandise store, as manager or clerk; can keep set books; best references. Ad. L 65, Post-Dispatch.

NURSE—St. wanted as nurse or companion to invalid, by a gentleman of education; gilt edge references. Ad. A 68, Post-Dispatch.

PLUMBER—Plumber out of work wants sit.; work done good and cheap. Ad. G 65, Post-Dispatch.

PRINTER—A printer, with press and type, wants position with manufacturing or medicine company. Ad. K 60, Post-Dispatch.

SALESMAN—Traveling salesman, good specialty man, wants position. Ad. C 71, Post-Dispatch.

SORTER—A young man, first-class bundler and sorter, wants position in laundry. Ad. M 68, Post-Dispatch.

WALL PAPER CLEANING—Wanted, wall paper to clean; 8 years' experience in this work exclusively; send postal; will call. J. Neal, 222 Shrigley st.

WANTED—Sit. by elderly German; handy with tools and around house or like stock; best of references. Ad. N 62, Post-Dispatch.

WATCHMAN—Sit. wanted by nightwatchman; 20 years' experience; good references. Ad. F 69, Post-Dispatch.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

BAKER WANTED—Third-hand baker. 4145 Manchester av.

BARBER WANTED—A good barber, at once. 317 Walnut st.

BOY WANTED—Boy with about a year's experience in drug store. 224 and Clark.

BOY WANTED—An experienced boy on Puritan bicycle. Apply to L. B. Jostis Shoe Co., S. W. cor. Big Z's and Collins.

HELP WANTED—MALE.
Continued.

BOY WANTED—Dining room boy; also girl for general work; call to-day. 3023 Washington av.

BOY WANTED—Boy, with experience at horseshoeing. Call at 14 S. 14th st.

BOY WANTED—Competent house and dining room boy. Apply with reference 3650 Washington av.

BOY WANTED—Boy, to do general work about storeroom; 18 years old. Apply in rear of 2009 Walnut st.

BOYS WANTED—To try Harris' $1.98 shoes; made for good wear. 630 Pine st.

BUTLER WANTED—Butler; must have best city reference; colored. 860 Mermod & Jaccard Bldg.

CASH for acceptable ideas; state if patented. Address The Patent Record, Baltimore, Md.

CLERKS WANTED—2 experienced grocery clerks; apply after 7 p. m. 1043 N. Vandeventer.

COACHMAN WANTED—Coachman to attend to horse and barouche; no colored; reference required. Apply 1823 Hickory st.

CUTTERS WANTED—1st-class lift cutters. Hamilton-Brown, 21st and Locust.

DIE SETTER WANTED—A die setter; must understand trimers' tools and dies; don't apply unless you can fill the position. J. H. Pocock Can Co., 900 N. 2d st.

DISHWASHER WANTED—Sober young man to wash dishes; apply after 5 o'clock, at 611-613 Morgan st.

HOUSEMAN WANTED—An experienced white houseman, with city references. 4307 Lindell.

LASTER WANTED—A good, experienced laster. S. Summet, 2215 N. Broadway.

MACHINIST WANTED—A machinist familiar with tinners' tools and dies. J. H. Pocock Can Co., 900 N. 2d st.

MAN WANTED—Man of common school education to work in city. 2731 Franklin av.

MAN WANTED—Young man for meat shop; good man. 1536 Morgan st.

MAN WANTED—Smart, wise black man to do job work. Apply 5408 Maple av.

MAN WANTED—Man who understands attending to boiler. Ad. H 282, Post-Dispatch.

MAN WANTED—Young man to collect and weigh coal; salary $9 per week; state reference. Ad. D 66, Post-Dispatch.

MAN WANTED—Man with some experience in straw hat factory. 902 N. 6th st.

MAN WANTED—Young man, about 18, experienced in grocery business; German preferred. 3101 Cherokee.

MEN WANTED—Men, to learn barber trade; only 8 weeks required; special advantages this season; complete outfit of tools presented students; wages Saturdays; positions positively guaranteed; can earn tuition working for us; catalogue mailed free. Moler Barber College, 1141 Market st.

MEN WANTED—Barb wire fence makers and wire drawers. Apply Merchants' Wire and Nail Co., Granite City, Ill.

MEN WANTED—Wire drawers and barb wire fence makers. Apply Merchants' Wire and Nail Co., Granite City, Ill.

MEN WANTED—Two people-say men to work retail grocery trade; give full particulars; real salary and permanent. Ad. B 71, Post-Dispatch.

MEN WANTED—Reed workers and winders; steady work. Address the National Carriage & Reed Co., Cincinnati, O.

MEN WANTED—Intelligent young men to learn trouser cutting by reliable system. Ad. K 246, Post-Dispatch.

MEN WANTED—Government positions; don't prepare for any civil service or census examination without seeing our catalogue of information; sent free. Columbian Correspondence College, Washington, D. C.

MEN WANTED—To stop at Grace Hotel, 414 Market; rooms, 25c day; $1.50 week and up.

MODEL MAKERS WANTED—Two experienced metal model makers, Semdpe Clock Co., 423 N. 4th st.

OPERATORS WANTED—Operators on heel compressors and heel stackers. Mound City Boot & Shoe Co., Marion and 8th st.

PAINTERS WANTED—Painters; also boys with experience; apply after 5 p. m. Geo. C. Witt, 4586½ St. Ferdinand av.

PORTER WANTED—Good colored saloon porter; call at once. 701 Chouteau.

PORTER WANTED—First-class porter for barber shop; must bring references. 210 N. 18th st.

PORTER WANTED—Porter. Inquire at 4 p. m., lunch room, 2311 Chestnut st.

PRINTER WANTED—Job printer, rapid, for time table work. 2811 Locust st.

PRIVATE diseases a specialty at Franklin Avenue Free Dispensary. 1214 Franklin av.

PULLER OVER WANTED—Puller over. 815 St. Charles st.

SCHOLARSHIP—One could not make a son or a daughter a more valuable New Year's gift than a scholarship in Draughon's Practical Business College, Enulle building, Ninth and Olive; this college is now offering special rates to city students.

SHOEMAKERS WANTED—Shoemakers, experienced operator on McKay heeling machine. C. E. Ramloss, 13th and Monroe st.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED—Thoroughly experienced stenographer and bookkeeper; state experience, salary and reference from last employer. Ad. O 67, Post-Dispatch.

TRANSFERER WANTED—We want a good, sober lithograph transferer; one who understands commercial and color work both preferred. Ad. with full particulars, Brandon Printing Co., Nashville, Tenn.

WATCHMAKER WANTED—A 1st-class watchmaker, who can repair jewelry and do plain engraving. If a skilled optician will be the more desirable. Apply with full particulars of yourself, to John J. Ferguson, Alexandria, La.

WATCHMAN WANTED—A competent watchman for factory building; one who is familiar with automatic sprinkler system. Ad., with references, G 69, Post-Dispatch.

WOODCHOPPERS WANTED—Four cordwood cutters; good wages guaranteed; no buy cord hands need apply. William H. Harris, Jr., East Carondelet, Ill.

Perkins & Herpel

MERCANTILE COLLEGE.

Lincoln Trust Bldg., 7th and Chestnut sts.; individual instruction given in Commercial, Shorthand, English Branches; write for catalogue; New Year term, day and night, opens Jan. 2, 1900.

STOVE REPAIRS

For every stove or range made in the United States to be had at A. G. BRAUER'S, 219 Locust st.

SALESMEN WANTED.
14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

SALESMAN WANTED—Salesman to drive wagon, sell the retail grocery trade; must have good references; well acquainted. Ad. C 69, Post-Dispatch.

SALESMEN WANTED—Salesmen and dealers in every town, to sell custom tailoring; $5 daily easily made; suits and overcoats, $6.50 up; large samples, carrying case and advertising matter (your name appearing), free; experience not necessary; write immediately The Puritan Tailors, Station U, Chicago. (Quality as good and reliable as Puritans of Old.)

AGENTS WANTED.
14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

AGENTS WANTED—All photo ticket agents call on Willyerd, 810 Olive st.; something new.

AGENTS WANTED—The art of gold and silver plating taught free. Address Mary Brown, Corning, Ark.

AGENTS WANTED—Our agents' benefit fund great success; Jan. bank opens Feb. 1; start now; also extra com. every night. Murillo, 1314 Olive st.

AGENTS WANTED—New ticket; new plan; agents' benefit; best thing in town; best pay. Murillo, 1314 Olive st.

AGENTS WANTED—$240 monthly selling improved nickel-plated Brilliant Gaslight Burner; fits kerosene lamps, beautiful gaslight without chimney; sample free. Enterprise Mfg. Co., G 131, Cincinnati, O.

NEW ticket; big offer to agents; ex. com. 25c on tickets used; paid week. Genelli, 923 Olive st.

PARTNERS WANTED.
14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

PARTNER WANTED—Lady partner with some cash to join me in forming college to teach magnetic healing; experience not needed; we can make fine returns. Ad. O 68, Post-Dispatch.

CANVASSERS AND SOLICITORS.
14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

CANVASSERS WANTED—Experienced and reliable canvassers to solicit members for the Retail Commercial Agency in all the States; liberal terms; pleasant and permanent employment for qualified applicants; special terms to State agents. Ad. A. L. C. Hurst, Manager, Waco, Tex.

SOLICITORS WANTED—Coal solicitors; good pay; pleasant work. Superior Coal Co., 347 Century Bldg.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.
20 Words or Less. 5 Cents.

CHAMBERMAID—Colored girl, first-class chambermaid, wishes sit. Ella Wain, 1311 Franklin.

COMPANION—Sit. wanted as companion or nurse for elderly lady or invalid; reference. Ad. E 66, Post-Dispatch.

COOK—Sit. wanted; will some good, kind man or elderly couple, who wants a good plain cook and a good, competent housekeeper call? Willing to do work of any kind. Ad. 2950 Olive st.

COOK—Sit. wanted by good cook in a good family. Ad. B 159, Post-Dispatch.

COOK—Middle-aged German woman wants to do plain cooking, general work; no washing. Call 924 N. 15th st.

COOK—Situation wanted by first-class cook; best references; no postals answered. Call 912 N. Leonard.

COOK—Sit. wanted as 1st-class cook or waitress in small restaurant; immediately; can furnish good references. Ad. F 69, Post-Dispatch.

COOK—Sit. wanted by white woman as cook; private boarding house. Apply 1925 Morgan, rear.

COOK—Sit. wanted to cook, wash and iron; good reference. Apply 1405 Washington av.

COOK, ETC.—Situation wanted by good country girl as plain cook or housegirl; colored. 4250A Cottage av.

COOK—Situation wanted by good colored girl in private family as cook. 3720 Rutger st.

COOK—Sit. wanted by good steady woman as cook; family or small boarding house. Call in person, 819 N. 21st st., upstairs.

COOK—Sit. wanted by experienced cook, with reference. Ad. C., 4201 Olive st.

COOK—Wanted, by a middle-aged woman, place as cook in a first-class place. Call or address 924 N. 15th st.

COOK—Good, reliable colored girl wishes situation as cook or to do general housework. 1213 N. 21st st.

DRESSMAKER—Good dressmaker wants sewing by day; good cutter and fitter; at $1 per day. Ad. O 65, Post-Dispatch.

GIRLS—Sits. wanted by 2 1st-class colored girls as cook and housegirl. 3947 Finney av.

GIRL—Sit. wanted to do housework and dining room work; competent girl. Call 1852 Park av.

HOUSEGIRL—Sit. wanted by girl for general housework. Call 2234 Carr st., at once.

HOUSEGIRL—Sit. wanted by colored girl to do general housework. 810 Compton.

HOUSEGIRL—Sit. wanted by colored girl for housework; no washing. 523 Theresa av.

HOUSEGIRL—Experienced girl would like sit. in private family to do housework. 108 N. Leffingwell av.

HOUSEGIRL—Situation wanted as housegirl by good, strong Swedish girl. Ad. M 69, Post-Dispatch.

HOUSEGIRL, ETC.—Situation wanted for housework and nursing by two German girls from the country. Ad. 2900 Dickson st.

HOUSEGIRL—Sit. wanted by colored girl to do general housework or plain cooking. Write or call rear 209 S. 16th st.

HOUSEGIRL—Sit. wanted by German girl to do general housework in small family; no washing. Call at 2356 North Market st.

HOUSEGIRL—Sit. wanted by colored girl for housework or as cook; good references. 2629 Chestnut, rear.

HOUSEGIRL—Situation wanted by a girl for general housework. 2508A Dodier st.

HOUSEKEEPER—Young widow, with furniture, would like to keep house for gent. Ad. A 71, Post-Dispatch.

HOUSEKEEPER—Widow with child, having furniture, desires to keep house for elderly gent. Address A 70, Post-Dispatch.

HOUSEKEEPER—Will a gentleman or aged couple requiring first-class housekeeper, and who will not object to little girl, please call or address 2205 Olive st.

HOUSEKEEPER—Sit. wanted by young widow; work of any kind, or as housekeeper; willing to do anything. Mrs. May W., General Delivery, St. Louis, Mo.

HOUSEKEEPER—Sit. wanted as housekeeper, with baby; or general housework. 3543 Sidney st.

HOUSEWOMAN—Sit. wanted by woman and girl for general housework. 1406 Cass av., rear.

HOUSEWOMAN—A middle-aged woman wishes a situation for general housework without washing or ironing; don't like living the city; country preferred. 3126A N. 11th st.

HOUSEWOMAN—Sit. wanted by neat colored woman to do general housework; small family. 2215 Market st.

HOUSEWOMAN—Sit. wanted by colored lady to do general housework; good references. Carrie Jones, 2028 Morgan st.

HOUSEWORK—Situation wanted by a colored girl to do general housework. 3309 Chestnut st.

LAUNDRESS—Wanted, washing to bring home and laundry work; good reference. 4135 Fairfax av.

LAUNDRESS—Sit. wanted by colored laundress to bring home. 2118 Morgan st.

LAUNDRESS—Wanted, washing and ironing to take home; small bundles. Bessie Clay, 2631 Lucas av.

LAUNDRESS—Wanted, washing by day. Apply 1213 Blair av.

LAUNDRESS—Wanted, washing by a good white laundress; by day or take work home. Address Laundress, 1210 Washington av.

LAUNDRESS—Sit. wanted by laundress, to go out or take home; references. 2303 Morgan.

LAUNDRESS—Wanted, washing to take home or go out by day. 3973 Fairfax av.

LAUNDRESS—A German woman would like washing and ironing in the house. 1219 S. 6th st., rear.

NURSE—Sit. wanted by trained nurse; will take confinement case; reasonable; year's experience; good reference. 4423 Lucky st.

NURSEGIRL—Situation wanted by French girl to take care of children and upstairs work. Ad. K 64, Post-Dispatch.

SEAMSTRESS—Lady wishes to do plain sewing at home. Ad. O 249, Post-Dispatch.

SEAMSTRESS—First-class seamstress wants work in families; ladies' dresses made over and remodeled a specialty; best of references. Ad. B 69, Post-Dispatch.

SEAMSTRESS' ETC.—Seamstress and tailoress wants work to do at home; will make suits for the next 30 days for $5; all work reasonable. 1905A Union av.

SEAMSTRESS—Experienced seamstress wants work at home or in families; children's work a specialty; references. Call or ad. 721 N. Compton av.

STENOGRAPHER—A competent lady stenographer wants position; moderate salary. Ad. N 65, Post-Dispatch.

TYPEWRITER—Position wanted by young lady as typewriter; can give satisfactory references; salary $6 per week. Address 1514 Spruce st.

WAITRESS—Sit. wanted by experienced waitress; do not address by postal. Call 723 N. Jefferson.

WASHERWOMAN—Situation wanted by colored woman to wash and iron by day; reliable; references. 2813 Manchester av., 2d floor.

WHEN, maker of best photos and enlargements for Xmas presents. When, 1631 Franklin av.

WOMAN—Wanted, a steady, reliable woman wants work to assist in kitchen or dishwashing. Call 1822A Olive st.

WOMAN—Reliable colored woman and daughter would like place were two servants are needed; willing to go to country or other city. Call or address 620 Beaumont st.

WOMAN—Sit. wanted by settled woman; housework or cook; would like to go home at night. 2106 O'Fallon st.

WOMAN—Sit. wanted, work of any kind, by a colored woman. Martha Bonns, 1421 Linden st.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.
14 Words or Less, 10 Cents.
Business Announcements, 10 Cents Per Line.

BOOKKEEPER WANTED—First-class bookkeeper in the capacity of general office assistant; at moderate salary. Ad. E 71, Post-Dispatch.

CHAMBERMAID WANTED—Honest white woman for chamber work; good wages; references required. 3019 Bell av.

COOK WANTED—Experienced cook, white woman preferred; call at once, 3532 Washington av.

COOK WANTED—Cook and housegirl. 1139 N. Vandeventer av.

COOK WANTED—Girl to cook, wash and iron; small family; good wages. 3658 Russell av.

COOK WANTED—Cook; apply with references. 3119 Lucas av.

COOK WANTED—Good girl to cook; good wages. Apply at once. 4371 Lindell av.

COOK WANTED—Girl for cooking and general housework, with or without washing; good home and good wages to satisfactory girl. 1035 Goodfellow av.

COOK WANTED—Girl to cook, wash and iron. 5829 Bartmer av.

COOK WANTED—Good cook in small family. 4185 Morgan st.

COOK WANTED—Cook for family of two; competent colored girl with good references will find excellent home and liberal wages. 3211 Locust.

COOK WANTED—Woman to cook and attend to lower floor. Apply by letter to Mrs. W. P. Hunt, Normandy.

COOK WANTED—Girl to cook, wash and iron; no washing; one who wants a home; wages $1.50. 1416 Washington av.

COOK WANTED—White girl; must be a first-class cook. 5864 Von Versen av.

COOK WANTED—German girl for kitchen work. 213 S. Broadway.

COOK WANTED—Good dining room girl; at once. 2713 Franklin.

COOK WANTED—Girl, to cook and assist with other work. 2208 Locust st.

COOK WANTED—To learn millinery. 3150 Shenandoah.

COOK WANTED—Young girl as nurse, to return home at night. 4123 Page av.

GIRL WANTED—German girl; one who wishes to have a good home. 2417 N. 15th st.

GIRLS WANTED—Two girls to work in tailor shop; 2 to learn; good pay. 313 Russell av.

GIRL WANTED—German girl to work in bakery. Apply 1206 Biddle st.

GIRLS WANTED—To learn embroidery machine; paying while learning. Western Embroidery Co., 415 N. Broadway.

GIRLS WANTED—Hand sewers and toppers on pants. Loth Jeans Clothing Co., 904-914 Pine st.

GIRL WANTED—Experienced, neat girl on ladies' tailoring; permanent position to right party. 1728 Olive st.

GIRL WANTED—Experienced girl to do labeling; state age; salary $3. Ad. G 66, Post-Dispatch.

GIRLS WANTED—Experienced machine girls on vests. 3623 S. Broadway.

GIRLS WANTED—Girl for general housework; good wages. 5007 Fairmount av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A good girl for general housework; no washing. 2804 N. Broadway.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—White girl or woman for general housework; in family of two. 3905 Finney av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl to do general housework. 5214 Delmar bl.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. 3706 Vernon av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—German girl for general housework; no washing. 1431 Missouri av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good girl for general housework; no washing. 3658 Finney av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good German girl for general housework. 4717 N. Grand av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; small family. Call at 5123 Kensington.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Young strong girl for housework; apply at once. 3145 Bell av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. 6028 Horton pl.; Suburban car.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—German girl for general housework. 4052 Manchester av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good girl for general housework; no washing. 4206 Finney av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—German girl for general housework. 1008 Pine st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A settled woman or widow, without children, to do general housework on a farm; none but a good American Protestant need answer. Ad. Mrs. James Blake, Caseyville, Ill.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—German girl, to take care of child and assist in housework; small family. 4235 Lindell av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A good girl for general housework; good wages. 4033 Cook av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good girl for general housework. 5326 Vernon av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework, washing and ironing. 1917 Oregon av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good housegirl. 3524 Washington av.; side entrance.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good colored woman for general housework; good wages. 3941 Westminster pl.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A neat girl for general housework; small family; good pay. 3861 Windsor pl.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. 5807 Von Versen av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for housework in flat; small family. 4088 Page av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—German girl for general housework. 2025 Park av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; small family. 3927 Russell av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good girl for general housework; German preferred. 3322 West Chestnut st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Woman for general housework; go home at nights. 3032 Lucas av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework, at once. 4260 Cook av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—German girl for general housework; small family. 1400 Hebert st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—German housegirl. 3630 Pine st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good girl for housework without washing. Apply at once with reference northeast corner Taylor and Easton avs.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Neat girl for general housework; good wages. 3614 Russell av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; family of two. Apply 2720 Stoddard st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A good German girl for general housework; family of three. Call at 2617 Lafayette av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—German girl for general housework. 2740 Gamble st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl to do house and laundry work; no cooking. Apply 5847 Maple av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Colored girl to do general housework, washing and ironing; family of three; reference. 4632A Olive st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Young girl for light housework; easy, steady place. 4217 Arco av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—At once, a good German girl for general housework. 1822 Warren st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl to do housework. Apply 1731 Franklin av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; small family; good wages. 5053 Finney av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—First-class girl for general housework in small family; one who is a good cook preferred. Inquire at 4230 McPherson av., Thursday morning, before noon; no washing.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; references required. 2125 Morgan st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework, washing and ironing; good wages. 4123 Page av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Neat and honest colored girl, 15 years, to assist in light housework in family of two; good home; wages to nice girl; bring references. Ad. O 69, Post-Dispatch.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; small family; good place. 1814A Oregon.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A girl for general housework. 5106 Westminster pl.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Neat girl for general housework. 2128 McCausland av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; three in family. 4568 Morgan st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; no children; every Sunday afternoon and evening out. 5091 Delmar av.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.
14 Words or Less, 10 Cents.
Business Announcements, 10 Cents Per Line.

COOK WANTED—Girl to cook, wash and iron. 3435 Franklin av.

COOK WANTED—First-class cook; small family; good wages; apply immediately. 3630 Blaine av.

COOK WANTED—First-class cook to assist in housework; no washing. 3841 Morgan st.

COOK WANTED—Good cook; references required; good wages; no ironing or washing; German preferred. 4633 Lindell bl.

COOK WANTED—Girl to cook, wash and iron; small family. 5 Shaw pl.; one block west of Grand and Lafayette avs.

COOK WANTED—Competent girl to cook, wash and iron; small family. 6034 W. Cabanne.

DINING ROOM GIRL WANTED—Good dining room girl for restaurant; call ready for work. 1423 Franklin av.

DRESSMAKER WANTED—1st-class dressmaker, who thoroughly understands cutting and fitting. Address P 69, Post-Dispatch.

GIRLS WANTED—Experienced bindery girls, at once. Sam'l F. Myerson Printing Co., 3d and Vine sts.

GIRL WANTED—Neat white or colored girl, 12 to 15 years, to nurse baby; one who appreciates good home. Call at 1426 Granville pl.

GIRLS WANTED—Two girls, between 14 and 16, to learn; $2 per week at start. Union Laundry, 2008 Morgan st.

GIRLS WANTED—Experienced machine girls and basters, on vests. 2410 S. 18th st.

GIRLS WANTED—Apprentice girls, to learn dressmaking; will get paid. 3521 Lindell.

GIRLS WANTED—25 girls, to sew on wrappers; will teach inexperienced. 307 Lucas av.

GIRL WANTED—Girl, at once. 3511 N. Broadway.

GIRL WANTED—Dining room girl; come ready for work. 1705 Olive st.

GIRL WANTED—Girl to do folding and wrapping. Thornton, 21 N. 8th st., 2d floor.

GIRL WANTED—Girl to do chamber work and help in kitchen; one who wants a home; wages $1.50. 1416 Washington av.

GIRL WANTED—White girl; must be a first-class cook. 5864 Von Versen av.

GIRL WANTED—German girl for kitchen work. 213 S. Broadway.

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HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Neat and honest colored girl, 15 years, to assist in light housework in family of two; good home; wages to nice girl; bring references. Ad. O 69, Post

HOUSEHOLD GOODS WANTED.
16 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

FEATHERS WANTED—I pay 30c to 35c per lb. for feathers. H. Spoelman, 2820 Olive st.; send postal.

HIGHEST Price paid for furniture and feathers. Beninger, 706 Walton av.; send a postal.

HIGHEST cash price paid for entire contents of flats and residences. Thomas Wells, 1219 Olive.

HIGHEST cash prices paid for furniture, pianos, carpets, feather beds or entire contents of flats and stores. Wolf, 18 S. 11th st. Phone—C 965.

HOUSEHOLD goods wanted; I buy furniture, stoves, carpets; car loads; small lots. Gill, 2219 Wash.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS WANTED—Full value paid for all kinds of furniture; send postal. W. Jones, 1143 Olive st.

OLD FEATHERS WANTED—Will pay 35c per pound; send postal. S. Bataria, 112 N. 9th st.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS FOR SALE.

Furniture.

BEDROOM SETS—For sale, three oak bedroom sets; no second-hand dealers need apply. 220 S. Jefferson av.

FURNITURE—For sale, handsome oak furniture of 6 rooms; must sell; parties leaving city. 921 N. Theresa.

FURNITURE—For sale, all my furniture; as good as new; good chance for people who will start to keep house. 2832 Chouteau av., upstairs.

Carpet, Rugs, Etc.

CARPETS, ETC.—For sale, 150 misfit carpets, brussels, velvet, 3-ply ingrain; 23 up; 200 cook and heating stoves, $1.50 up; folding beds, sideboards, bedroom suits; sell cheap. 1411 Franklin.

Sewing Machines.

FOR SALE—Great bargains this week; Wilcox & Gibbs, Singer, $1.50 up; drop heads, $15.50 up. Kinloch 972 D. 1210 Franklin av.

SEWING MACHINE—For sale, latest improved Wilcox & Gibbs automatic sewing machine; perfect condition; cheap. 1042 N. Vandeventer av.

SEWING MACHINE—For sale, Singer sewing machine; very cheap. 3730 Texas av.

SEWING MACHINES—One high-arm Singer, one New Home and one White sewing machine; all improved and guaranteed good condition; will sell cheap. 1042 Vandeventer, near Finney; open evenings.

SEWING MACHINE—Latest improved Singer sewing machine; perfect condition, at a bargain. 3932A N. Vandeventer av.

Stoves, Ranges, Etc.

STOVE—For sale, Superior Oak soft coal heater, $3. 4324 Linton av.

Miscellaneous.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS—For sale, parlor suite, folding bed and Radiant Home base burner. 909 Morrison av.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS—For sale, bedroom set $3; Singer machine $2; sideboard, cook stove, tables, clocks, pictures. 1704 S. 11th st.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.
14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

Wanted.

HORSE WANTED—Use of horse for keep; suitable for letter carrier. Ad. P 65, Post-Dispatch.

HORSE wintered; farm; Ferguson; box stalls; best care. Camden Case, 322 S. Broadway.

WINTERING horses with us saves expense. For particulars ad. Ingleside Stock Farm, Wellston.

For Sale.

BUGGY—For sale, cheap, a fine second-hand storm buggy; a fine second-hand cut-under surrey. 3004 Morgan st.

HORSE—For sale, good horse; cheap. 1415 Dolman st., downstairs.

HORSE—For sale, light delivery horse; good condition; inquire mornings at 1084 Park av.

SURREYS, park wagons, grocer, baker, butcher, laundry, milk, peddler, furniture and light advertising wagons; also a light track spring stake wagon. John Tobiska, 1406 N. 7th st.

WAGON—For sale, cheap, a light park wagon; suitable for pleasure or business use; as good as new; also a good business mare; a free driver. Can be seen 4318 West Belle pl.

WAGONETTE—For sale, 10-passenger wagonette, cheap. 3004 Morgan st.

MUSICAL.
14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

ESTEY pianos and organs excel in superior tone, touch and finish; the Estey tone is the sweetest and most musical ever heard, and is found only in the Estey instruments.
THE ESTEY CO.,
916 Olive st.

PIANO—For sale; $85 buys elegant piano; cost $375; stool and cover. 1414 N. 16th st.

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.
14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

A SPECIAL price paid for ladies' and gents' cast-off clothing; send postal. Miller, 1305 S. Boadway.

MIRROR WANTED—A 2d-hand mirror, suitable for a bar; must be cheap; not over $10. Ad. 1004 Market st.

Old Gold Diamonds and Silver. Bring it to 109 N. 6th st. and get the highest cash price paid.

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE.
14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

DOORS, ETC.—For sale, doors, window sashes and shutters. A. Klauber & Sons, 1815 S. 18th st.

FOR SALE—Ten R. I. P. A. N. S. for 5 cents at druggists. One gives relief.

STUD—For sale, solitaire diamond stud; pawned for $25; will take $5 for ticket. Ad. Y 68, Post-Dispatch.

WATCH—For sale, 11-jeweled solid gold Elgin watch; pawned for $22; ticket $3.50. Ad. W 68, Post-Dispatch.

PRINTING MATERIAL.
For sale, 1 Babcock, 25x31; 1 Peerless, 1 O. S. Gordon, 25x31, large quantity of body and display type, cutter, motor, galleys, bases, etc.; can be bought in bulk or separate at very low price. Apply at 919 Locust st.

SECOND HAND SAFES.
If you are looking for a safe and do not care to pay for the first blush of newness, just for merit and service, we are supplied with a number of second-hand safes that we will sell exceptionally low.
G. V. HALLIDAY & CO.,
421 N. 4th st., St. Louis, Mo.
John T. Lynn, Manager.

DANCING.
14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

DANCING—New term opens Wednesday evening; three private lessons free with each ticket sold. Prof. and Mrs. Maurice Adams, 3137 Olive st.

DANCING—Reception and waltz contest at Grabame's Hall, 1309 Olive, next Friday evening; strangers welcome; specialties as usual; dancing 8:30 sharp.

DANCING—For one week I will give one private lesson with each class ticket; classes Tuesday and Saturday evenings; select reception every Thursday evening; 50c per couple; special attention given to private lessons. 911 N. Vandeventer av.

DANCING—Private lessons by competent instructor; location, 4600 west; terms reasonable. Ad. Y 69, Post-Dispatch.

LEARN TODANCE FOR $3.
Prof. De Honey will sell you a full term of three months in classes for $3 to all entering this week, or will teach you the waltz and two-step perfectly in private lessons for $2; each lesson receives the Professor's entire attention, with music; avoid interior teachers; call on Prof. De Honey, who is acknowledged to be the best dancer and instructor in the city, and will teach you all the latest and popular dances in one term; take advantage of these prices; call at once, day or eve., at my private lessons academy, 2827 Olive st.

CLAIRVOYANTS.
14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

CHILD MEDIUM tells you everything, asks you questions. 910 N. 12th st., near Franklin. 25c.

SAXON, Clairvoyant, Business Medium—Accurate advice on life's affairs; 25c. 2326 Franklin av.

MME. ANNA, the best known fortune teller of the West. 326 Market st.; established 1861.

MAGNETIC HEALING.
14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

PROF. J. MUELLER,
The Great Swiss Magnetic Healer and Masseur
Cures all chronic and acute diseases; consultation and advice free. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.; Sundays, 10 a. m. to 2 p. m. 2 miles north of Bridge Park, Rock Road car. St. Louis, Mo. Telephone Sidney 245.

FOR LEASE.
510 and 512 Washington Av.
LATELY OCCUPIED BY
The Ryan & Clarkson Dry Goods Co.,
Fronting 46 feet on Washington av. by 150 feet in depth to St. Charles st. Eight Stories, including Basement.
Contains over 45,000 square feet floor space. In first-class condition for immediate occupancy.
Apply to
A. D. CUNNINGHAM, Sec'y,
ROOM 507, 421 OLIVE ST.

PERSONAL.
14 Words or Less, 30 Cents.

PERSONAL—Lois: Where are you? Write by mail, general delivery. George. S.

MATRIMONIAL.
14 Words or Less, 30 Cents.

MATRIMONY—A widow of 40 would like to meet a true-hearted gentleman with some means; object, matrimony. Ad. F 67, Post-Dispatch.

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.
14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

ADVICE free by able and responsible lawyers who practice in all courts; divorces quietly and legally obtained at reasonable charges; damages secured for injuries to persons or property; discharges in bankruptcy speedily procured; collection department; branch offices in other States established 18 years; highest commercial and bank references. Missouri Legal Agency, 702 Holland Bldg., 211 N. 7th st.

A THOUSAND GOOD billheads for $1.50. Crole & Co., printers, 416 N. 7th st.

A1 PRINTING—Cheapest place in town. McGill & Co., 1110 Pine st.

DR. ANNA NEWLAND, 205 S. 14th st.; home for ladies before and during confinement; irregularities from any cause successfully treated.

DR. MARY ARTHUR'S monthly regulator; ladies save time and money by calling at 2907 Morgan.

DR. MARY ARTHUR, specialist; ladies' private home during confinement; trained nurses in attendance; best of medical attention; treats irregularities; guarantee success or no charge; infants adopted; write or call. 2907 Morgan st. Kinloch D 121.

DR. ELLA ALLEN, female specialist; special attention to female diseases; 18 years' successful experience; perfect seclusion during confinement; only private, reliable, incorporated home; those dissatisfied elsewhere especially invited; terms reasonable; will take one to work. 3616 Olive.

DR. MANSFIELD'S monthly regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women; have never had a single failure; longest cases relieved in 3 to 5 days without fail; no pain; no danger; no interference with work; by mail or office, $2. Mansfield Remedy Co., 167 Dearborn st., Chicago, Ill.

FREE treatment for private troubles, pimples, discharges, etc.; either sex. Medical Co., 107 N. 9th st.; Typewriters expelled; cure guaranteed.

LADIES—If in trouble, save time and money by calling at 2911 Franklin av.

LADIES with flat busts send 25c for infallible directions; will enlarge bust four inches in one month. Parisian Chemical Co., Newport, Ky.

LADIES—Dr. Anna Newland's Regulator never fails; try treatment free. 203 S. 14th st.

LADIES—My regulator never fails; one complete treatment free. Mrs. E. Starr, 2911 Franklin av.

LADIES—Free, harmless monthly regulator; call or write. Mrs. B. Rowan, R. 16, Milwaukee, Wis.

LADIES in trouble call; private home before and during confinement. Mrs. Meyers, 2018 Franklin.

MIDWIFE—Receives during confinement; home found for inf.; ladies in trouble call. 2340 S. 9th.

MRS. DR. MURPHY receives before confinement; try my safeguard and regulator; ladies in trouble call or write. 2123 Olive st.; also 1422 O'Fallon.

MRS. RENNEKAMP—Specialist; reliable private home before and during confinement. Call 2925 Franklin av.

MRS. L. HOTSON, ladies' private home during confinement; absolute protection and safety assured; motherly care; irregularities; success guaranteed or no charges; infants adopted; information free; ladies in trouble call or write; no sign on second door. 2201 and 2203 Olive st.

MRS. DR. HOGAN receives before and during confinement; homes for infants, if desired; call or write; strictly confidential. 2215 Olive st.

ADVICE FREE, DIVORCES A specialty; liberal terms, quick, confidential. Attorney, law offices, 1002 Olive. 2d floor.

RUPTURE
Cured permanently. No cutting, no pain. NO PAY UNTIL CURED. Consultation free.
DR LEWIN, RO. M 907.
HOLLAND BUILDING, 211 N. SEVENTH ST.

FURS. FURS. FURS.
Furs artistically remodeled and repaired in the latest style, positively at lower prices than elsewhere. Country work promptly attended to.
FRIEDMAN FUR CO., 716 Lucas av.

RUPTURE
Cured for $25.00. Home treatment; no knife; no syringe; no pain or detention from business. Our office treatment surpasses anything in existence; over 3000 cured; cure guaranteed; city testimonials furnished. Examination and consultation free. Rooms 620 and 621 Holland Bldg., 211 N. 7th st., St. Louis, Mo. BELL RUPTURE CURE.

BUSINESS CHANCES.
14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

BUSINESS CHANCE—Wanted, party to take half interest in private rooming house; rooms all filled; West End; owner will board. Ad. R 69, Post-Dispatch.

BUSINESS CHANCE—$100, half interest established inside business; bright future for steady, honest man. Ad. H 67, Post-Dispatch.

BUSINESS FOR SALE.
14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

BAKERY—For sale, branch bakery and confectionery; cheap if sold at once. 2901 S. Jefferson av.

BARBER SHOP—For sale, two-chair barber shop; cheap; on easy payments. 1703 Olive st.

BARBER SHOP—For sale, barber shop. Ad. F 68, Post-Dispatch.

CONFECTIONERY—For sale, confectionery, fruit, cigars and branch laundry; good reason for selling; bargain. Ad. M 67, Post-Dispatch.

HOTEL—For sale, three year lease, including furniture, on 23-room hotel in progressive Arkansas town of 18,000; two blocks of two depots; all regular boarders; good transient trade. Ad. K. M. Robinson, Pine Bluff, Ark.

RESTAURANT—Exceptional bargain for right party; good paying restaurant; will sell very low, owing to other business interests, which require entire attention. Ad. D 67, Post-Dispatch.

SALOON—For sale, on account of death of former proprietor, first-class saloon. 3149 Olive st.

STORE—For sale, small store, established 6 years, at a bargain; cheap rent; good locality. Ad. W 69, Post-Dispatch.

TAG FACTORY—For sale, or partner wanted. Apply 5435 N. Broadway, or 2033 Morgan st.

MACHINERY.
14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

Wanted.

For Sale.

MOTOR—For sale, 1 No. 15 50-horse-power 500-volt American Engine Co. multi-polar motor, shunt or compound wound to suit; 500 revolutions; 24-inch pulley; 10-inch belt; all complete, with sliding base (excluding starting box); make an offer. Purchasing Agent Post-Dispatch.

EDUCATIONAL.
14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

EDUCATIONAL—Wanted, teacher; lady or gent, to teach reading and writing, arithmetic; would like party living near 12th and Shenandoah. Ad. R 67, Post-Dispatch.

FRENCH LESSONS—Special classes in conversation for those visiting Paris. 4473 West Belle.

PATENTS AND PENSIONS.
14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

PATENTS, PENSIONS; advice free. H. D. & S. S. O'Brien, 420 Chestnut st., St. Louis, Mo.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.
14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

OFFICES
FOR RENT FROM $17.50 PER MONTH UP
IN THE
MERMOD & JACCARD BUILDING,
BROADWAY AND LOCUST.
The most central and eligible location in the city. Fireproof. every possible accommodation for first-class tenants, specially adapted for railroad and mercantile corporations, merchandise and other agents, lawyers, doctors, dentists and other first-class professions and occupations.
McNAIR & HARRIS R. E. CO., AGENTS,
ROOM 506, IN THE BUILDING.

CARLETON BUILDING,
Sixth and Olive.
For location, conveniences, light, ventilation, elevator service and all modern improvements, it excels all others. For space see
JOHN C. HALL, Agents, Room 501.

IMPROVED PROPERTY FOR SALE.
14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

A NEAT HOME FOR $1400
4318 Swan av., a neat, cozy, little home with three rooms, cellar, water and sewer connections; with lot 30x132; convenient to Suburban cars; will sell upon payment of $300 cash, balance monthly. HENRY HIEMENZ, Jr.,
614 Chestnut st.

FARMS FOR SALE.
14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

POULTRY RANCH—For sale, 1½ miles from De Soto, Mo.; 145 acres; 70 under cultivation; balance timber; 7-room frame house; large porch, continuous on south and west sides; also porch on east side; 15 buildings devoted to poultry; capacity 3000 broilers and 500 to 800 hens; largest building 112 feet long; arranged for chicks; large barn; bearing fruits, large and small; local train leaving depot every morning brings St. Louis market to your door; all trains stop at De Soto, this place is offered at a big bargain for a short time. Address for particulars D. M. Park, Agent, De Soto, Mo.

FARM—80-acre farm for sale; plenty wood and water; can be bought for $300. Address H. A. Paddock, Sullivan, Mo.

MONEY WANTED.
14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

MONEY WANTED—$2200 at 4½, on improved business property; gilt-edged; no agents or commission. Ad. G 67, Post-Dispatch.

MONEY WANTED—Party with $300 to join a new enterprise; plenty of money in the business. Ad. K 68, Post-Dispatch.

OPTICIANS.
14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

ALL eyes are not alike; Dr. J. L. Freund, expert optician; each eye scientifically examined free; best quality lenses used. 816 Franklin av.

EACH EYE scientifically examined free of charge by S. S. Dreifus, Optician, 1900 Franklin av.

STORAGE.
14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

ABSOLUTELY FIRE-PROOF STORAGE—New warehouse; Grand and Laclede ave.; for safe-keeping of furniture, pianos, pictures, trunks, boxes, etc.; careful moving, packing, shipping, etc.; money advanced; get our rates; telephone C 686. R. U. Leonori, Jr., & Co., 1219-21 Olive.

AMERICAN STORAGE & MOVING CO., 2315 Olive—Moving, packing and shipping a specialty; separate rooms. Tel Main 2531A. H. Langdale, Pres.

F. H. PORTMANN Storage, Moving and Packing Co., St. Louis and East St. Louis. Kinloch D 1247. Bell Tyler 269A. Office, 2801 Cass av.

SOUTH SIDE STORAGE & MOVING CO., 1901 to 1905 Sidney st.; telephone Sidney 235.

FIDELITY STORAGE PACKING & MOVING CO.,
1723-25-27 and 1729 Morgan St.
Branch office, 1005 Pine st.
Phones—Bell, Main 1174 and Main 263. Kinloch, C 942.

LANGAN & TAYLOR
2932 OLIVE STREET.
Storage, moving, packing and shipping. 'Phone Main 2058A.

LOANS ON PERSONAL PROPERTY.
14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

ALL loans on furniture, pianos or any good security done quickly and quietly; property left in your possession; loans made up in monthly payments, thus reducing loan at each payment; our terms are the lowest in the city. See us before going elsewhere. NORTH SIDE FINANCE CO., 207-8-9 Odd Fellows' Bldg., 9th and Olive sts.

ARE you a salaried employe of a firm or corporation? If you need money see Steiner, 523 Mermod & Jaccard Bldg., B'way and Locust st.

MONEY furnished salaried people and retail merchants without security; easy payments. Toreau, room 801, 211 N. 7th st.

EASY PAYMENT LOANS
On furniture and pianos; lowest possible rates; no publicity; discount if paid before due. Fidelity Brokerage Co., 914½ Olive st., room 1.

MEDICAL.
14 Words or Less, 20 Cents.

DR. MERWIN, 2323 Olive st., treats all ladies' troubles.

DR. BOHANNAN'S Vegetable Curative Compound is positively effective in all cases of seminal weakness. Lost Manhood, etc., the result of youthful errors and excesses, in two to seven weeks. Price, $5; trial size 25 cents. Dr. Bohannan, No. 622 Morgan st., St. Louis, Mo. Treatise and Confidential consultation FREE.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

CHICAGO, Jan. 3.—The indifference of Liverpool to the advance here yesterday of 5@5½c in wheat was a disappointment to-day. Traders and commission houses sold early, but at the decline the market became steady, as offerings were not large. May opened 1@1c off, at 70c, touched 69¾c, and reacted to 70@70⅝c. Trading up to 11 o'clock was quiet. Receipts here for two days were 118 cars, none graded contract. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 261 cars, against 320 last week and 584 a year ago.

Corn at the opening felt the influence of the break in provisions, also opening lower, at 33@33⅜c. Chicago receipts for two days were 1021 cars. Elevator people sold, presumably an indication of fewer country offerings, and there was also some liquidation by scattered bulls. The market steadied later with wheat, and reacted on on buying by shorts, May to 33⅝c. Up to 11 o'clock trade was rather dull.

Oats were featureless, but rather steady. Receipts here were 408 cars. May opened a shade lower, at 23¾@24c, and advanced to 24@24⅛c, holding steady at this price for some time.

Provisions were depressed by the liberal hog receipts and the decline in prices at the yards. Prices were somewhat irregular, and there was considerable liquidation of pork. At the decline the market was nervous. May pork opened 2½c and 12½c under yesterday, at 10.45@10.75. May lard 5c@7½c depressed, at 5.92½@5.95, and May ribs a shade to 5c@7½c under, at 5.85@5.70.

CHICAGO, Jan. 3.—Cash business: No. 2 red, 68@68½c; No. 3 red, 65@68c; No. 3 hard winter, 66c; No. 1 Northern spring, 67½@68c; No. 2 Northern spring, 67@68c; No. 3 spring, 60@67c. Corn, No. 2, 31½c; No. 3, 31c. Oats—No. 2, 23½c; No. 3, 23½c.

THE MARKETS.

MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE, Jan. 3, 1900.
The local market opened lower to-day in spite of advances in foreign futures; later trade firmed and interest became greater.
The visible supply being smaller than was expected ought to have had some effect on the market, but neither this nor the small receipts at all grain centers caused great advances.
The Weather—Fair and warmer to-night and probably Thursday. The berometer is highest over the Gulf States and lowest over South Dakota and New England Coast.
Rains were general in the Pacific Coast States and light snows in portions of the lake region.
The temperature also rises decidedly in the Central West and Northwest. Jacksonville, Fla., reports heavy frost.

Stocks of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	To-day.	Yes'day.	Year ago
Wheat	1,802,702	1,914,776	1,443,018
Corn	465,302	308,043	356,457
Oats	29,729	29,729	168,568
Rye	10,639	10,638	6,282
Barley	48,827	50,728	14,913
No. 2 red wheat	1,292,985	1,327,829	127,171
No. 2 hard	58,584	58,864	313,996
No. 2 mixed corn	314,202	305,158	138,554
No. 2 hard	115,247	110,806	146,209
No. 2 mixed oats	21,150	21,150	29,165
No. 2 white			22,231
No. 2 rye	6,850	6,850	2,078

Western Flour Movement.

PLACE.	Wheat. Receipts.	Wheat. Shipments.	Corn. Receipts.	Corn. Shipments.
St. Louis	16,500	49,870	52,000	56,866
Chicago	81,128	23,716	586,771	166,807
Toledo	4,900	6,000	36,036	20,000
Detroit	2,839	485	16,304	3,533
Kansas City	18,900	11,900	10,500	3,500
Milwaukee	37,800	3,700	35,700	1,700
Minneapolis	179,110	58,480	12,040	1,700
Duluth	42,008	20,583	787	

Western Movements of Grain.

	Receipts.	Ship'ts.
St. Louis	7,660	10,018
Chicago	52,054	57,406
Detroit	200	400
Milwaukee	700	9,985
Minneapolis		97,680

Export Movements of Grain.

PLACE.	Wheat. Rec.	Wheat. Ship.	Corn. Rec.	Corn. Ship.
New York	68,000	265,885	40,725	19,643
Baltimore	6,531		153,349	
Philadel'a	1,077	25,828	107,767	297,674
Boston	50,962	86,012	58,135	
Galveston	41,412	7,200	3,000	28,162

Export Flour Movement.

PLACE.	Receipts. Barrels.	Receipts. Sacks.	Shipments. Barrels.	Shipments. Sacks.
New York	8,182	11,146	5,479	16,198
Baltimore	16,832		28	
Philadel'a				5,000
Boston	7,424			

Sample Market Prices.

	To-day.	Yesterday.	Year Ago.
WHEAT.			
No. 2 red	72	72	72 @72½
No. 3 red	69 @71	69 @71	
No. 4 red	62 @68½	63 @67	
No. 2 hard	65¼@67	65¼	65
No. 3 hard	64 @65½	63 @64	
No. 2 spring	63 @66	65½	
No. 3 spring	63½	63	
CORN.			
No. 2 mixed	31¾@31¾	31½@31¾	
No. 2 white	31¼@31¾	31½@31¾	35
No. 3 mixed	30½	30½	35
No. 4 mixed	31	29½	
OATS.			
No. 2	24½	24½	28½
No. 2 Northern	24½	24½	
No. 2 white	25¾	25¾	
No. 3 white	24¾@25½	24¾@25½	
No. 4 white	25½	24¾@25	
No. 3 mixed	23¾	23¾	27½
No. 4 mixed			27¼

Chicago Close.

CHICAGO, Jan. 3.—Wheat—Jan., 68½c; May, 69¾@69⅝c; July, 70¾c. Corn—Jan., 30¾c; May, 33¾@33⅞c; July, 33⅝c. Oats—Jan., 22c; May, 23¾@24c.
Flax—Northwest, $1.48; Southwest, $1.48; May, $1.46¼.

WHEAT.

The feeling in the markets abroad was still bullish to-day, but the news of this country, though favoring this faction, did not cause a higher opening. The feeling afterward showed some sympathy with foreign markets and a firmness and some good advances were made, but interest lagged and bids fell off and for a time little attention was given any of the offerings.
The receipts at St. Louis to-day were 16,500 bu, compared with 24,115 bu the same day last year. Of these 22 cars were local, against 140 sacks and 27 cars a year ago to-day.
The local stocks in Chicago public houses showed for last week an increase for wheat of 104,000 bu. These stocks afloat and in store now include 16,491,000 bu.
There may be some good changes in wheat prices in the next few days, of Bradstreet's report shows a decrease in the available supply of as much as 1,500,000 bu, as it is feared. The European visible is reported as decreasing 800,000 bu.
The contract stocks of grain in Chicago for the past week show an increase of 137,000 bu for corn and 12,933,000 bu No. 1 Northern, amounting to 13,606,000 bu.
The Broomhall cable says: The market did not respond to the advances and firm closing tone in America yesterday, owing to the free offerings of arrived cargoes of excellent quality, old crop La Plata wheat, which was cheaper than the equivalent grades of American wheat on spot.
Wm. A. Rooke's Chicago letter said: Cables are bid up for wheat. The feeling here is for better values, if it can be accomplished.
May wheat on the local market opened at 71¾c, a loss of ¼c since yesterday's close. The future remained at this figure for some time, then gained strength, advancing to 72c and later to 72⅝c.
January and July were slow to open, the former not receiving even the usual bid and offered prices, while the latter, though offered at 68¾c, did not have a sale till late in the session.
Receipts and sales on both opened 3d up, closing unchanged for the day. Paris opened unchanged to 25c up, closing 15c advanced.
Receipts of wheat at primary points to-day were 383,283 bu, as compared with 392,000 bu same date last year. Shipments, 184,684 bu, compared with 250,000 bu same date last year.
Receipts of wheat at Minneapolis and Duluth to-day were 261 cars, as compared with 476 cars same date last year.

CORN.

Cables were 1d higher for corn this morning, but this had little effect on local futures, the openings being long put off.
Receipts at St. Louis to-day were 32,000 bu, against 53,650 bu a year ago to-day. Of these 40 cars were local, while 60 sacks and 48 cars were local the same day last year.
May was offered at 32c, while 31¾c was bid, then 32@32¼c was bid, but no sales were recorded at this time.
The local stocks in Chicago public houses for the past week showed an increase in corn of 339,000 bu. These stocks afloat and in store now include 3,520,000 bu. The contract stocks of corn in Chicago show a decrease of 5000 bu. The contract corn now aggregates 1,276,000 bu.
Foreign markets closed unchanged.
Receipts of corn at primary points to-day were 730,248 bu, as compared with 824,000 bu same date last year.
Shipments, 204,106 bu, compared with 437,000 bu same date last year.

OATS.

The cheap grain was a dull to-day with little change in the general situation.
The futures were neglected. Only for May in the early hours were there any figures recorded, a bid of 25c being made for this.
The receipts at St. Louis to-day were 34,800 bu, against 37,800 bu the same day last year. Of these 11 cars were local, compared with 31 cars the same day last year.
The contract stocks at Chicago show an increase of 22,000 bu. The stocks now aggregating 713,000 bu. The stocks in public houses for last week show an increase of 193,000 bu. These stocks, afloat and in store, now include 1,543,000 bu.

NEWS OF THE PIT.

To Arthur C. Peirl.
The small holders of wheat sold out at opening because Liverpool did nto respond more freely, but outside of that there is no pressure and any little buying will start her up again. Northwest receipts are light and on all weak spots think other side will buy.
There is better cash demand here for both corn and oats. Country offerings rather light.
Private elevator wheat stocks at Chicago are 136,000 bu.
Minneapolis wires: "Cash demand is fair at 66¾c for No. 1 Northern, 64¾c for good No. 2 Northern."
To J. W. Sandford.
Seems to be some demand 70c for wheat, but against puts.
COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 3.—Climate and crop report issued by local weather station shows wheat badly damaged by weather, having been no snow to afford protection. It is estimated that unless conditions materially improve next season's crop will not be more than 70 per cent of an average.
But little doing in corn. Seems to be little damage from East.
Wheat opens easier with those who bought yesterday the principal sellers.

RYE.

No. 2, 52c.

BARLEY.

Malting grades, 42@46c.

HAY.

Receipts—Local, 535; through, 235; shipments, 217.
Quotations for new stock: Timothy—Choice, new, $11.50@12.00; No. 1, $10.50@11.00; No. 2, $9.50@10.00; lower grades, $8.00@9.00; clover mixed, $8.50@9.50; No. 1 clover, $10.50; prairie, choice, $8.50@9.00; No. 1, $7.50.
STRAW—Wheat and oats, $4.00@4.50 asked East St. Louis; $4.50 this side; rye, $6.00@6.50.
BRAN—Sacked, 80c; East Side, 85c this side, at the mill.

FLOUR.

Patents	$3 45@3 55
Straights	3 10@3 20
Clears	2 75@2 90
Low and medium grades	2 00@2 65
Pearl meal, bominy and grits	2 60
Cornmeal	1 70@1 75
Rye flour	2 95@3 20

SEEDS.

FLAXSEED—Bid $1.45.
LAZOR BEANS—Steady at $1.12 per bu for prime.
CLOVER—$4.00@5.00.
TIMOTHY—$1.90@2.20.
RED TOP—Prime, $4; fancy, $5.00.

PROVISIONS.

LARD—Choice, $5.50; prime, $5.45.
PORK—New pork, $11.25; old, $9.75.
DRY SALT—Shoulders, 6¼c; extra shorts, 8¼c; clear ribs, 8¾c; clear sides, 8¾c.
BACON—On orders: boxed lots—Shoulders, 6¾c; extra short, 8¾c; clear ribs, 8¼c; clear sides, 8¾c.
BEEF—Mess, $8.50 per bbl.; dried, 12@15c.
SUGAR CURED HAMS—10@11½c.
LEAD AND SPELTER.
LEAD—$4 00@4.02½.
SPELTER—$4.02½@4.05.

ON THE STREET.

Post-Dispatch quotations are for car load lots in first hands unless otherwise quoted. Butchers, grocers and market men buy selected stock and pay higher prices.

FRUITS.

APPLES—Market active; good demand for choice fruit. Willowtwig, $2@3 per bbl; Winesap $2@2.75; Ben Davis, $2.25@2.75; Genitling, $1.50@2.50; Baldwin and Greening, $2.25@2.75.
PEACHES—Michigan, 40@50c a 1-5 bu basket.
PERSIMMONS—New, Wessling, $3.25@3.50.
ORANGES—Mexican choice, $2.35@2.75; Florida, $4@4.50; Russet, $3.75.
BANANAS—Port Limon, $1.50@2.
COCOANUTS—$35 per 1000, or $4 per 100.
GRAPE FRUIT—Jamaica, $5@7 per box.
STRAWBERRIES—10@45c per pint box.
CALIFORNIA PEARS—$2.75@3 per 40-lb box.
PINEAPPLES—Cuban, $1.50@2 per dox.
PEARS—Choice Keifers, $4 per bbl.
DRIED FRUIT—Scarce and in good demand. Evaporated rings, average receipts, 5@6½c; skins, 1@1½c; evaporated quarters, 4½@5c for fair to choice.

VEGETABLES.

CELERY—Fancy, 60@75c per bunch; home-grown, 25@30c.
LETTUCE—Southern, $2.25@2.50 a bbl; home-grown, 30@70c per bu box.
RADISHES—25@25c per doz bunches.
PARSLEY—Home-grown, 10c a dozen.
CABBAGE—Red, 1½c per lb.
POTATOES—Burbank, 44@48c; su orders.
TURNIPS—15@25c per bu.
CUCUMBERS—Hotheuse, $2.50 per doz.
SAUERKRAUT—½ bbl, $2; per bbl, $3.75.
HORSERADISH—New home-grown, $4 per bbl.
EGG PLANT—Choice Florida, $1.50@2.00 per doz.
TOMATOES—Florida, $2.50@3.25 per 6-basket crate.
NEW SWEET POTATOES—Home-grown, 65c a bu for Bermudas and 70@75c for red Nansemonds.
ONIONS—Yellow globe, 40c a bu; red globe, 50c a bu; Spanish, $1.65 per crate.
BUTABAGAS—35c per bu.
BEETS—Northern, $1.50@1.75 per bbl.
MUSHROOMS—50@60c per lb.
PEPPERS—Choice Florida, $4 per 6-basket crate.
CRANBERRIES—$6 per bbl for choice Cape Cod.
STRING BEANS—Southern, choice fresh, $2.25@2.50 bu.
SPINACH—Home-grown, on orders, 60c per bu, loose.
PARSNIPS—35@50c per bu loose.
SOUP BUNCHES—25@35c a dozen bunches.
POPCORN—1½@2c a pound.
CAULIFLOWER—$1.75 per crate for Californias; Eastern, $2.50@3.

BUTTER AND CHEESE.

BUTTER—Steady and a fair trade; supply fair.

Creamery—		Dairy—	
Extra	26	Firsts	20 @21
Firsts	24 @25	Extras	21 @22
Seconds	21 @23	Seconds	18 @19
Ladle packed—		Store packed	11 @12
Extras	18	Grease	3½@3¾
Firsts	17	Process—	
		Extra	20

CHEESE—Firm. Wisconsin—Full cream, twins, 12¼c; singles, 12½c; N. Y. A., 13c; Southern Wisconsin and Illinois—Twins, 10c; singles, 10¼c; Young America, New York full cream, 12½c; Limberger, 12½@13c; Swiss, 15@16c; brick, 13c.

EGGS.

Receipts, local and through, 1797 cases; shipments, 210 cases.
Sales at 17 cents a dozen.

GAME.

Quotations for undrawn birds. Drawn, 25c per dozen lower.
Pheasants, $6; wild turkeys, toms, 8c; hens, 8c; ducks, undrawn, per dozen: Mallards and red head, $3; canvas back, $7.50; green-wing teal, $1.75; blue-wing teal, $2; mixed, $1.50; drawn ducks, $1 per dozen less than above prices. Deer carcasses, per pound, 10c; venison saddles, per pound, 15c; woodcock, per dozen, $5; sandpipers, 25c; jack snipe, $1.50; English snipe, 75c; Wilson snipe, 50c; jack rabbits, $1.25; cottontails, 75c.
QUAIL—Select undrawn, $1.15; drawn soft and mush, less. Prairie chickens—Dark undrawn, $5.50; undrawn, $4.25.
FROGS—Large, $1@1.25 a dozen; medium, 85c.
LIVE POULTRY—Chickens: Old roosters, 5½c; young roosters, 5c; mixed chickens, 5½c; ducks, white, 6½c; dark, 6c; geese, 5c; turkeys, 7c; pigeons, 50c per dozen.
DRESSED POULTRY—Receipts light; little demand. Young chickens, 6½@7½c; lowest price for heads and legs on; turkeys, 8@9c; geese, 6@6½c; ducks, 7c@8c.
ROASTING PIGS—$1@1.25 per head.

NUTS.

PEANUTS—Red, 6½@7c per lb; 3½@4½c for white.
WALNUTS—35c per bushel.
PECANS—Texas, 7@7½c; Western, 6½@7c per lb.
HAZEL NUTS—2½@3c per lb.
BRAZILS—8@10c per

THEY FELL OUT OVER SPOILS.

Charles Miller Fatally Shot by Harry Horracks.

MAMIE WALKER WOUNDED.

MILLER HAD JUST RETURNED FROM THE PEN.

A Feast Was in Progress in Honor of the Event—A Quarrel and the Shooting Then Ensued.

Two men fell out over the division of an honest man's money and tried to kill each other Wednesday morning, before dawn, at 820 Market street, with the result that Charles Miller, alias Nash, professional burglar, who was released from the Penitentiary Tuesday at noon, was fatally shot, and Mamie Walker, who imperiled her life to shield him, was dangerously wounded. Harry Horracks, who did the shooting, escaped with Anna Baird, who sided with him against the others. The honest man, glad to get away with his life, left the men to quarrel over his property and fled before the shooting.

The honest man is alleged to have been lured to the rendezvous by Anna Baird,

CHARLES MILER, ALIAS NASH.
(The ex-Burglar Who Was Shot.)

where a feast of wassail was in progress in celebration of Miller's return from prison. When the honest man had been shorn and even before he had time to depart, a quarrel over dividends ensued.

The rooms occupied by Mamie Walker and Anna Baird are on the third floor at 820 Market street. The first floor is occupied by a dyer, who knows nothing about the occupants of the upper floors and is not disturbed by them, because he is not there at night. The three rooms on the second floor are occupied by women. Anna Baird and Mamie Walker have one room in common and one each exclusively. All of these rooms open into a narrow hall, where is the head of a narrow, rickety stairway.

Mamie Walker had kept count on a calendar, which hangs on the wall of the room she had exclusive use of, and knew exactly when Miller would return from the penitentiary. The days were crossed in the condensed calendar of the entire year that appears on the cardboard beneath the leaves.

HARRY HORRACKS.
(Who Did the Shooting.)

And January, 1900, was supplemented in hand-made characters. Every day was crossed up to and including Jan. 1. That was the last day of Miller's servitude, for he entered the penitentiary July 2, to serve two years, and under the three-fourth rule his term expired with the completion of Jan. 1. He was released at noon Tuesday.

Mamie had prepared great things for the feast. There was nothing too good on any lunch stand for the burglar-lover, and highjinks—that is, as high as the policeman on the beat would permit—were in progress when Anna Baird returned home about 3 o'clock with the honest man in her wake. The honest man was intoxicated. The feast was in progress in the front room. Mamie Walker and the burglar heard and knew when Anna Baird and the honest man entered one of the other apartments.

Now Harry Horracks, who was bidden to the feast, had not arrived on time. He was out making a call on his brother Benny, who is avoiding the police in consequence of that tally-ho robbery at Twenty-third and Cass avenue, Monday night.

Anna Baird had greeted the returned burglar and had partaken of the joys of the feast during the evening, but bliss was not unalloyed with her because Harry Horracks, who loved her, had not arrived. There was always danger that Horracks was at police headquarters when he was not on time elsewhere. But Anna Baird was attending to business when she lured the honest man into the house. Horracks followed them shortly and went in to greet his old friend Miller and ask about other friends at Jefferson City, as well as to acquaint Miller with what had taken place on the "outside" in the last 18 months.

The honest man was descending the stairway when Anna Baird entered the front room and the quarrel began. Horracks demanded a division of certain moneys by Anna Baird. The woman took exceptions to his demand, and they began quarreling. Mamie Walker, being a woman of much experience in such matters, interfered with advice. Horracks and Anna Baird promptly joined forces and assaulted—verbally—the fair woman. Miller deserted the flesh pots and beer can at this juncture and took the part of his hostess against the others. Thus was the hall of feasting transformed at once. Had the honest man been penniless the tragedy might not have happened.

Horracks made a rush at Miller. The Baird woman grabbed him and prevented the attack. The width of the room separated the men. Miller sprang forward just as the Baird woman stopped Horracks. Horracks drew a revolver, Mamie Walker sprang in front of Miller and Horracks fled at the latter. The bullet struck the woman. She fell, but sought to hold herself up and still to shield Miller with her own body. Horracks fired again. Miller collapsed and fell by the side of the woman.

Horracks and Anna Baird fled. Miller and Mamie Walker were sent to the City Hospital. The woman was shot in the left leg. The wound is not dangerous. Miller was shot in the right breast. The bullet penetrated a lung. Miller is not expected to survive.

PROBING THE SCANDAL

BOX SAID TO CONTAIN A BRIBE MUST BE SURRENDERED.

BLACKBURN IS NOW SECURE.

He Is Unanimously Nominated by the Democratic Caucus, Which Represents More Votes Than Necessary for Election.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Jan. 3.—Judge Cantrell of the State Federal Court this morning issued an order compelling Messrs. Loving and Speed, officers of the Louisville Trust Company, to deliver to officers of the court the box in the Louisville Trust Company said to contain $4500 in money alleged by Senator Harrel to have been placed there by John H. Whallen of Louisville to bribe him to stay out of the Democratic legislative caucus and use his influence to defeat Goebel's contest.

For over an hour after his nomination for United States Senator by the Democratic caucus of the Legislature last night, Jo Blackburn was kept busy shaking hands. Many of his friends from other States came to Frankfort to witness the action that restores to national public life the man who made such a gallant but futile fight for re-election in 1896-1897. The number of votes necessary to elect a Senator are only 70. Eighty members participated in the Democratic caucus, and only three Democrats were absent. Senator Hall is ill, but will vote for Blackburn when the date of election shall arrive. The names of Senators Alexander and Hays, who are supposed to be purposely absent, were hissed when the roll call was made.

The notices of contest filed yesterday by Senator Goebel and J. C. W. Beckham against Gov. Taylor and Lieutenant-Governor Marshall recite nine grounds for action, as follows: Use of tissue ballots in 40 counties; military interference at the polls in Jefferson County; issuance of Judge Toney's injunction in Louisville, which compelled election officers to sign false returns; intimidation of employes by officers of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad; conspiracy of Republican leaders with the Louisville & Nashville Road, the American Book Trust and other corporations, by which large sums were secured for illegal use in campaigning; court injunctions in Knox and Lewis Counties compelling election boards to certify to false returns; interference with voters by United States Marshals; importation of desperadoes for the purpose of intimidating the State Board of Election Commissioners and employment of militia in citizens' clothing for the same purpose; that Jefferson County Election Commissioners were forced, through threats of personal violence and incendiarism, inspired by the Louisville & Nashville Road, to sign returns which were not true.

The notice avers that any one of the grounds of contest are sufficient to change the result of the election.

Suit has been filed in the Franklin Circuit and State Fiscal Court by Mackey and Cochran of the Taylor Board of Election Commissioners against Charles B. Poyntz of the Democratic Board. The Republican Board charges that Poyntz has accepted pass No. 321 from the C. & O. Road and used the same since his appointment, and that under the Constitution he has forfeited his office; that the appointment of Fulton and Poyntz of the Democratic Board is illegal and that the Democratic members of the board have vacated their office and it has no legal existence.

John H. Whallen, who is accused by Senator S. B. Harrell of having attempted to bribe him by offering him $4500 to vote against Goebel in the gubernatorial contest, has given bond for $10,000.

Gov. W. S. Taylor yesterday submitted a message to the Legislature of over 7000 words, covering State affairs and presenting elaborate reasons for the repeal of the Goebel election law, which he called the "infamy of 1898 that had demoralized, disturbed and disgraced the State." He recited at length how many citizens had been disfranchised, and claimed that even after the ballots were cast there was injustice in counting the same, and in making the returns. He pointed out the great danger to the commonwealth of all the power at elections being vested in any one party to the exclusion of all other parties. The Governor recommends a new State Capitol buildings, stringent laws against lynching and all mobs, and the prohibition of the use as well as the sale of cigarettes.

SHOULD STATE OUR INTENT.

Congressman Roe Wants Announcement Regarding Philippines.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—Representative McRea of Arkansas to-day introduced the following resolution:

"That the United States hereby declare that their purpose in acquiring jurisdiction and control over the Philippine Islands was and is to secure to the inhabitants thereof, as soon as practicable, after the suppression of the existing rebellion therein, a free, independent, stable government, republican in form, and that the United States guarantee to said inhabitants protection against all foreign invasion."

Wedding Invitations

Correct in tint, form and shape, of best material and finest workmanship, at most reasonable prices, at Mermod & Jaccard's, Society Stationers, Broadway and Locust st. Call or write for samples and prices.

RAILROAD RECEIVERS NAMED.

Judge Thayer Appoints James Hopkins and Charles H. Chappell.

James Hopkins of St. Louis and Charles H. Chappell of Chicago have been appointed by Judge Thayer in the United States Circuit Court receivers for the Omaha & St. Louis Railroad Co., the Omaha, Kansas City & Eastern Railroad Co. and the Kansas City and Northern Connecting Railroad Co.

A cross bill in which the court is asked to take the same action was also filed by the Missouri Railroad Construction Co. The original application was made by the receivers of the Kansas City, Pittsburg & Gulf Railroad. The receivers of the last two corporations hold judgments against the three roads for which they had receivers appointed aggregating $500,000.

A Beautiful Woman's

attractiveness depends largely on the appearance of her hair. When it is thick and of a rich color she will always be attractive looking. The hair may be golden, black or brown, but when gray or faded hair comes then there is an appearance of age even though she may look and feel as young as ever. Under these circumstances gray hair is a draw back both to men and women.

Hair-Health

has been a blessing to many thousands of men and women (over three million bottle of this preparation have been sold in the United States, England and France during 1898) who are now enjoying a fine head of hair produced by this unequalled preparation for restoring, preserving and beautifying the hair. Hair-Health quickly cleanses the scalp, removes the dandruff and stops falling and breaking of the hair.

"ONE BOTTLE DOES IT."

That is the expression of many who have had their gray hairs restored to natural color and their bald spots covered with hair after using one bottle of *Hair-Health*.

It positively restores gray hair to its youthful beauty and color, and as a hair tonic we cannot be excelled. Hair-Health will not stain the hands or clothing. It prevents hair falling after much perspiration.

Hair-Health is sold by leading druggists everywhere. Price, 50c. and large bottle, or sent by express, prepaid, to any address on receipt of price, by the

LONDON SUPPLY CO., 853 Broadway, N. Y.

Remember the name, "Hair-Health." Refuse all substitutes. Money refunded if it does not benefit you.

TWO FAMOUS OHIOANS

EX-SPEAKER KEIFER AND EX-GOV. FOSTER HERE.

ON THEIR WAY TO COAL MINES.

Old-Fashioned Coat Worn by the Former Speaker Attracts Much Attention at the Southern.

Two distinguished Ohio Republicans were at the Southern Hotel Wednesday. They were Gen. J. Warren Keifer of Springfield and ex-Gov. Charles Foster of Fostoria. They came to St. Louis to look after some coal mining interests, which they have in Southwest Missouri and are seeking to develop.

Gen. Keifer was for many years Speaker of the lower House of Congress, but has not been active in politics for some time. After leaving Congress he retired to private life, and could not be induced to become a public character again until war was declared between Spain and the United States. He then accepted a commission as Brigadier-General. After peace was declared President McKinley asked him to go to the Philippines, but he declared he was not anxious to take part in warfare waged after the insurgent style, and resigned his commission.

Gen. Keifer is over 70 years old, but is remarkably well preserved and not only looks much younger, but is as active and energetic as most men of 20 years his junior. He has an eccentricity about his dress which his friends discuss with much amusement. In the cut of his coat he clings to the fashion of a half a century ago, and refuses to wear anything but the swallowtail of that day. It is not on record that he ever wore a Prince Albert, frock or sack coat. His dress always attracts attention about the hotel lobbies and wherever he goes, but he says he has become accustomed to it.

Ex-Gov. Foster has held nearly every important public office in the State of Ohio, beginning at the least and ascending to the Governorship. When Harrison was elected President he was appointed Secretary of the Treasury. When he left the Cabinet at the expiration of the administration he retired from holding office, although he says he is still in politics.

The coal lands in which he and Gen. Keifer are interested have been in their possession for 20 years. They and a syndicate of prominent politicians purchased them in 1880, before mining excitement ran high in this State.

"There were excellent prospects for us to get rich then," said Mr. Foster. "There was plenty of coal in the lands, but just as we began to work them, better coal was discovered by another syndicate 100 miles farther south. That injured our prospects and our mines have not amounted to much since. We are now prospecting for a better bed of coal than we found when our mines were first opened and have some hope of finding it."

BOUGHT BY MR. SCHULZ.

South Broadway Merchant Gets the Ryan-Clarkson Stock.

The stock of the Ryan-Clarkson Dry Goods Company was purchased Tuesday by Max Schulz, who conducts a large dry goods store at 1143 South Broadway, from Charles C. Lay, representative of the Marshall Field Company of Chicago. This splendid stock was acquired by Mr. Lay at the creditors' meeting last Saturday.

Both Mr. Schulz and Mr. Lay say the stock was bought very low, but refuse to give the purchase price. "The public will have the benefit of this great bargain," they say.

"I have the Ryan-Clarkson clerks at work," said Mr. Schulz, "marking down the price of every article in the house. The store will be opened as soon as possible and the enormous stock will be sold at retail at prices that will amaze the shrewdest shoppers. I can't say whether or not we will operate the store after this stock is sold, but one thing is assured—We will offer the greatest bargains the town ever saw while this sale is on. Nearly all the old Ryan-Clarkson salespeople will be re-employed by us, and their familiarity with the stock will enabe us to accommodate the public quickly when the sale is open.

"This purchase does not in any manner interfere with our store at Broadway and Hickory street, which will be conducted by me personally as heretofore."

"Put My Little Toys Away," next Sunday.

REV. MR. MOORE INSTALLED.

The New Pastor of Beulah Christian Church Takes His Pulpit.

Dr. W. A. Moore, the new pastor of the Beulah Christian Church, Hammett place and Marcus avenue, was installed Tuesday night in the presence of a large congregation embracing representation from all the Christian churches of the city.

The meeting was presided over by Dr. J. H. Garrison, editor of the Christian Evangelist. Dr. D. R. Dungan of Mount Cabanne Church delivered the charge to the new pastor, while Dr. A. J. Marshall, the city evangelist, charged the people. Both addresses were eloquent and impressive. Dr. Moore's reply was a clear presentation of the line of work he meant to follow, and on behalf of himself and wife tendered his thanks for the hearty reception accorded him.

Short addresses were also made by Revs. S. A. Moore of Compton Heights, Frank O. Fannon of the First Church, W. F. Homan of the Fifth, Baxter Waters of the Central, W. L. McFarland of the Fourth, S. M. Martin, State evangelist, W. H. Call, J. H. Allen and several others. An informal reception followed, at which refreshments were served by the ladies of the church.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething rests the child and comforts the mother. 25c.

DROVE AN ENGINE IN 1856.

Joel T. Clossen, a Veteran Railroad Man, Died of Pneumonia.

Joel T. Clossen, a veteran railroad engineer, died Tuesday afternoon at his home, 731 North Seventh street, East St. Louis, of pneumonia, after an illness of three weeks.

Mr. Clossen held the throttle on the first train over the St. Louis, Alton & Terre Haute Railroad, now the Big Four road, that entered East St. Louis in 1856.

He was born in Doylestown, Pa. He worked on the New York Central, the Michigan Central and the C., M. & L. R. R. While engineer on the New York Central he married Miss Eliza Rodgers, daughter of James Rodgers, a retired capitalist, of Watertown, N. Y.

Four of their nine children are still living. These are Mrs. S. D. Sexton of 719 North Eighth street, East St. Louis; Charles S. Clossen of 721 North Seventh street, East St. Louis; Fred Clossen of St. Louis, and Mrs. Kate Adams of Nyhart, Mo.

"Put My Little Toys Away," next Sunday.

Engelmann Botanical Club.

The Engelmann Botanical Club will meet at the St. Louis Medical College, 1806 Locust street, Thursday evening, at 8 o'clock. The officers for the coming year will be elected. The retiring president will deliver an address and the secretary and treasurer and standing committees will report. H. F. Roberts will give a demonstration on the methods for studying minute structure of plants, illustrated by microscopic specimens. Any one interested is welcome.

Inferior Glasses Are Harmful,

While good lenses, properly fitted, preserve the eyes. Dr. Bond, expert optician at Mermod & Jaccard's, Broadway and Locust, will examine your eyes without charge, and fit you properly. Steel frames, $1 and up; gold, $5 and up.

A Badly Sprained Arm.

HOUSTON, Texas.

DR. RADWAY & CO.—Dear Sirs: August 25th last I had a badly sprained arm. After using six different (what were called) remedies, I never got relief till I used Radway's Ready Relief, which eased the pain at once and cured me in two days. My father, who is 56 years old, says: "Radway's Ready Relief and Radway's Pills are the best of all medicines." We keep them in the house the year round. Respectfully,

THOS. HANSBOROUGH, Special Police, City Hall.

R R R

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

A Cure for all Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Influenza, Bronchitis, Pneumonia, Swelling of the Joints, Lumbago, Inflammations,

RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA,

Prostrities, Chilblains, Headaches, Toothaches, Asthma, Difficult Breathing.

CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one to twenty minutes. NOT ONE HOUR after reading this need any one SUFFER WITH PAIN. Sold by Druggists.

RADWAY & CO., 55 Elm Street New York.

BRIEF NEWS ABOUT TOWN

Items of Interest Condensed for the Convenience of Busy Readers of the Post-Dispatch.

Who is it that with quip and jest
Meets the people's strong behest
And chuckles underneath his vest?
Our Mayor.

Train Kills a Woman.—Clara Clayborne, colored, 42 years old, was badly crushed beneath a freight train at Montrose street and the Terminal tracks, dying an hour later at the City Hospital. The woman was engaged in picking up coal and failed to see the approaching train.

Fife and Drum.—The following officers have been elected by the fife, drum and bugle corps of St. Malachy's Junior Knights of Father Mathew: President, Ed O'Rourke; vice-president, W. R. O'Connell; secretary, Oliver A. Morard; treasurer, William S. McAdam; captain of drummers, W. J. Kerwick; captain of fifers, Harvey O'Connell.

Warrant for Valle.—A warrant has been issued against Tom Valle, the negro who is accused of shooting Conductor E. C. Bell Sunday night, charging him with assault to kill. Valle still denies the shooting, although he has been identified by Bell.

Detective Smith's Mother. — Mrs. Catherine Smith, 52 years old, died Tuesday morning at her residence, 1421 Glasgow avenue, of typhoid fever. Mrs. Smith was the mother of seven children, of whom James H. Smith, assistant chief of detectives, is the eldest. The interment will take place Friday morning in Bellefontaine Cemetery.

Down Elevator Shaft.—Henry Huettermann, a teamster, fell down an elevator shaft Tuesday afternoon at the Grand Leader department store, suffering a dislocated thigh and several bad bruises. He was taken to the City Hospital.

Goes to Reform School.—George Winkeler, 12 years old, has been committed to the Reform School. Winkeler was arrested twice in one week on charges of grand larceny.

Spanish War Veterans.—Officers-elect of Camp Hamilton Fish, Jr., No. 3, Service Men of the Spanish War, were installed at Druid's Hall Tuesday night. A number of applications for membership were received.

To Improve King's Highway.—The Board of Public Improvements has announced its readiness to frame an ordinance in conjunction with the Municipal Assembly for the improvement of King's Highway from Lindell boulevard to Easton avenue.

Called on Ziegenhein.—Members of the Board of Public Improvements made their annual New Year's call on Mayor Ziegenhein Tuesday afternoon.

Lectured on Church History.—Rev. A. W. Jenks, professor of ecclesiastical history in the Nashotah House at Nashotah, Wis., lectured to a good audience at Schuyler Memorial House Tuesday night on the history of the Church of England.

Trouble About a Ring.—William Bersle is under arrest on the charge of stealing a diamond ring from Miss Lily Pilz of 2530 South Jefferson avenue. Miss Pilz is a niece of Bersle. He denies the theft.

Advance in Wages.—A meeting was held at Walhalla Hall Tuesday night by Local Union No. 1 of the Tobacco Workers' International Union, at which an advance in wages in certain departments was determined upon. A special flight, it is said, will be made on the trust factories.

Concert and Drill.—The sixth concert of the winter series will be given Wednesday evening at the Armory by Seymour's First Regiment Band, N. G. M., at 8 o'clock. Company A, Capt. G. F. A. Brueggeman commanding, will give an exhibition drill.

Christian Social Union.—A service will be held Wednesday evening at Christ Church Cathedral, which will be devoted especially to the interests of the Christian Social Union.

En Route to Brazil.—Miss Axtell of Kansas arrived in St. Louis Wednesday morning, en route to Brazil, where she will labor as a missionary. She was welcomed to St. Louis by the officers of the Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions, and is a guest of Mrs. L. W. Manning.

WANTED—THREE EXPERIENCED JEWELRY AND SILVERWARE SALESMEN.

Must be well acquainted locally. Only first-class men need apply. Splendid, permanent positions for the right parties. Mermod & Jaccard's, Broadway, corner Locust street.

SADDLES FOR THE QUEEN.

St. Louis Firm Is Making Equipment for the British Cavalry.

St. Louis merchants have taken contracts to furnish a considerable portion of the equipment of the British cavalry troops now being sent to South Africa. One-half of the saddles and bridles used to equip the re-enforcements will be made here. The order has practically been filled and the goods will be on their way to South Africa within a few days.

It is said that one St. Louis saddlery house will furnish the Queen's troops with nearly $60,000 worth of saddles and bridles. The contract was originally awarded E. F. Hutchings, a saddlery manufacturer of Winnipeg, Manitoba, but as he was unable to fill it within the time specified he sublet the contract to American manufacturers.

St. Louis, Chicago and Cincinnati manufacturers were chosen to furnish the equipment, but St. Louis' superior facilities enabled it to get orders for twice as much material as either of the other cities.

Mr. Phelps May Recover.

William H. Phelps of the Missouri Pacific Railway legal department, who has been critically ill at his home in Carthage, Mo., is now believed to be out of danger. He was threatened with an attack of appendicitis.

GAIL BORDEN EAGLE BRAND CONDENSED MILK.

FOR NURSING AND GENERAL COOKING.

SEND FOR "BABIES" A BOOK FOR MOTHERS.

Borden's Condensed Milk Co., New York

MR. BRYAN WILL SPEAK

NEBRASKA COLONEL TO ADDRESS RANSOM POST.

POLITICS CUT NO FIGURE IN IT.

Lecture to Replenish the Charity Fund, the Orator Donating His Services and Paying His Expenses.

Col. William J. Bryan has been selected to lecture on the "Problems of the Day" before the Grand Army men of St. Louis. The discourse will be delivered at the Odeon, Monday, Jan. 15.

The idea to have Mr. Bryan deliver a lecture originated with Department Commander A. G. Peterson. It was presented to Ransom Post and unanimously indorsed. Col. Bryan called on Mr. Peterson Tuesday and final arrangements were made.

"There is no reason why people should be surprised at our asking Col. Bryan to lecture," said Mr. Petersen, Wednesday. "It has been said and reiterated thousands of times that there are no politics in the Grand Army organization. We do not care whether a man is a Republican, Democrat or Populist. He is eligible if he served in the Union Army during the civil war. Mr. L. M. Howell, a Bryan Democrat and Grand Army man, was in my office yesterday when Mr. Bryan called with his little girl. He was delighted to meet the Colonel. Judge Amos Thayer, Judge Daniel Dillon and a number of other members of Ransom Post are Democrats.

"This lecture is purely a business proposition and is being treated as such. Ransom Post does a great deal of charity work among its members and among the destitute families of old soldiers. The drain this year has been unusually severe and has almost depleted our treasury, so we decided to build it up again by giving an entertainment. Col. Bryan would attract more people than any other available man, and besides we were all anxious to hear him, so I wrote him in Austin, Tex. He replied promptly that he would be pleased to appear before the Grand Army men of St. Louis and especially assist Ransom Post in its work of charity.

"He did not state his terms and I wrote him again. He wired that he would charge the post nothing, and that he would prefer defraying his own expenses as he wanted all the money to go into the post's treasury for the purpose named. Tuesday he was in St. Louis. He called upon me at the store to tell me that he could be here Jan. 15. He asked if I objected to him speaking on the questions of the day. I told him certainly not, that he was at liberty to chose his own subject. I impressed him with the idea that the old soldiers would like to hear his views, and would not listen from a partisan point.

"Ransom Post brought Col. Watterson here several years ago for the same purpose for which it has secured the services of Col. Bryan."

INTOXICATION MUST CEASE

If Proven Against Police Officers They Will Be Dismissed From the Force for All Time.

Be It Resolved, That all officers brought before the board on charges of intoxication, if the charge be proven, shall be dismissed from the force, and that such officers shall not be eligible for reinstatement.

Be It Resolved, That the Chief of Police be instructed to prefer charges against all sergeants and officers in whose precincts and beats gambling is discovered, for neglect of duty, in failing to report the same.

The Chief of Police is hereby notified to publish the two foregoing orders, and the same shall be posted in all districts and read off at roll-call for the next 10 days.

By the above resolution the Board of Police Commissioners hopes to restore discipline in the ranks of its patrolmen. It was passed at Tuesday's session of the board after that body had summarily dealt with officers charged with intoxication on New Year's day.

Sergt. Edward Fox was dismissed from the force, as was told in the late editions of Tuesday's Post-Dispatch. Fox fired a shot at the Laclede Hotel bartender. He was attached to the Second District. On recommendations of Capt. Young Patrolman August B. Deatherage was promoted to the vacancy.

Detective Dennis O'Connell, who started a riot in a Chestnut street house Monday, was dismissed. His place in the department will be filled by Richard M. Joyce, son of Police Captain Peter Joyce.

Patrolmen B. J. Borgeld, Michael Szambek and probationary Patrolman W. J. Kippel of the Sixth District were fined $25 each for entering a saloon while on duty. Probationary Patrolman J. C. Murphy of the Seventh District was fined $50 for intoxication and cautioned. Patrolman John T. Sullivan of the North District was fined $99 for leaving the city without permission. J. J. McGovern of the Central District was fined $99 for intoxication and cautioned for the last time. Similar charges against Patrolman Frank Dohle of the Third District and Sam McHugh of the Tenth met the same punishment as was meted out to McGovern.

These are the heaviest fines in the aggregate that have been assessed by the Police Board.

ONE OF BLAND'S LAST LETTERS

It Was Written About Imperialism, and Will Shortly Be Printed in a Pamphlet With Mr. Byar's Speech.

In the second edition of the pamphlet containing Mr. William V. Byars' address on "Imperialism," which will shortly be issued by the Municipal Ownership League, will be found a supplemental page, on which is printed one of the last letters written by the late Congressman Richard P. Bland. The letter was addressed to Mr. Byars and its brief contents will be of particular interest just now. It reads as follows:

House of Representatives, U. S., Lebanon, Mo., July 22, 1898.

W. V. Byars, Esq., St. Louis, Mo.: I do not believe there is any danger of our party adopting a platform of principles looking to the single politics of land acquisition and colonial greed, to be supplemented and sustained with a large standing army and navy. I do not think the party is ready yet for suicide. Yours,

R. P. BLAND.

FRANCHISE FINALLY DENIED.

County Will Get Along Without Mr. Blessing's Electric Line.

The St. Louis County Court refused to grant the Blessing franchise Tuesday. The application has been pending some time.

John H. Blessing, the St. Louis promoter and stock brocker, asked a franchise for a system of double track roads to run from the western limits of St. Louis to Franklin County and the Missouri River, over three of the best macadam roads in the county. The scheme contemplated the surrender of over 100 miles of highway to railroad tracks.

How Many Cups

How many cups of flour do you use in a batch of bread? How many cups to a loaf? No matter how your recipe reads use one-fifth more water when you use Gold Medal Flour. You'll secure better results and more bread.

It's an established fact that Gold Medal Flour makes from 40 to 60 more loaves to the barrel than ordinary flour and over 20 loaves more than the highest-priced flour on the market. The average is forty loaves. Forty loaves at five cents each means $2.00 a barrel saved by the use of

WASHBURN, CROSBY'S

Gold Medal FLOUR

Take this into consideration when you buy flour. Then remember that Gold Medal Flour is made from the best Spring wheat grown in the finest wheat growing district in the world, and contains more nutritive value than any other flour milled. There isn't a question as to which flour the careful housewife will use if she stops to think. Gold Medal Flour is milled to meet the needs of thinking housewives.

WASHBURN, CROSBY CO., Minneapolis, Minn.

FOR 1900.

H & K

JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE.

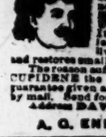
3-POUND CAN, $1.00.

Important Notice to Vehicle and Dog Owners.

All Vehicle and Dog Owners are hereby notified that their Vehicle and Dog Licenses for 1900 are now due and must be paid at once to the City Collector, and their license plate will be issued to them by the License Commissioner on presentation of the Collector's receipt. Respectfully,

THEO. D. KALBFELL,
License Commissioner.

Room 102, City Hall.



MANHOOD RESTORED

"CUPIDENE"

This great Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of the worst cases of those destructive habits, such as Loss of Manhood, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, Pimples on the Face, Aversion to Society, Exhausting Drains, Youthful Errors, Mental Anxiety, Loss of Energy, Failing Power, Lack of Confidence, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Bashfulness, Nervous Debility, Impediment to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Impotency and Consumption. Cupidene will restore you in a few days. It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of impotency. CUPIDENE strengthens and restores small weak organs. The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with Prostatitis. CUPIDENE the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 bottles does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box; for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

Address PACIFIC MEDICINE CO., P. O. Box 2078, San Francisco, Cal.

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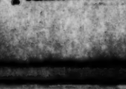
LILLY WEAVER IS DEAD.

When in Jail She Played Havoc With Men's Hearts.

The body of Lilly Weaver, who, as a jail prisoner, became engaged to six men at one time, is in the Morgue. She died Tuesday as Lilly Horner in the City Hospital. Acute gastritis, due to alcoholic stimulants, hastened the end.

Lilly was a neat, good-looking girl, with a home in Quincy. She came to St. Louis to work. She was employed by Mrs. Laura Clinton, at Pendleton and Page avenues. A Franklin avenue young man wanted to marry her. She did not have money enough for a trousseau and she stole. She was caught pawning some of Mrs. Clinton's silverware and sentenced to six months in jail. Three weeks ago she was employed by Mrs. J. Combs, at 3634 Maple avenue, where she was taken ill.



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